# The Fort Wayne Sentinel.

Vol. 11—No. 2. FORT WAYNE, Indiana, Saturday, July 13, 1850. Whole No. 398.

## THOMAS TIGAR,
EDITOR AND PUBLISHER.

*OFFICE—Over P. P. Bailey's Hardware Store, corner of Clinton and Columbia streets Third Story.*

TERMS:

Two Dollars per annum in Advance; Two Dollars Fifty Cents at the end of Six Months; or Three Dollars at the end of the Year.

No paper discontinued until all arrearages are paid up, except at the option of the publisher.

Advertisements inserted at One Dollar per Square of Ten Lines, for the first three weeks, and half that rate for subsequent insertions.

A liberal allowance made to those who advertise by the year.

JOB PRINTING

Executed with neatness, accuracy and dispatch on the most reasonable terms.



## The Knox Insurance Company.

FIRE, MARINE AND LIFE INSURANCE.

Capital Stock—$200,000!

*Office on Water Street, in Wises' Brick Row,* VINCENNES, IND.

THIS Company, having been duly organized and ten per cent. paid on the capital stock subscribed, and the balance secured by mortgage on Real Estate and by personal guarantee, are now prepared to effect Insurance against Loss or Damage by Fire, on Buildings, Merchandize, Machinery, Manufactories, and all descriptions of property; also, Merchandize and Produce in the course of inland transportation, the risks of the seas, &c., &c.; also, the Hulls of Steamboats, and other vessels and upon the Lives of individuals going to California. The rates of premium will be as low as those of any other RESPONSIBLE Company.

All Losses liberally adjusted and promptly paid. The stock of this Company is held entirely in the West, and controlled by western men, and in no way connected with New York

DIRECTORS:

Hon. R. N. Carnan, Vincennes;
W. J. Heberd, do.
Jno. W. Maddox, do.
Jacob Pea, do.
Samuel Wise, do.
Peter P. Bailey, Fort Wayne;
Thomas T. Benbridge, Lafayette;
Walter W. Early, Terre Haute;
Henry D. Allis, Evansville;
Simon Bottorff, Jeffersonville;
William Hughes, do.
Levi Sparks, do.
James Keigwin, do.

Hon. R. N. CARNAN, President.
SIMON BOTTORFF, Vice President.
C. M. ALLEN, Secretary.
W. J. HEBERD, Treasurer.

Short Life and California risks taken at this agency at extra rates.

PETER P. BAILEY,
v22 Agent at Fort Wayne.

## *Columbus Insurance Company,*

OF COLUMBUS, OHIO.

Capital paid in $300,000.

INCORPORATED IN 1832.

*JOSEPH K. EDGERTON, Agent.*

THE Subscriber, agent at Fort Wayne of this successful and responsible Company continues to insure on risks in Allen and adjacent counties.

This Company, since its organization, has paid nearly $200,000 of dividends to its stockholders. The losses have always been promptly adjusted and paid. The subscriber during the past year paid over $2,500 for losses on policies issued by him. All losses are adjusted at the agency where the risk is taken, and persons insuring in the Company may have full confidence of its ability to pay, and of its liberal, prompt, and honorable dealing with the insured.

JOSEPH K. EDGERTON, *Agent.*
Fort Wayne, Nov. 27, 1849. v22

## Protection

*Fire & Marine Insurance Company*

OF HARTFORD, CONN.

Capital Stock, $300,000.

THE undersigned, Agent of this old and well known Company is fully authorised to insure Dwellings, Stores, Hotels, Warehouses, Mills, Manufactories, Barns, &c. Also, Household Furniture and Goods, Wares and Merchandise contained or stored therein, against

LOSS OR DAMAGE BY FIRE!

Also, Dry Goods, Groceries, Manufactured Good Produce, Household Furniture, Live Stock, and every other description of Merchandize or Personal property, shipped or to be shipped per good steamboat, or boats, to or from points on the Western waters, or between Eastern cities, (via Lakes or other inland routes,) and any towns in the Western country, against the hazards of

INLAND TRANSPORTATION,

Also shipments of Goods, Wares and Merchandize, per good vessel or vessels, between New Orleans and Eastern ports—between New Orleans and other Gulf ports—between all American ports and English or European ports or to any maratime ports whatsoever in the Atlantic waters, against the

PERILS OF THE SEAS.

For terms of Insurance,—also pamphlets containing further information apply to

JOHN HOUGH, Jr.,
Agent Protection Insurance Company.
Fort Wayne, Jan. 16. 1850. 45y

## Not in the Combination.

THE CITY INSURANCE COMPANY OF CINCINNATI, one of the most substantial in the country, and operating on a capital as large and well secured as that of any other, continues to take risks against fire at the OLD RATES, not being in the *Combination* which has so greatly raised the premium required by other companies.

Payment of all losses made within sixty days after the loss has been acertained and established, *without any deduction whatever.*

E. F. COLERICK, *Agent.*
Fort Wayne, Jan. 26, 1850. 0f.

## New Drugs, New Year,

AND NEW ADVERTISEMENT.

JAMES. B. SHOAFF would respecifully announce to the doctors, merchants and others about to purchase anything in the drug line to give him a call. His stock it is not possible to enumerate, for no newspaper proprietor would attempt the job. A few articles and quantities can be mentioned, viz:

| | |
|---|---|
| 600 lbs. Eng. Calomel, | 600 lbs. Turkish Opium, |
| 500 " Blue Mass, | 300 oz. Sulph. Morphine s |
| 3000 oz. Quinine, | 300 lbs. Cantharides, |
| 600 lbs. Rhubarb, | 2000 lbs. Soc. Aloes. |

1000 lbs. Aqua Ammonia, &c., &c. in corresponding quantitie

PAINTS, &C.

| | |
|---|---|
| 10000 lbs. Ven. Red, | 20000 Sp. Brown, |
| 1000 " Umber, | 3000 kegs White Lead, |
| 20 bbls. Linseed Oil, | 100000532 Segars |

of the best quality, and a general assortment of Liquors of the best quality, which every body in Fort Wayne is aware of, even to the Druggist themselves.

CHEMICALS.

My stock of chemicals is composed of a greater variety than any store west of the Ohio river not excepting Cincinnati.

PERFUMERY.

The ladies have reduced my stock considerably, but I have a few more left, and expect a new supply soon.

This notice has been published for the public [illegible] the expense has been considerable [illegible] but looking to the patronage of a generous [illegible] shall never withold any advertisement [illegible] where to get "right" things at [illegible] prices. JAMES B. SHOAFF, Wholesale and Retail Druggist, [illegible] Under Odd Fellows' Hall.

DR. Hart's Vegetable Extract for [illegible], also Dr. McKenzies Elixir of Opium just rec'd and for sale by H. B. REED.

## *ARE YOU INSURED?*

NO EXCUSE NOW.

## The Lafayette Insurance Co.

OF LAFAYETTE, INDIANA.

CAPITAL $200,000.

THE Charter of this Company was granted Feb. 8th, 1836. They are now ready to insure all kinds of property, such as Warehouses, Churches, Academies, and Public Schools, Hotels and Taverns, Livery Stables and Tavern Barns, Country Stores, Flour Mills Lumber Yards, Iron Foundries, Breweries, Machine Shops, Tanneries, Saw Mills, Cargoes of Sail Vessels, Steam or Canal Boats, contents of Stores, &c., &c. Risks taken on Goods from all the Eastern cities to this place as low as any Company in the States. We now present to the good people of Fort Wayne an Insurance Company of our own state—an Insurance Company that in a very short time will take the lead of every other foreign company doing business in this State.—The question cannot now be raised; I do not know the company; it is a Yankee humbug.—Here we have the best men in the State of Indiana at the head and bottom of the Company; and another grand consideration to those who insure in this company, should losses happen and litigation and trouble occur, we have not to send East and receive just what they say wi l be a compensation to the loser. Here we have a Company located close to our own door. Lafayette, Indiana, with the very best of men as officers Directors and Stockholders.

The Stockholders of the Company are as follows:

| | |
|---|---|
| Joseph S. Hanna, | Jerome B. Cox, |
| John Purdee, | Martin L. Pierce, |
| Rudolph S. Ford, | William A. Potter, |
| Godlove S. Orth, | Mark Jones, |
| James Spears, | Thos. S. Cox, |
| Erasmus M. Weaver, | Edward H. Brackett, |
| Sam'l Hoover, | Peter Ball, |
| Owen Ball, | Lorenzo Cadwell, |
| Henry T. Sample, | Jos. G. Wilson, |
| Alexander Wilson, | Nathan H. Stockwell, |
| Thos. P. Emerson, | Jacob Walker, |
| Addison M. Cran | Chas. W. Bangs. |
| Daniel Brawyey, | James Howe, |
| John Lily, | Cyrus Ball, |
| Lemuel Devault, | Austin P. Linn, |

DIRECTORS.

F. S. Orth, James Spears, Jacob Walker, T. S. Cox, E. M. Weaver, N. H. Stockwell, Mark Jones, Martin L. Pierce, E. H. Bracket.

OFFICERS.

G. S. ORTH, Pres't, A. M. CRANE, Sec'y
E. H. BRACKETT, Sol. JACOB WALKER, Gen. Ag't

The undersigned is happy to present to the people of Fort Wayne and vicinity a company like the above, of which not the least objection can be raised, and can assure the public that the rates will be as low as all responsibe companies, and that all losses will be settled with honor or liberality and dispatch. He would also claim that it is a duty for each and every man who has property to insure to do it in a good company of our own State. Keep all the money at home; we need it as much as the rich Nabobs of the East.

CHARLES WHITMORE, Agent.

Also, General Agent for the
Washington Co. Mutual Ins. Co.
Hartford Life & Health Ins. Co.
Conn. Mutual Life Ins. Co.

Fort Wayne, Feb. 22, 1850. 3m34

## CITY Insurance Company

OF CINCINNATI.

Will Insure against Loss or Damage by FIRE,

*Houses, Buildings, Stores, Mills, Manufactories, Warehouses and Contents, Vessels in port and their Cargoes, Vessels building or repairing, Goods, Wares, and Merchandize generally.*

DIRECTORS.

| | |
|---|---|
| E. B. REEDER, | Wm. BURNET |
| GEORGE CARLISLE, | J. C. THORP, |
| J. M. BLAIR, | H. RAPER, |
| J. P. KILBRETH, | E. S. HAINES, |

H. L. HOFFMAN.

E. B. REEDER, *President.*
N. GREGORY, *Secretary.*

** OFFICE.—No. 8 Front street, between Main and Sycamore, Cincinnati, Ohio.

The subscriber has been appointed agent of the above company in this city, to whom application can be made for policies, pamphlets, information, &c., at Room No. 1 Court House.

EDWARD F. COLERICK.
Fort Wayne, Dec. 9, 1849. 28—tf.

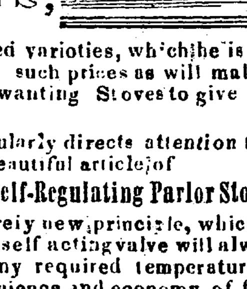
WASHINGTON COUNTY MUTUAL INSURANCE COMPANY. HARTFORD LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY. CHARLES WHITMORE.
Nov. 17, 1849 General Agent for Indiana.

## R. SUTHERLAND,

TIN, SHEET IRON & COPPER WARE MANUFACTURER AND

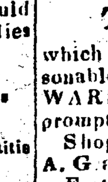
## Dealer in Stoves,

RETURNS his most grateful thanks to his numerous friends and the public for the liberal patronage heretofore bestowed on him, and respectfully informs them that he has now on hand a large variet



Parlor, COOKING AND Box STOVES,

of the most approved varioties, which he is determined to offer at such prices as will make it an object for those wanting Stoves to give him a call.



He particularly directs attention to a new and beautiful article of

Air-Tight, Self-Regulating Parlor Stoves,

on an entirely new principle, which by means of a self acting valve will always keep the room at any required temperature.—For neatness, convenience and economy of fuel, this tove is unequalled by any in the market.

He also received a full supply of

*Tin, Sheet Iron, & Copper,*

which he will make to order on the most reasonable terms. A genera assortment of TIN WARE kept on hand. Jobbing Mending, &c., promptly attended to.

Shop, on Columbia Street, one door east of O. A. Gray's Store, No. 18.
Fort Wayne, Nov. 24, 1849. 21

## Engines! Engines!

THE undersigned respectfully informs the public that he is now prepared to manufacture at his Foundry in this city, ENGINES of all sizes and patterns, and after the most approved styles. Persons wishing Engines will do well to give him a call before making permanent arrangements elsewhere. JAMES STORY.
Fort Wayne, July 14, 1849. 2

800 Lbs. Tartaric Acid and Sup. Carb. Soda of the best quality, for sale
H. B. REED.

## Marine Insurance.

THE undersigned Agent of the CITY INSURANCE COMPANY of Cincinnati, is now prepared to insure against loss or damage by the perils of SEA or INLAND NAVIGATION, Boats of all descriptions and their Cargoes, and on Goods, Wares and Merchandise generally.

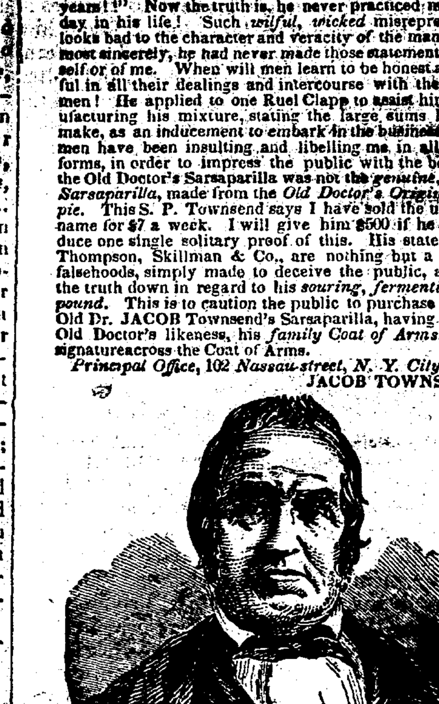
The above Company is not in the combination that have raised the rates of Insurance.

EDWARD F. COLERICK, Agent.
Fort Wayne, April 12, 1850. 34

TRICKS OF QUACKS.

LET EVERYBODY READ THIS CAREFULLY.—There is a Sarsaparilla for sale in the different towns called S. P. Townsend's Sarsaparilla. It is advertised as the ORIGINAL, GENUINE, and all that. This Townsend is no doctor and never was; but was formerly a worker on railroads, canals, and the like—yet he assumes the title of Doctor for the purpose of gaining credit for what he is not. He says "he has attended two medical schools, and practiced for fifteen years!" Now the truth is, he never practiced medicine a day in his life! Such *wilful, wicked* misrepresentations looks bad to the character and veracity of the man. I wish most sincerely, he had never made those statements of himself or of me. When will men learn to be honest and truthful in all their dealings and intercourse with their fellow men! He applied to one Ruel Clapp to assist him in manufacturing his mixture, stating the large sums he would make, as an inducement to embark in the business. These men have been insulting and libelling me in all possible forms, in order to impress the public with the belief that the Old Doctor's Sarsaparilla was not the *genuine, original Sarsaparilla*, made from the *Old Doctor's Original Recipe*. This S. P. Townsend says I have sold the use of my name for $7 a week. I will give him $500 if he will produce one single solitary proof of this. His statements of Thompson, Skillman & Co., are nothing but a tissue of falsehoods, simply made to deceive the public, and keep the truth down in regard to his *souring, fermenting compound*. This is to caution the public to purchase none but Old Dr. JACOB Townsend's Sarsaparilla, having on it the Old Doctor's likeness, his *family Coat of Arms*, and his signature across the Coat of Arms.

*Principal Office, 102 Nassau-street, N. Y. City.*
JACOB TOWNSEND.



## Old Dr. Jacob Townsend,

THE ORIGINAL DISCOVERER OF THE

Genuine Townsend Sarsaparilla.

Old Dr. Townsend is now about 70 years of age, and has long been known as the *AUTHOR* and *DISCOVERER* of the *GENUINE ORIGINAL "TOWNSEND SARSAPARILLA."* Being poor, he was compelled to limit its manufacture, by which means it has been kept out of market, and the sales circumscribed to those only who had proved its worth, and known its value. It had reached the ears of many, nevertheless, as those persons who had been healed of sore diseases, and saved from death, proclaimed its wonderful

HEALING POWER

This GRAND AND UNEQUALLED PREPARATION is manufactured on the largest scale, and is called for throughout the length and breadth of the land, especially as it is found incapable of degeneration or deterioration.

Unlike young S. P. Townsend's, it improves with age, and never changes but for the better; because it is prepared on *scientific principles* by a *scientific man*. The highest knowledge of Chemistry, and the latest discoveries of the art, have all been brought into requisition in the manufacture of the Old Dr's Sarsaparilla. The Sarsaparilla root, it is well known to medical men, contains many medicinal properties, and some properties which are inert or useless, and others, which if retained in preparing it for use, produce *fermentation* and *acid*, which is injurious to the system. Some of the properties of Sarsaparilla are so volatile that they entirely evaporate and are lost in the preparation, if they are not preserved by a *scientific process*, known only to those experienced in its manufacture. Moreover, these *volatile principles*, which fly off in vapor, or as an exhalation, under heat, are the very *essential medical properties* of the root, which give to it all its value.

Any person can boil or stew the root till they get a dark colored liquid, which is more from the coloring matter in the root than from anything else; they can then strain this insipid or vapid liquid, sweeten with sour molasses, and then call it "SARSAPARILLA EXTRACT or SYRUP." But such is not the article known as the

GENUINE OLD DR. JACOB TOWNSEND'S SARSAPARILLA.

This is so prepared that all the inert properties of the Sarsaparilla root are first removed, everything capable of becoming acid or fermentation is extracted and rejected, then every particle of medical virtue is secured in a pure and concentrated form; and thus it is rendered incapable of losing any of its valuable and healing properties. Prepared in this way, it is made the most powerful agent in the

Cure of innumerable Diseases.

Hence the reason why we hear commendations on every side in its favor by men, women, and children. We find it doing wonders in the cure of *CONSUMPTION, DYSPEPSIA, and LIVER COMPLAINT, and in RHEUMATISM, SCROFULA, PILES, COSTIVENESS, all CUTANEOUS ERUPTIONS, PIMPLES, BLOTCHES*, and all affections arising from

IMPURITY OF THE BLOOD.

It possesses a marvellous efficacy in all complaints arising from *Indigestion*, from *Acidity of the Stomach*, from unequal circulation, determination of blood to the head, palpitation of the heart, cold feet and hands, cold chills and hot flashes over the body. It has not its equal in *Colds* and *Coughs*; and promotes easy expectoration and gentle perspiration, relaxing strictures of the lungs, throat and every other part.

But in nothing is its excellence more manifestly seen and acknowledged than in all kinds and stages of

FEMALE COMPLAINTS.

It works wonders in cases of *Fluor Albus* or *Whites Falling of the Womb, Obstructed, Suppressed*, or *Painful Menses, Irregularity* of the menstrual periods, and the like; and is effectual in curing all the forms of *Kidney Diseases*.

By removing obstructions, and regulating the general system, it gives tone and strength to the whole body, and thus cures all forms of

Nervous Diseases and Debility,

and thus prevents or relieves a great variety of other maladies, as *Spinal irritation, Neuralgia, St. Vitus' Dance, Swooning, Epileptic Fits, Convulsions, &c.*

It cleanses the blood, excites the liver to healthy action, tones the stomach, and gives good digestion, relieves the bowels of torpor and constipation, allays inflammation, purifies the skin, equalizes the circulation of the blood, producing gentle warmth equally all over the body, and the insensible perspiration; relaxes strictures and tightness, removes all obstructions, and invigorates the entire nervous system. Is not this then

The Medicine you pre-eminently need?

But can any of these things be said of S. P. Townsend's inferior article? This young man's liquid is not to be

COMPARED WITH THE OLD DR'S,

because of one GRAND FACT, that the one is INCAPABLE of DETERIORATION, and

NEVER SPOILS,

while the other DOES: *souring, fermenting*, and *blowing the bottles* containing it into fragments; the sour, acid liquid exploding, and damaging other goods! Must not this horrible compound be poisonous to the system?—*What! put acid into a system already diseased with acid?* What causes Dyspepsia but acid? Do we not all know that when food sours in our stomachs, what mischief it produces?—flatulence, heartburn, palpitation of the heart, liver complaint, diarrhœa, dysentery, colic, and corruption of the blood? What is Scrofula but an acid humor in the body? What produces all the humors which bring on Eruptions of the Skin, Scald Head, Salt Rheum, Erysipelas, White Swellings, Fever Sores, and all ulcerations internal and external? It is nothing under heaven but an acid substance, which sours, and thus spoils all the fluids of the body, more or less. What causes Rheumatism but a sour and acid fluid which insinuates itself between the joints and elsewhere, irritating and inflaming the delicate tissues upon which it acts? So of nervous diseases, of impurity of the blood, of deranged circulation, and nearly all the ailments which afflict human nature.

Now, is it not horrible to make and sell, and *infinitely worse* to use this

SOURING, FERMENTING, ACID "COMPOUND" OF S. P. TOWNSEND,

and yet he would fain have it understood that Old Dr. Jacob Townsend's *Genuine Original Sarsaparilla*, is an IMITATION of his inferior preparation!!

Heaven forbid that we should deal in an article which would bear the most distant resemblance to S. P. Townsend's *article!*

We wish it understood, because it is the *absolute truth*, that S. P. Townsend's article and old Dr. Jacob Townsend's Sarsaparilla are *heaven-wide apart*, and *infinitely dissimilar*; that they are unlike in every particular, having not one single thing in common.

As S. P. Townsend is no doctor, and never was, is no chemist, no pharmaceutist—knows no more of medicine or disease than any other common, unscientific, unprofessional man, what *guarantee* can the public have that they are receiving a genuine scientific medicine, containing all the virtues of the articles used in preparing it, and which are incapable of changes which might render them the AGENTS of Disease instead of health?

But what else should be expected from one who knows nothing comparatively of medicine or disease? It requires a person of some experience to cook and serve up even a common decent meal. How much more important is it that the persons who manufacture medicine designed for

WEAK STOMACHS AND ENFEEBLED SYSTEMS,

should know well the medical properties of plants, the best manner of securing and concentrating their healing virtues, also an extensive knowledge of the various diseases which affect the human system, and how to adapt remedies to these diseases!

It is to arrest frauds upon the unfortunate, to pour balm into wounded humanity, to kindle hope in the despairing bosom, to restore health, and bloom, and vigor into the crushed and broken, and to banish infirmity that OLD DR. JACOB TOWNSEND has SOUGHT and FOUND the opportunity and means to bring his

Grand Universal Concentrated Remedy

within the reach, and to the knowledge of all who need it, that they may learn and know, by joyful experience, its

Transcendant Power to Heal.

Principal office for the Western States,—Vine street, 3d door above 4th, Cincinnati, Ohio.

G. W. CALHOUN, *General Agent;* To whom all orders or applications for agencies must be addressed.

For sale in Fort Wayne by
JAMES B. SHOAFF,
*Only Agent for Allen County.*

## LAMP OIL.

A superior articles winter strained sperm oil. Also Tanners Oil, and Neet's Foot Oil for sale very low.
H. B. REED.

EXTRACT OF LOGWOOD, &c. &c.—Just received and for sale, Extract Logwood, Indigo, Blue Vitriol, Copperas, Fustic, Sulphuric Acid, by JAMES B. SHOAFF, Calhoun St.

N. B.—Prescriptions carefully compounded at all hours. 12


*From the Ohio Cultivator.*

## Mrs. Jones's Experience;

OR, THE ART OF LIVING EASY.

BY FRANCIS D. GAGE.

"I can't see for my life, how you get along so easy, Mrs. Jones," said the merry Ellen, her mother's nearest neighbor; your family is larger than ours, and you have less help—but you are always in time—come when I will, I find things in good order—no bustle, fuss, or confusion. Now we all work from morning till night, at our house, and our work is never done. There must be some witch work about it—some secret; do tell us, won't you?"

"Why, Ellen, I don't know that there is any great secret about it; all I can tell is, that I don't seem to work very hard, but some how I do get along very easy, as you say, with all that seems to fall to my lot."

"Well, we all know that, Mrs. Jones, and we know too, that you do more reading and writing than any of the rest of us, and visit the sick more, and find time for everything that's good,—oh, there is a secret, I know there is, and you must tell me all about it."

"Yes, Ellen, I will tell you all about it, for you're a real smart girl, and will make a first rate wife for our Fred, some day, but you must first promise to try and make my secret of practical use to yourself and teach every body else."

Ellen blushed, and almost wished she had not been so impertinent. But Ellen was a good, sensible girl, and was impressed with the idea that Fred would want a wife somewhat resembling his mother in domestic matters; so she stooped down and tied her shoe, to hide her confusion. Mrs. Jones laid down the cheese knife (for it was early in the morning), took up the baby which her kind heart and arms had taken home, and picked up a basket of green peas that were to be shelled for dinner, and sat down to nurse her little orphan to sleep, take the peas out of the pod, and tell her story.

"Well, Ellen, my secret is just this: when I go out to shake the table cloth, I always bring in a stick of wood; or when I nurse baby I shell the peas, or read my newspaper; or in other words, I economize [illegible] take two steps where one will answer, and try to do everything the shortest and easiest way. I pulverize saleratus enough to last a month at one time, keep it in a convenient vessel, and then it is always ready for use—no untying papers, [illegible] the floor and cupboard, no [illegible] or mortar to clean, but once; instead of beating my eggs with a knife or spoon, I have a whip made of pieces of wire bent in an oblong shape like a tassel, and tied with a bit of twine to a hickory handle, and I can beat the whites of six eggs to a standing foam in two minutes, as easily as you will in half an hour with a knife. Any body can make an egg whip that can whittle a stick or find a piece of wire, if they cannot afford to buy one. I only mention these things as samples of my time saving. But if you will not be offended, I will tell you a little story."

"Offended! not I. It's the silliest thing in the world to get offended, particularly at those who wish to do us good. The doctor often has to administer unpleasant drugs to effect a cure."

"Well, then, Ellen, I was out taking tea with a neighbor last week, and we went into the milk and cheese room to see the cheese; and as we came back we stopped a few minutes to chat in the kitchen; the lady told one of the girls she might make some flannel cakes, or griddle cakes, as some call them, for tea. She started off on a bound to her duty. First she ran down cellar and brought up the butter milk jar, holding almost a pail full; then she ran back for the eggs, untied a half pound of saleratus, scattered a spoonful on the floor and another on the table, rolled it and tied it up; next turned her butter milk out and spattered a new dress all about the waist, splashed it over the table on divers things, said 'oh pshaw,' picked up the saleratus from the floor, cleaned her dress, and caught a plate and ran to the meal room; came back with a heaping plate of flour threw it into the pan and stirred away, back and forth, till it all was submerged and all lumps. There was not flour enough; away she ran again, brought a little more; there was still not enough, and the third journey had to be made, in it was all dashed, and she stirred away till her face glowed like a pæony; all at once she thought of her eggs and broke them into the batter. She had forgotten the salt, and ran the fourth time to the meal room. Now her batter was to thick, and more butter milk had to be used, and consequently the saleratus paper had to undergo another operation. Finally, after much labor and toil, and expenditure of much time and waste of material, the lumpy batter was ready for use. But here was a new trouble; the fire that was just right half an hour before was exhausted; the griddle, which had been set on the stove in the beginning, burned rough, the kitchen and apte rooms full of the unpleasant smoke and odor of burnt grease—the cakes stuck fast to the iron—two messes were wasted before the griddle could be rubbed smooth; the dish cloths were all in sad plight, and the young lady had expended as much actual labor as would have prepared the whole meal, set the table and all."

"Oh, dear—that was me; anybody might know that picture! But how would you have managed."

"I should have taken my pan and spoon, put my saleratus into the pan, gone down cellar, and with my cup, which I keep in the jar for that purpose, dipped the butter milk without spattering it, into my pan; then broke the eggs carefully into the milk; gone from there to the meal room and sifted the proper quantity of flour in and stirred it carefully, thus beating the eggs while I stirred in the flour; dropped in a little salt and returned to the kitchen, all in five minutes, without having one thing out of place, except the egg shells, and those I should have removed at some other time. So you see instead af four journeys to the cellar, two to fetch and two to carry back, and four to the meal room, I should have done the whole work, saved my strength, saved the wear and tear of shoes, saved the soiling of my dress, saved the fire, the annoyance, and a good half hour for something else, and had a better mess of cakes for supper, into the bargain. And this is only one half hour saved in getting supper, by one hand. It took three that night, longer to get tea by one half, than it would have taken me to have gotten it alone."

"But, la me! here's the baby fast asleep—the peas are all shelled, and my story must be wound up, for it is time to 'whey off the curd.' If this bit of experience does you any good, we will tell you another story some day."

*Extraordinary Marriage.*—A Mr. Hopkins, of Lownds county, Miss., aged 56, recently married Miss Mathews, aged about 35.

What renders the alliance so extraordinary, is, that both parties are so afflicted with rheumatism that neither have walked a step in twenty-five years, and the bride is unable to dress or undress herself. The reason assigned by Mr. H. for marrying Miss M. is, "that some two years ago he married a woman that could walk, and she ran off with a stage driver, and he wanted a wife that he was certain could not get off."

*From the Springfield Republican.*

## A True Story of Human Nature.

There once lived in a small town in Massachusetts an old woman somehow or other the old woman had accumulated quite a desirable little property. Yet she was an Indian, and was treated with cool contempt by her neighbors. She had no seat in the social circle, received no attention from those around her, occupied a back pew in the church; and down towards the grave she travelled, without friend or comforter.

Old Nance had but one relative living that she knew of, and he a wild, graceless son.—He was the terror of the village, and spent his time in any thing but a respectable way. At last the vagabond so worried the forbearance of his old mother, than in a hasty moment she resolved to distinherit him and leave her money to the church.

Accordingly she started for the house of one of the deacons, and made a clean breast of her troubles, and acquainted him with her determination. The deacon grew from a cool to a very amiable mood as she proceeded, and at last became profuse in his expressions of gratitude.

The will, through the agency of the deacon, was drawn; but the old woman, feeling a little compunction, had a clause inserted, which should make it void, provided the son should totally reform his habits. Secrecy was enjoined upon the deacon, who of course told nobody but his wife, who of course said nothing about it save to one or two friends, who of course spread it all over the village in the space of one day.

But the change wrought in the situation of old Nance was miraculous. 'Such a good old woman!' The nice bits from the best tables began to journey under neat napkins to her humble abode. On a rainy Sabbath, a carriage took her up to her door, and carried her to church, where she was kindly favored with a front pew, near the stove. Her praise was in every body's mouth, and her tottering form commanded respect every where. But she thrived remarkably under this treatment, and lived, and lived. In the mean time the son was looked on with more than usual distrust, and the poor widow was deeply commiserated on his disgraceful course.

Years passed away, and the kind attentions of friends were still continued to the widow, when, at last old Nance slept the sleep that knows no waking. A large funeral, one of the largest the little village had ever seen, attended her to her grave in the quiet church yard. There were tears shed above her bier, and pensions breathed upon her memory.

The funeral was past. The deacon, the squire, and a number of the village notables, were gathered in her dwelling, and in one corner of the room sat the sad and taciturn son.

'Squire,' said the deacon, 'I believe there is a will.'

'Yes, there is a will.'

'Will you have the kindness to read it?'

The will was produced. All was silent.—The will was read, in which all the widow's property was bequeathed to the church.—Many an eye sought the face of the prodigal son, but saw no change in his stolid features.

When the reading was finished the son arose, and drawing a piece of paper from his pocket, inquired the date of 'that ar will.'

The date was stated, and handing the 'Squire his paper, the portionless asked him to read it.

Alas! it was a will one day younger than the other. The fond mother in her weakness had told the son what she had done, and he managed to have a will drawn twenty four hours after the previous one, in which he was the sole legatee.

The assembled wisdom and disinterestedness of the vilage went home *thinking*, and the son had the pleasant satisfaction of knowing that his mother's last days were her best days.

Reader, this is not a fiction. It is but an instance of the weakness in our common natures which, in similar developments, comes before us with humiliating frequency, alike in the highest and lowest walks of life.

CONVICTED OF BIGAMY.—James Hardy, alias Rev. Matthew S. Aller, has just been convicted of bigamy at the Supreme Churt in Lockport, Judge Marvin presiding. The particulars of this case are somewhat curious, and are pregnant with warning. At the age of 22 years he made his appearance at Hempstead, L. I., in the character of a Methodist Episcopal Minister, and was soon married into a respectable family. Previous to this marriage, as is now proved, he had, in several instances, been a seducer, and ever afterwards continued the career of an unprincipled libertine. He ill-treated his wife, and finally abandoned her and his four childen. After leaving Long Island, he successively imposed himself upon congregations in Delaware, Lowell, Mass. and Kingston, C. W. In July last, he offered himself as a clerical candidate to the Presbyterian Church in Lewiston, and succeeded, by means of forged certificates, lauding his talents and piety, in obtaining a ministerial engagement. He preached with no little applause, although it was soon discovered by the discerning few that his sermons were mainly plagiarism—the patchwork of other men's labors. He floated for a while swimmingly on the flood tide of village popularity, and soon contracted marriage with the daughter of one of the most respectable citizens of Lewiston. But his superior personal appearance and his wily address could not permanently sustain him. Within a few weeks after this second marriage, evidence of his spurious character as a clergyman, and of his previous iniquities, came to light, and he was arrested and committed for bigamy. On trial, he pleaded guilty, and was sentenced to hard labor in the State prison at Auburn for the term of five years. A degree of precaution and scrutiny, such as is exercised in all the more important transactions of business life, would probably have saved the good people of Lewiston from so vile an imposition.—*N. Y. Courier.*

*The Tariff—Its adjustment—Old Zack and the Galphin.*—The friends of a revision of the Tariff, with a view to the establishment of a moderate and judicious system of revenue, have great confidence in the success of their policy, during the present Congress, if not at the present session. There is no doubt that the Tariff might, with benefit to some interests and perhaps with a due regard to the general interests, modify the present system. The cotton and iron and woollen interests are, it is said, much depressed, and, at the same time, freights are ruinously low. There is to be, according to some financial predictions, a panic about next January; and, in that case, there will be a considerable tinkering of the revenue tariff: especially should the Secretary of the Treasury insist upon supplying his anticipated deficiency, about which so much was said a while ago.

When the President first heard of the payment of the Galphin, he exclaimed with surprise, as it is said, 'Why, I thought Meredith was short of money.' After the appropriations for the next year are made, he will be rather short, no doubt, and must get some of the administration members to do his skinning at the [illegible]tol.

## THE BILL PAID.

BY MILLIE MILD.

Medical students may be proverbially 'hard cases,' for aught we know. Yet it cannot be denied, that few are more benevolent and kind-hearted, than these same hard cases are. It may be because they witness so much suffering and distress, that they become accustomed, as it were, to scenes from which at first they turned away, unable to witness.

A few years ago, we happened to be in the company of a number of students, from one of which we heard the following story.—

It was on a cold Christmas morning, in the year 18—a medical student whom I will call Rush Rudder, was proceeding on his way to meet some fellow students in the beautiful little village of Richmond, where, forgetting books and studies, they had intended to spend the anniversary of the day, which brought peace and good will to men. As he was passing through one of those narrow streets in the northern part of the city, he met a small girl, weeping as if her heart would break. The crowd passed on without noticing her; but when the poor student saw her, his heart was touched, and he could not pass without inquiring the cause of her grief.

'Oh sir,' she answered him, 'it is not for myself I care, but mother is so sick, and she sent me to the tailor for whom she works, but he would not pay me.'

'Where does your mother live?' he asked, after he had listened to her plain story. The little girl led him into a small house, where lay a sick woman laboring under great debility, and rapidly sinking for want of proper nourishment.

Ever and anon could be heard the laugh of passers by, clad in furs and well protected protected from the keen blasts of Boreas, as they joined in the merry making of that festive day—and the sick woman would sigh as their merry laugh fell upon her ears. It may be, her mind reverted to her happier days.—Such thoughts will often steal upon the distressed, however much they guard themselves against it.

'I will get you some medicine, which I hope will do you good,' said the student. 'But, no matter about that,' said he, knowing full well what she was about to say. 'No matter, you can pay me when you get money enough to spare,' and without waiting to hear any objection on her part, he wished her a good day, promising to call again. So much time had elapsed while the student was thus engaged, that it was too late for him to meet his friends, as at starting in the morning he had intended.

Every morning a supply of food and medicine was sent to the poor woman, who, under proper nourishment, rapidly improved until convalescent; and every day did the student wend his way to his patient, to inquire how she did.

The commencement of the University took place, and Rush Rudder received his diploma with honor. Time rolled on, Mr., now Rush Rudder, M. D., was attending to the arduous duties of his profession in his native city, Cincinnati, when one fine morning, several years after he had left the University, a splendid coach drove up to the door, and a beautiful female entered his office. The young physician lifted up his eyes from the books he had been reading, he fancied he had seen that face before, but when, or how, or where, he knew not.

'I have come sir,' said she, 'to pay you for medicine received from you long, long ago.'

'When did you receive the medicines?' asked the Doctor in a business manner, (but it was a counterfeit.)

'On a cold Christmas morning, in the year 18—, you met a poor girl crying in the city of Philadelphia, you spoke kindly to her, following her to her sick mother, and purchased food and medicine until she recovered. That poor sick woman, was the only daughter of a wealthy gentleman, but marrying contrary to her father's wish, he banished her from his house. Her husband soon died, and she was forced to support herself and child by her needle, but unused to labor, days and nights of toil were too much for her, and she sunk beneath the task; and had it not been for you she must have died, and her daughter exposed to the charities of a cold, heartless world; yea, to all the temptations which helpless females are subject in our large cities. Her father died shortly after her recovery, without a will, consequently she fell heir to all his vast estate. Kind sir that woman was my mother, and I am the little girl you spoke so kindly to."

The rest of my story is soon told. They were married, Dr. Rudder and the wealthy heiress. And if you ever visit the city of Cincinnati, you may see the beautiful house where Rush Rudder has retired from practice; still he pursues the study of his favorite science, and much are we indebted to him for his researches in he field of Medicines.—*Messenger and Gleaner.*

*No Enjoyment from Ill Gotten Wealth.*—If a man is a fool to expect wealth by dishonest means, he is a still greater fool if he expects that wealth so acquired, will afford him any enjoyment. Enjoyment did I say? What! enjoyment for you—you who have attained wealth by falsehood—by deception—by extortion—by oppression—you expect enjoyment? Listen—listen to the hearty denunciations of all honest men? to the awful imprecations of those you have injured; to the reproaches of your family, whose name you have dishonored, to the accusations of that conscience whose voice you have stifled, and to the wrathful thunder of that heaven whose laws you have outraged! Listen to those—these are the enjoyments that will attend your ill-gotten wealth: 'He that getteth riches, and not by right, shall leave them in the midst of his days, and at the end shall be a fool.'

*Light and Heat from Water.—Another Discoverer.*—While Mr. Paine has been talking about producing light and heat, by decomposing water, a Frenchman, Joseph Pierre Gallard, has taken out a patent in France, dated Nov. 22, 1849, which, as described in the London Patent Journal, is an improvement similar to Paine's alleged great discovery, of producing, by mechanical means, pure oxygen and hydrogen at opposite poles, in separate gas someters. Mr. G's. discovery seems rather, indeed, to go ahead of Mr. Paine's. Here is a description:—

The patentee's invention consists in certain apparatus and processes for producing hydrogen gas by the decomposition of water, and its application to heat and light. The means and processes by which he obtains this gas are: 1. By the incalescence (incandescence) of iron. 2. By carbon. 3. By magnets.

There is also a lengthy specification given, which contains descriptions of processes which are not claimed, and claims of processes which are not described.

*Pretty Good.*—A witty correspondent of the Richmond Enquirer, informs the editor that he has a claim for furnishing material to build Noah's ark, and says that he intends to employ Secretary Crawford to present the claim to Mr. Meredith, [illegible] allowed on the *Galphin* [illegible] will only ask the interest [illegible] in consideration of its being a rather antiquated debt.

*A Bit of Panic Spoiled.*—The N. Y. Courier and Enquirer having accidentally stated that "from some unaccountable cause, the amount of foreign immigration had experienced within the present month a sudden and unexpected decrease," the Washington Republic seized the occasion to prove the country was ruined by the low rate of the tariff. It exclaims:

Emigrants flock to our shores to find employment and remuneration. Though large numbers of them make their way at once into the interior to the western States, and occupy the public lands, still a large portion are compelled to wait in the cities of the seaboard to accumulate, by the savings of their daily toil, the amount requisite to enable them to defray the expenses of their further progress, and to enable them to procure the stock and implements, without which land is valueless. When employment is ready and abundant, when labor is well rewarded they come freely.—When the market for labor is sluggish, and its rewards decline, they postpone their departure from their old homes to a more promising season. When *forges and mills are closing on every side, and the operatives employed in them are turned out to seek such new employed as they can find, is it strange that emigrants should be deterred from coming to compete with them.* That the *depressed condition of manufacturing industry must operate to arrest emigration*, is a conclusion to be avoided only by supposing that those on the point of embarking for this country take no pains to inform themselves as to the prospect that awaits for them.

Unfortunately for these conclusions, the N. Y. Tribune, a zealous protectionist is an accidental paragraph, knocks the premises of the logic over, by showing that immigration, so far from having decreasd, has increased 12 per cent. It says:

The arrival in May were 42,000, or nearly 5,000 more than in the same month last year: the deaths for five weeks from April 27th to June 1, this year, were 1,208; for the corresponding month in 1849, not reckoning cholera, 1,461; *decrease* of mortality, this year, 21 per cent—*increase of emigration*, 12 per cent.—May this year has been remarkable for peculiar health and UNEXAMPLED IMIGRATION.

*Late from Oregon.*—Latest dates from Oregon are to the 18th April. The prospects for crops were fine, the amount of grain put in the ground being twice that of last year. Further explorations of the South Pass show its practicability, and its superiority to the nroth entrance to the Columbia River. Indian difficulties are apprehended.

Last winter we published some news from Oregon, the fact of an almost general desertion of the regiment of mounted riflemen, stationed at Fort Vancouver. In the Oregon Spectator of the 18th of April, we observe the following:

Gov. Lane has returned from the Umqua, having arrested and brought back some 70 or 75 of the deserters. Col. Loring continued the pursuit, but was obliged to return, having found two of bodies of the deserters. Strong fears are entertained that the whole band will have perished by starvation, ere they can be reached with provisions.

A difficulty occurred Fort Vancouver, on the 5th May, between a Mr. Short and Dr. David Gardner, in relation to a land claim, which resulted in the death of Dr. Gardner and a Kanaka, [illegible] in the Doctor's service.

The Governor [illegible] his proclamation for the Legislature to convene on the 1st of May.

A Holbrook, U. S. District Attorney for Oregon, had just arrived there.

*A Tight Place.*—It is not often that a lady gets into a closer squeeze than did the one mentioned in the following account. If the gentlemen was a democrat she was in the midst of three *loco* motives—all progressives.

'A little before 9 o'clock yesterday morning, as the train was going out for Newark, when rounding Bergen Cut, was closely upon a gentleman and lady, who were walking upon the track. The locomotive squealed and they jumped across on the other track—but horror! Just ahead was another train, from Ramapo, on this track, and the next moment would hurl them into eternity. They had no room on the outsides of either track from the embankment—and not knowing which train would pass first, were almost paralized! But the gentleman seized the lady who had nearly swooned—placed her on the narrow walk between the two tracks, embraced her dress in his circling arms to keep the cowcatcher from hooking it—and thus awaited their fate. The two trains passed them at the same moment, roaring and thundering on but neither the gentleman nor lady were injured—more than an awful fright.'—*Jersey City Sentinel.*

*An Oriental Embassy.*—On the 20th inst., his Excellency General Jung Bahadoor Koorman Ranagee, Prime Minister and Commander-in-chief of the kingdom of Nepaul, situated on the borders of Thibet; arrived in England, as ambassador extraordinary from the King of Nepaul to the Queen of England. His suite consisted of twenty-four persons, and he was charged with a letter from his King to Queen Victoria, and with presents, of Nepaulese manufactures, worth nearly a quarter of a million sterling. The travelling expenses of he embassy to England, were nearly 10,000 pounds sterling. They are all Buddhists, and to avoid contact with Christians, had the whole of the fore cabins and saloons of the steamer exclusively to their own use, and there they fitted up their own cooking apparatus. The General is a handsome oriental, very dark, 32 years old, and a great man in India. He dresses magnificently, and his manners are said to be polished and graceful. When they landed at Southampten, they would not go to a hotel, but occupied the Peninsular offices, and had their cooking apparatus erected in the yard. They are very mysterious about their cooking and eating. They are continually washing; fond of smoking, and of all oriental habits of luxury.

*New Cholera Cure.*—Dr. Macrae, in the hospital at Howrah, has, according to the Indian news, discovered a new and most successful mode of treatieg cholera patients. He causes them to inhale a certain quantity of oxygen gas which contributes a strong stimulating effect, and finally throws the patient into a refreshing sleep. On awaking, he finds himself restored to health, with the exception of a general weakness which always succeeds any physical prostration. Dr. Macrae had tested his mode of practice upon fifteen European seamen, who had been carried to the Howrah Hospital in the last stage of the disease, and the patient has in every instance recovered.

The Germans, says a paragraph in the New York Post, have recently taken a particular fancy to raising potatoes. The following is their method of producing the greatest food for the greatest number:

The potato is planted whole, without any preparation, only allowing a little more space than usual. When the plants have attained the height of the hand, they are cleaned and hoed as usual. When, however, the time for drawing up the earth around them has arrived the following process is adopted instead. The green stalks are divided and laid down by the hand on the flat soil in the form of the spokes of a wheel and covered with the neighboring earth—the operation being readily performed by placing the foot on the plant. Some weeks later the leaves begin to push through the soil when they are again laid down and covered with four inches of earth. This is all the labor required, and occupies about the same time as the ordinary [illegible] produces six times more [illegible] [illegible] stalks are covered [illegible] form of a wreath or chaplet.

THOMAS TIGAR,
EDITOR AND PUBLISHER.

*OFFICE—Over P. P. Bailey's Hardware Store, corner of Clinton and Columbia streets Third Story.*

# The Fort Wayne Sentinel.

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Capital Stock—$200,000!

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THIS Company, having been duly organized and ten per cent. paid on the capital stock subscribed, and the balance secured by mortgage on Real Estate and by personal guarantee, are now prepared to effect Insurance against Loss or Damage by Fire, on Buildings, Merchandize, Machinery, Manufactories, and all descriptions of property; also, Merchandize and Produce in the course of inland transportation, the risks of the seas, &c., &c.; also, the Hulls of Steamboats, and other vessels and upon the Lives of individuals going to California. The rates of premium will be as low as those of any other RESPONSIBLE Company.

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Capital paid in $300,000.

INCORPORATED IN 1832.

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This Company, since its organization, has paid nearly $200,000 of dividends to its stockholders. The losses have always been promptly adjusted and paid. The subscriber during the past year paid over $2,500 for losses on policies issued by him. All losses are adjusted at the agency where the risk is taken, and persons insuring in the Company may have full confidence of its ability to pay, and of its liberal, prompt, and honorable dealing with the insured.

JOSEPH K. EDGERTON, *Agent.*
Fort Wayne, Nov. 27, 1849. y22

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*Fire & Marine Insurance Company*

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THE undersigned, Agent of this old and well known Company is fully authorised to insure Dwellings, Stores, Hotels, Warehouses, Mills, Manufactories, Barns, &c. Also, Household Furniture and Goods, Wares and Merchandise contained or stored therein, against

LOSS OR DAMAGE BY FIRE!

Also, Dry Goods, Groceries, Manufactured Good Produce, Household Furniture, Live Stock, and every other description of Merchandize or Personal property, shipped or to be shipped per good steamboat, or boats, to or from points on the Western waters, or between Eastern cities, (via Lakes or other inland routes,) and any towns in the Western country, against the hazards of

INLAND TRANSPORTATION,

Also shipments of Goods, Wares and Merchandize, per good vessel or vessels, between New Orleans and Eastern ports—between New Orleans and other Gulf ports—between all American ports and English or European ports or to any maratime ports whatsoever in the Atlantic waters, against the

PERILS OF THE SEAS.

For terms of Insurance,—also pamphlets containing further information apply to

JOHN HOUGH, Jr.,
Agent Protection Insurance Company.
Fort Wayne, Jan. 16. 1850. 45y

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THE CITY INSURANCE COMPANY OF CINCINNATI, one of the most substantial in the country, and operating on a capital as large and well secured as that of any other, continues to take risks against fire at the OLD RATES, not being in the *Combination* which has so greatly raised the premium required by other companies.

Payment of all losses made within sixty days after the loss has been ascertained and established, *without any deduction whatever.*

E. F. COLERICK, *Agent.*
Fort Wayne, Jan. 26, 1850. 0f.

## New Drugs, New Year,

AND NEW ADVERTISEMENT.

JAMES. B. SHOAFF would respectfully announce to the doctors, merchants and others about to purchase anything in the drug line to give him a call. His stock it is not possible to enumerate, for no newspaper proprietor would attempt the job. A few articles and quantities can be mentioned, viz:

| | |
|---|---|
| 600 lbs. Eng. Calomel, | 600 lbs. Turkish Opium, |
| 500 " Blue Mass, | 300 oz. Sulph. Morphine s |
| 3000 oz. Quinine, | 300 lbs. Cantharides, |
| 600 lbs. Rhubarb, | 2000 lbs. Soc. Aloes. |

1000 lbs. Aqua Ammonia, &c., &c. in corresponding quantitie

PAINTS, &C.

| | |
|---|---|
| 10000 lbs. Ven. Red, | 20000 Sp. Brown, |
| 1000 " Umber, | 3000 kegs White Lead, |
| 20 bbls. Linseed Oil, | 100000532 Segars |

of the best quality, and a general assortment of Liquors of the best quality, which every body in Fort Wayne is aware of, even to the Druggist themselves.

CHEMICALS.

My stock of chemicals is composed of a greater variety than any store west of the Ohio river not excepting Cincinnati.

PERFUMERY.

The ladies have reduced my stock considerably, but I have a few more left, and expect a new supply soon.

This notice has been published for the public [illegible] the expense has been considerable 'tis [illegible] but looking to the patronage of a generous public [illegible] will not withold any advertisement [illegible] them where to get "right" things at [illegible] prices. JAMES B. SHOAFF,

Wholesale and Retail Druggist,
[illegible]—30 Under Odd Fellows' Hall.

DR. [illegible] Vegetable Extract for [illegible], also Dr. McKenzie's Elixir of Opium just rec'd and for sale by H. B. REED.

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NO EXCUSE NOW.

## The Lafayette Insurance Co.

OF LAFAYETTE, INDIANA.

CAPITAL $200,000.

THE Charter of this Company was granted Feb. 8th, 1836. They are now ready to insure all kinds of property, such as Warehouses, Churches, Academies, and Public Schools, Hotels and Taverns, Livery Stables and Tavern Barns, Country Stores, Flour Mills Lumber Yards, Iron Foundries, Breweries, Machine Shops, Tanneries, Saw Mills, Cargoes of Sail Vessels, Steam or Canal Boats, contents of Stores, &c.; &c, Risks taken on Goods from all the Eastern cities to this place as low as any Company in the States. We now present to the good people of Fort Wayne an Insurance Company of our own state—an Insurance Company that in a very short time will take the lead of every other foreign company doing business in this State.—The question cannot now be raised; I do not know the company; it is a Yankee humbug.—Here we have the best men in the State of Indiana at the head and bottom of the Company; and another grand consideration to those who insure in this company, should losses happen and litigation and trouble occur, we have not to send East and receive just what they say will be a compensation to the loser. Here we have a Company located close to our own door. Lafayette, Indiana, with the very best of men as officers Directors and Stockholders.

The Stockholders of the Company are as follows:

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| Rudolph S. Ford, | William A. Potter, |
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| James Spears, | Thos. S. Cox, |
| Erasmus M. Weaver, | Edward H. Brackett, |
| Sam'l Hoover, | Peter Ball, |
| Owen Ball, | Lorenzo Cadwell, |
| Henry T. Sample, | Jos. G. Wilson, |
| Alexander Wilson, | Nathan H. Stockwell, |
| Thos. P. Emerson, | Jacob Walker, |
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| John Lily, | Cyrus Ball, |
| Lemuel Devault, | Austin P. Linn, |

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The undersigned is happy to present to the people of Fort Wayne and vicinity a company like the above, of which not the least objection can be raised, and can assure the public that the rates will be as low as all responsibe companies, and that all losses will be settled with hoor liberality and dispatch. He would also claim that it is a duty for each and every man who has property to insure to do it in a good company of our own state. Keep all the money at home; we need it as much as the rich Nabobs of the East.

CHARLES WHITMORE, Agent.

Also, General Agent for the
Washington Co. Mutual Ins. Co.
Hartford Life & Health Ins. Co.
Conn. Mutual Life Ins. Co.

Fort Wayne, Feb. 22, 1850. 3m34

## CITY Insurance Company

OF CINCINNATI.

Will Insure against Loss or Damage by FIRE,

*Houses, Buildings, Stores, Mills, Manufactories, Warehouses and Contents, Vessels in port and their Cargoes, Vessels building or repairing, Goods, Wares, and Merchandise generally.*

DIRECTORS.

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H. L. HOFFMAN.

E B. REEDER, *President.*
N. GREGORY, *Secretary.*

*** OFFICE.—No. 8 Front street, between Main and Sycamore, Cincinnati, Ohio.

The subscriber has been appointed agent of the above company in this city, to whom application can be made for policies, pamphlets, information, &c., at Room No. 1 Court House.

EDWARD F. COLERICK.
Fort Wayne, Dec. 9, 1849. 28—tf.

WASHINGTON COUNTY MUTUAL INSURANCE COMPANY. HARTFORD LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY. CHARLES WHITMORE.
Nov. 17, 1849 General Agent for Indiana.

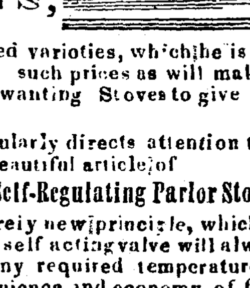
## R. SUTHERLAND,

TIN, SHEET IRON & COPPER WARE MANUFACTURER AND

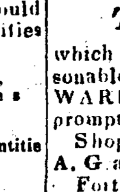
## Dealer in Stoves,

RETURNS his most grateful thanks to his numerous friends and the public for the liberal patronage heretofore bestowed on him, and respectfully informs them that he has now on hand a large variet

Parlor, COOKING AND Box STOVES,



of the most approved varieties, which he is determined to offer at such prices as will make it an object for those wanting Stoves to give him a call.



He particularly directs attention to a new and beautiful article of

Air-Tight Self-Regulating Parlor Stoves,

on an entirely new principle, which by means of a self acting valve will always keep the room at any required temperature.—For neatness, convenience and economy of fuel, this stove is unequalled by any in the market.

He also received a full supply of

*Tin, Sheet Iron, & Copper,*

which he will make to order on the most reasonable terms. A general assortment of TIN WARE kept on hand. Jobbing Mending, &c., promptly attended to.

Shop, on Columbia Street, one door east of G. A. Gay's Store, No. 18.

Fort Wayne, Nov. 24, 1849. 21

## Engines! Engines!

THE undersigned respectfully informs the public that he is now prepared to manufacture at his Foundry in this city, ENGINES of all sizes and patterns, and after the most approved styles. Persons wishing Engines will do well to give him a call before making permanent arrangements elsewhere. JAMES STORY.

Fort Wayne, July 14, 1849. 2

800 Lbs. Tartaric Acid and Sup. Carb. Soda of the best quality, for sale
H. B. REED.

## Marine Insurance.

THE undersigned Agent of the CITY INSURANCE COMPANY of Cincinnati, is now prepared to insure against loss or damage by the perils of SEA or INLAND NAVIGATION, Boats of all descriptions and their Cargoes, and on Goods, Wares and Merchandise generally.

The above Company is not in the combination that have raised the rates of Insurance.

EDWARD F. COLERICK, Agent.
Fort Wayne, April 12, 1850. 34

TRICKS OF QUACKS!

LET EVERYBODY READ THIS CAREFULLY.—There is a Sarsaparilla for sale in the different towns called S. P. Townsend's Sarsaparilla. It is advertised as the ORIGINAL, GENUINE, and all that. This Townsend is no doctor and never was; but was formerly a worker on railroads, canals, and the like—yet he assumes the title of Doctor for the purpose of gaining credit for what he is not. He says "he has attended two medical schools, and practiced for fifteen years!!" Now the truth is, he never practiced medicine a day in his life! Such *wilful, wicked* misrepresentation looks bad to the character and veracity of the man. I wish most sincerely, he had never made those statements of himself or of me. When will men learn to be honest and truthful in all their dealings and intercourse with their fellow men! He applied to one Ruel Clapp to assist him in manufacturing his mixture, stating the large sums he would make, as an inducement to embark in the business. These men have been insulting and libelling me in all possible forms, in order to impress the public with the belief that the Old Doctor's Sarsaparilla was not the *genuine, original Sarsaparilla*, made from the *Old Doctor's Original Recipe.* This S. P. Townsend says I have sold the use of my name for $7 a week. I will give him $500 if he will produce one single solitary proof of this. His statements of Thompson, Skillman & Co., are nothing but a tissue of falsehoods, simply made to deceive the public, and keep the truth down in regard to his *souring, fermenting compound.* This is to caution the public to purchase none but Old Dr. JACOB Townsend's Sarsaparilla, having on it the Old Doctor's likeness, his *family Coat of Arms*, and his signature across the Coat of Arms.

*Principal Office, 102 Nassau-street, N. Y. City.*
JACOB TOWNSEND.

## Old Dr. Jacob Townsend,

THE ORIGINAL DISCOVERER OF THE

## Genuine Townsend Sarsaparilla.

Old Dr. Townsend is now about 70 years of age, and has long been known as the *AUTHOR* and *DISCOVERER* of the *GENUINE ORIGINAL "TOWNSEND SARSAPARILLA."* Being poor, he was compelled to limit its manufacture, by which means it has been kept out of market, and the sales circumscribed to those only who had proved its worth, and known its value. It had reached the ears of many, nevertheless, as those persons who had been healed of sore diseases, and saved from death, proclaimed its wonderful

HEALING POWER.

This GRAND AND UNEQUALLED PREPARATION is manufactured on the largest scale, and is called for throughout the length and breadth of the land, especially as it is found incapable of degeneration or deterioration.

Unlike young S. P. Townsend's, it improves with age, and never changes but for the better; because it is prepared on *scientific principles* by a *scientific man.* The highest knowledge of Chemistry, and the latest discoveries of the art, have all been brought into requisition in the manufacture of the Old Dr's Sarsaparilla. The Sarsaparilla root, it is well known to medical men, contains many medicinal properties, and some properties which are inert or useless, and others, which if retained in preparing it for use, produce *fermentation* and *acid*, which is injurious to the system. Some of the properties of Sarsaparilla are so *volatile* that they entirely evaporate and are lost in the preparation, if they are not preserved by a *scientific process*, known only to those experienced in its manufacture. Moreover, these *volatile principles*, which fly off in vapor, or as an exhalation, under heat, are the very *essential medical properties* of the root, which give to it all its value.

Any person can boil or stew the root till they get a dark colored liquid, which is more from the coloring matter in the root than from anything else; they can then strain this insipid or vapid liquid, sweeten with sour molasses, and then call it "SARSAPARILLA EXTRACT or SYRUP." But such is not the article known as the

GENUINE OLD DR. JACOB TOWNSEND'S SARSAPARILLA.

This is so prepared that all the inert properties of the Sarsaparilla root are first removed, everything capable of becoming acid or fermentation is extracted and rejected, then every particle of medical virtue is secured in a pure and concentrated form; and thus it is rendered incapable of losing any of its valuable and healing properties. Prepared in this way, it is made the most powerful agent in the

Cure of innumerable Diseases.

Hence the reason why we hear commendations on every side in its favor by men, women, and children. We find it doing wonders in the cure of *CONSUMPTION, DYSPEPSIA, and LIVER COMPLAINT*, and in *RHEUMATISM, SCROFULA, PILES, COSTIVENESS, all CUTANEOUS ERUPTIONS, PIMPLES, BLOTCHES*, and all affections arising from

IMPURITY OF THE BLOOD.

It possesses a marvellous efficacy in all complaints arising from *Indigestion*, from *Acidity of the Stomach*, from unequal circulation, determination of blood to the head, palpitation of the heart, cold feet and hands, cold chills and hot flashes over the body. It has not its equal in *Colds* and *Coughs*; and promotes easy expectoration and gentle perspiration, relaxing strictures of the lungs, throat and every other part.

But in nothing is its excellence more manifestly seen and acknowledged than in all kinds and stages of

FEMALE COMPLAINTS.

It works wonders in cases of *Fluor Albus* or *Whites, Falling of the Womb, Obstructed, Suppressed*, or *Painful Menses, Irregularity* of the menstrual periods, and the like; and is effectual in curing all the forms of *Kidney Diseases.*

By removing obstructions, and regulating the general system, it gives tone and strength to the whole body, and thus cures all forms of

Nervous Diseases and Debility,

and thus prevents or relieves a great variety of other maladies, as *Spinal irritation, Neuralgia, St. Vitus' Dance, Swooning, Epileptic Fits, Convulsions, &c.*

It cleanses the blood, excites the liver to healthy action, tones the stomach, and gives good digestion, relieves the bowels of torpor and constipation, allays inflammation, purifies the skin, equalizes the circulation of the blood, producing gentle warmth equally all over the body, and the insensible perspiration; relaxes strictures and tightness, removes all obstructions, and invigorates the entire nervous system. Is not this then

The Medicine you pre-eminently need?

But can any of these things be said of S. P. Townsend's inferior article? This young man's liquid is not to be

COMPARED WITH THE OLD DR'S,

because of one GRAND FACT, that the one is INCAPABLE of DETERIORATION, and

NEVER SPOILS,

while the other DOES: *souring, fermenting*, and *blowing the bottles* containing it into fragments; the sour, acid liquid exploding, and damaging other goods! Must not this horrible compound be poisonous to the system?—*What! put acid into a system already diseased with acid?* What causes Dyspepsia but acid? Do we not all know that when food sours in our stomachs, what mischief it produces?—flatulence, heartburn, palpitation of the heart, liver complaint, diarrhœa, dysentery, colic, and corruption of the blood? What is Scrofula but an acid humor in the body? What produces all the humors which bring on Eruptions of the Skin, Scald Head, Salt Rheum, Erysipelas, White Swellings, Fever Sores, and all ulcerations internal and external? It is nothing under heaven but an acid substance, which sours, and thus spoils all the fluids of the body, more or less. What causes Rheumatism but a sour and acid fluid which insinuates itself between the joints and elsewhere, irritating and inflaming the delicate tissues upon which it acts? So of nervous diseases, of impurity of the blood, of deranged circulation, and nearly all the ailments which afflict human nature.

Now is it not horrible to make and sell, and *infinitely worse* to use this

SOURING, FERMENTING, ACID "COMPOUND" OF S. P. TOWNSEND,

and yet he would fain have it understood that Old Dr. Jacob Townsend's *Genuine Original Sarsaparilla*, is an IMITATION of his inferior preparation!!

Heaven forbid that we should deal in an article which would bear the most distant resemblance to S. P. Townsend's *article!*

We wish it understood, because it is the *absolute truth*, that S. P. Townsend's article and old Dr. Jacob Townsend's Sarsaparilla are *heaven-wide apart, and infinitely dissimilar;* that they are unlike in every particular, having not one single thing in common.

As S. P. Townsend is no doctor, and never was, is no chemist, no pharmaceutist—knows no more of medicine or disease than any other common, unscientific, unprofessional man, what *guarantee* can the public have that they are receiving a genuine scientific medicine, containing all the virtues of the articles used in preparing it, and which are incapable of changes which might render them the AGENTS of Disease instead of health?

But what else should be expected from one who knows nothing comparatively of medicine or disease? It requires a person of some experience to cook and serve up even a common decent meal. How much more important is it that the persons who manufacture medicine designed for

WEAK STOMACHS AND ENFEEBLED SYSTEMS,

should know well the medical properties of plants, the best manner of securing and concentrating their healing virtues, also an extensive knowledge of the various diseases which affect the human system, and how to adapt remedies to these diseases!

It is to arrest frauds upon the unfortunate, to pour balm into wounded humanity, to kindle hope in the despairing bosom, to restore health, and bloom, and vigor into the crushed and broken, and to banish infirmity that OLD DR. JACOB TOWNSEND has SOUGHT and FOUND the opportunity and means to bring his

Grand Universal Concentrated Remedy

within the reach, and to the knowledge of all who need it, that they may learn and know, by joyful experience, its

Transcendent Power to Heal.

Principal office for the Western States,—Vine street, 3d door above 4th, Cincinnati, Ohio.

G. W. CALHOUN, *General Agent;*

*To whom all orders or applications for agencies must be addressed.*

*For sale in Fort Wayne by*

JAMES B. SHOAFF,
*Only Agent for Allen County.*
eowly

LAMP OIL.

A superior articles winter strained sperm oil. Also Tanner's Oil, and Neet's Foot Oil for sale very low. H. B. REED.

EXTRACT OF LOGWOOD, &c. &c.—Just received and for sale, Extract Logwood, Indigo, Blue Vitriol, Copperas, Fustic, [illegible] Sold by [illegible] B. SHOAFF, Calhoun St.

N. B.—Prescriptions carefully compounded at all hours. 12

*From the Ohio Cultivator.*

## Mrs. Jones's Experience;

OR, THE ART OF LIVING EASY.

BY FRANCIS D. GAGE.

"I can't see for my life, how you get along so easy, Mrs. Jones!" said the merry Ellen, to her mother's nearest neighbor; "your family is larger than ours, and you have less help—but you are always in time—come when I will, I find things in good order—no bustle, fuss, or confusion. Now we all work from morning till night, at our house, and our work is never done. There must be some witch work about it—some secret; do tell us, won't you?"

"Why, Ellen, I don't know that there is any great secret about it; all I can tell is, that I don't seem to work very hard, but some how I do get along very easy, as you say, with all that seems to fall to my lot."

"Well, we all know that, Mrs. Jones, and we know too, that you do more reading and writing than any of the rest of us, and visit the sick more, and find time for everything that's good,—oh, there is a secret, I know there is, and you must tell me all about it."

"Yes, Ellen, I will tell you all about it, for you're a real smart girl, and will make a first rate wife for our Fred, some day, but you must first promise to try and make my secret of practical use to yourself and teach every body else."

Ellen blushed, and almost wished she had not been so impertinent. But Ellen was a good, sensible girl, and was impressed with the idea that Fred would want a wife somewhat resembling his mother in domestic matters; so she stooped down and tied her shoe, to hide her confusion. Mrs. Jones laid down the cheese knife (for it was early in the morning), took up the baby which her kind heart and arms had taken home, and picked up a basket of green peas that were to be shelled for dinner, and sat down to nurse her little orphan to sleep, take the peas out of the pod, and tell her story.

"Well, Ellen, my secret is just this: when I go out to shake the table cloth, I always bring in a stick of wood; or when I nurse baby I shell the peas, or read my newspaper; or in other words, I economise time; seldom take two steps where one will answer, and try to do everything the shortest and easiest way. I pulverize saleratus enough to last a month at one time, keep it in a convenient vessel, and then it is already for use—no untying papers, [illegible] the floor and cupboard, no [illegible] or mortar to clean, but once; instead of beating my eggs with a knife or spoon, I have a whip made of pieces of wire bent in an oblong shape like a tassel, and tied with a bit of twine to a hickory handle, and I can beat the whites of six eggs to a standing foam in two minutes, as easily as you will in half an hour with a knife. Any body can make an egg whip that can whittle a stick or find a piece of wire, if they cannot afford to buy one. I only mention these things as samples of my time saving. But if you will not be offended, I will tell you a little story."

"Offended! not I. It's the silliest thing in the world to get offended, particularly at those who wish to do us good. The doctor often has to administer unpleasant drugs to effect a cure."

"Well, then, Ellen, I was out taking tea with a neighbor last week, and we went into the milk and cheese room to see the cheese; and as we came back we stopped a few minutes to chat in the kitchen; the lady told one of the girls she might make some flannel cakes or griddle cakes, as some call them, for tea.—She started off on a bound to her duty. First she ran down cellar and brought up the butter milk jar, holding almost a pail full; then she ran back for the eggs, untied a half pound of saleratus, scattered a spoonful on the floor and another on the table, rolled it and tied it up; next turned her butter milk out and spattered a new dress all about the waist, splashed it over the table on divers things, said 'oh pshaw,' picked up the saleratus from the floor, cleaned her dress, and caught a plate and ran to the meal room; came back with a heaping plate of flour threw it into the pan and stirred away, back and forth, till it all was submerged and all lumps. There was not flour enough; away she ran again, brought a little more; there was still not enough, and the third journey had to be made, in it was all dashed, and she stirred away till her face glowed like a pæony; all at once she thought of her eggs and broke them into the batter. She had forgotten the salt, and ran the fourth time to the meal room. Now her batter was to thick, and more butter milk had to be used, and consequently the saleratus paper had to undergo another operation. Finally, after much labor and toil, and expenditure of much time and waste of material, the lumpy batter was ready for use. But here was a new trouble; the fire that was just right half an hour before was exhausted; the griddle, which had been set on the stove in the beginning, burned rough, the kitchen and apte rooms full of the unpleasant smoke and odor of burnt grease—the cakes stuck fast to the iron—two messes were wasted before the griddle could be rubbed smooth; the dish cloths were all in sad plight, and the young lady had expended as much actual labor as would have prepared the whole meal, set the table and all."

"Oh, dear—that was me; anybody might know that picture! But how would you have managed."

"I should have taken my pan and spoon, put my saleratus into the pan, gone down cellar, and with my cup, which I keep in the jar for that purpose, dipped the butter milk without spattering it, into my pan; then broke the eggs carefully into the milk; gone from there to the meal room and sifted the proper quantity of flour in and stirred it carefully, thus beating the eggs while I stirred in the flour; dropped in a little salt and returned to the kitchen, all in five minutes, without having one thing out of place, except the egg shells, and those I should have removed at some other time. So you see instead af four journeys to the cellar, two to fetch and two to carry back, and four to the meal room, I should have done the whole work, saved my strength, saved the wear and tear of shoes, saved the soiling of my dress, saved the fire, the annoyance, and a good half hour for something else, and had a better mess of cakes for supper, into the bargain. And this is only one half hour saved in getting supper, by one hand. It took three that night, longer to get tea by one half, than it would have taken me to have gotten it alone."

"But, la me! here's the baby fast asleep—the peas are all shelled, and my story must be wound up, for it is time to 'whey off the curd.' If this bit of experience does you any good, we will tell you another story some day."

*Extraordinary Marriage.*—A Mr. Hob[illegible] of Lownds county, Miss., aged 56, recently married Miss Mathews, aged about 35.

What renders the alliance so extraordinary is, that both parties are so afflicted with rheumatism that neither have walked a step in twenty-five years, and the bride is unable to [illegible] of undress herself. The reason assigned by Mr. H. for marrying Miss M. is, that [illegible]

*From the Springfield Republican.*

## A True Story of Human Nature.

There once lived in a small town in Massachusetts an old woman somehow or other the old woman had accumulated quite a desirable little property. Yet she was an Indian, and was treated with cool contempt by her neighbors. She had no seat in the social circle, received no attention from those around her, occupied a back pew in the church; and down towards the grave she travelled, without friend or comforter.

Old Nance had but one relative living that she knew of, and he a wild, graceless son.—He was the terror of the village, and spent his time in any thing but a respectable way. At last the vagabond so worried the forbearance of his old mother, than in a hasty moment she resolved to distinherit him and leave her money to the church.

Accordingly she started for the house of one of the deacons, and made a clean breast of her troubles, and acquainted him with her determination. The deacon grew from a cool to a very amiable mood as she proceeded, and at last became profuse in his expressions of gratitude.

The will, through the agency of the deacon, was drawn; but the old woman, feeling a little compunction, had a clause inserted, which should make it void, provided the son should totally reform his habits. Secrecy was enjoined upon the deacon. who of course told nobody but his wife, who of course said nothing about it save to one or two friends, who of course spread it all over the village in the space of one day.

But the change wrought in the situation of old Nance was miraculous. 'Such a good old woman!' The nice bits from the best tables began to journey under neat napkins to her humble abode. On a rainy Sabbath, a carriage took her up to her door, and carried her to church, where she was kindly favored with a front pew, near the stove. Her praise was in every body's mouth, and her tottering form commanded respect every where. But she thrived remarkably under this treatment, and lived, and lived. In the mean time the son was looked on with more than usual distrust, and the poor widow was deeply commiserated on his disgraceful course.

Years passed away, and the kind attentions of friends were still continued to the widow, when, at last old Nance slept the sleep that knows no waking. A large funeral, one of the largest the little village had ever seen, attended her to her grave in the quiet church yard. There were tears shed above her bier, and pensions breathed upon her memory.

The funeral was past. The deacon, the squire, and a number of the village notables, were gathered in her dwelling, and in one corner of the room sat the sad and taciturn son.

'Squire,' said the deacon, 'I believe there is a will.'

'Yes, there is a will.'

'Will you have the kindness to read it?'

The will was produced. All was silent.—The will was read, in which all the widow's property was bequeathed to the church.—Many an eye sought the face of the prodigal son, but saw no change in his stolid features.

When the reading was finished the son arose, and drawing a piece of paper from his pocket, inquired the date of 'that ar will.'

The date was stated, and handing the 'Squire his paper, the portionless asked him to read it.

Alas! it was a will one day younger than the other. The fond mother in her weakness had told the son what she had done, and he managed to have a will drawn twenty four hours after the previous one, in which he was the sole legatee.

The assembled wisdom and disinterestedness of the vilage went home *thinking*, and the son had the pleasant satisfaction of knowing that his mother's last days were her best days.

Reader, this is not a fiction. It is but an instance of the weakness in our common natures which, in similar developments, comes before us with humiliating frequency, alike in the highest and lowest walks of life.

CONVICTED OF BIGAMY.—James Hardy, alias Rev. Matthew S. Aller, has just been convicted of bigamy at the Supreme Churt in Lockport, Judge Marvin presiding. The particulars of this case are somewhat curious, and are pregnant with warning. At the age of 22 years he made his appearance at Hempstead, L. I., in the character of a Methodist Episcopal Minister, and was soon married into a respectable family. Previous to this marriage, as is now proved, he had, in several instances, been a seducer, and ever afterwards continued the career of an unprincipled libertine. He ill-treated his wife, and finally abandoned her and his four childen. After leaving Long Island, he successively imposed himself upon congregations in Delaware, Lowell, Mass. and Kingston, C. W. In July last, he offered himself as a clerical candidate to the Presbyterian Church in Lewiston, and succeeded, by means of forged certificates, lauding his talents and piety, in obtaining a ministerial engagement. He preached with no little applause, although it was soon discovered by the discerning few that his sermons were mainly plagiarism—the patchwork of other men's labors. He floated for a while swimmingly on the flood tide of village popularity, and soon contracted marriage with the daughter of one of the most respectable citizens of Lewiston. But his superior personal appearance and his wily address could not permanently sustain him. Within a few weeks after this second marriage, evidence of his spurious character as a clergyman, and of his previous iniquities, came to light, and he was arrested and committed for bigamy. On trial, he pleaded guilty, and was sentenced to hard labor in the State prison at Auburn for the term of five years. A degree of precaution and scrutiny, such as is exercised in all the more important transactions of business life, would probably have saved the good people of Lewiston from so vile an imposition.—*N. Y. Courier.*

*The Tariff—Its adjustment—Old Zack and the Galphin.*—The friends of a revision of the Tariff, with a view to the establishment of a moderate and judicious system of revenue, have great confidence in the success of their policy, during the present Congress, if not at the present session. There is no doubt that the Tariff might, with benefit to some interests and perhaps with a due regard to the general interests, modify the present system. The cotton and iron and woollen interests are, it is said, much depressed, and, at the same time, freights are ruinously low. There is to be, according to some financial predictions, a panic about next January; and, in that case, there will be a considerable tinkering of the revenue tariff: especially should the Secretary of the Treasury insist upon supplying his anticipated deficiency, about which so much was said a while ago.

When the President first heard of the payment of the Galphin, he exclaimed with surprise, as it is said, 'Why, I thought Meredith was short of money.' After the appropriations for the next year are made, he will be rather short, no doubt, and must get some of the administration members to do his skinning as the [illegible]

## THE BILL PAID.

BY MILLIE MILD.

Medical students may be proverbially 'hard cases,' for aught we know. Yet it cannot be denied, that few are more benevolent and kind-hearted, than these same hard cases are. It may be because they witness so much suffering and distress, that they become accustomed, as it were, to scenes from which at first they turned away, unable to witness.

A few years ago, we happened to be in the company of a number of students, from one of which we heard the following story.—

It was on a cold Christmas morning, in the year 18—a medical student whom I will call Rush Rudder, was proceeding on his way to meet some fellow students in the beautiful little village of Richmond, where, forgetting books and studies, they had intended to spend the anniversary of the day, which brought peace and good will to men. As he was passing through one of those narrow streets in the northern part of the city, he met a small girl, weeping as if her heart would break. The crowd passed on without noticing her; but when the poor student saw her, his heart was touched, and he could not pass without inquiring the cause of her grief.

'Oh sir,' she answered him, 'it is not for myself I care, but mother is so sick, and she sent me to the tailor for whom she works, but he would not pay me.'

'Where does your mother live?' he asked, after he had listened to her plain story. The little girl led him into a small house, where lay a sick woman laboring under great debility, and rapidly sinking for want of proper nourishment.

Ever and anon could be heard the laugh of passers by, clad in furs and well protected protected from the keen blasts of Boreas, as they joined in the merry making of that festive day—and the sick woman would sigh as their merry laugh fell upon her ears. It may be, her mind reverted to her happier days.—Such thoughts will often steal upon the distressed, however much they guard themselves against it.

'I will get you some medicine, which I hope will do you good,' said the student. 'But, no matter about that,' said he, knowing full well what she was about to say. 'No matter, you can pay me when you get money enough to spare,' and without waiting to hear any objection on her part, he wished her a good day, promising to call again. So much time had elapsed while the student was thus engaged, that it was too late for him to meet his friends, as at starting in the morning he had intended.

Every morning a supply of food and medicine was sent to the poor woman, who, under proper nourishment, rapidly improved until convalescent; and every day did the student wend his way to his patient, to inquire how she did.

The commencement of the University took place, and Rush Rudder received his diploma with honor. Time rolled on, Mr., now Rush Rudder, M. D., was attending to the arduous duties of his profession in his native city, Cincinnati, when one fine morning, several years after he had left the University, a splendid coach drove up to the door, and a beautiful female entered his office. The young physician lifted up his eyes from the books he had been reading, he fancied he had seen that face before, but when, or how, or where, he knew not.

'I have come sir,' said she, 'to pay you for medicine received from you long, long ago.'

'When did you receive the medicines?' asked the Doctor in a business manner, (but it was a counterfeit.)

'On a cold Christmas morning, in the year 18—, you met a poor girl crying in the city of Philadelphia, you spoke kindly to her, following her to her sick mother, and purchased food and medicine until she recovered. That poor sick woman, was the only daughter of a wealthy gentleman, but marrying contrary to her father's wish, he banished her from his house. Her husband soon died, and she was forced to support herself and child by her needle, but unused to labor, days and nights of toil were too much for her, and she sunk beneath the task; and had it not been for you she must have died, and her daughter exposed to the charities of a cold, heartless world; yea, to all the temptations which helpless females are subject in our large cities. Her father died shortly after her recovery, without a will, consequently she fell heir to all his vast estate. Kind sir that woman was my mother, and I am the little girl you spoke so kindly to."

The rest of my story is soon told. They were married, Dr. Rudder and the wealthy heiress. And if you ever visit the city of Cincinnati, you may see the beautiful house where Rush Rudder has retired from practice; still he pursues the study of his favorite science, and much are we indebted to him for his researches in he field of Medicines.—*Messenger and Gleaner.*

*No Enjoyment from Ill Gotten Wealth.*—If a man is a fool to expect wealth by dishonest means, he is a still greater fool if he expects that wealth so acquired, will afford him any enjoyment. Enjoyment did I say? What! enjoyment for you—you who have attained wealth by falsehood—by deception—by extortion—by oppression—you expect enjoyment? Listen—listen to the hearty denunciations of all honest men? to the awful imprecations of those you have injured; to the reproaches of your family, whose name you have dishonored, to the accusations of that conscience whose voice you have stifled, and to the wrathful thunder of that heaven whose laws you have outraged! Listen to these—these are the enjoyments that will attend your ill-gotten wealth; 'He that getteth riches, and not by right, shall leave them in the midst of his days, and at the end shall be a fool.'

*Light and Heat from Water.—Another Discoverer.*—While Mr. Paine has been talking about producing light and heat, by decomposing water, a Frenchman, Joseph Pierre Gallard, has taken out a patent in France, dated Nov. 22, 1849, which, as described in the London Patent Journal, is an improvement similar to Paine's alleged great discovery, of producing, by mechanical means, pure oxygen and hydrogen at opposite poles, in separate gas someters. Mr. G's. discovery seems rather, indeed, to go ahead of Mr. Paine's. Here is a description:—

The patentee's invention consists in certain apparatus and processes for producing hydrogen gas by the decomposition of water, and its application to heat and light. The means and processes by which he obtains this gas are: 1. By the incalescence (incandescence) of iron. 2. By carbon. 3. By magnets.

There is also a lengthy specification given, which contains descriptions of processes which are not claimed, and claims of processes which are not described.

*Pretty Good.*—A witty correspondent of the Richmond Enquirer, informs the editor that he has a claim for furnishing material to build Noah's ark, and says that he intends to employ Secretary Crawford to present the claim to Mr. Meredith, [illegible] allowed on the Galphin [illegible] will only ask the interest [illegible] in consideration of its [illegible] antiquated debt.

*A Bit of Panic Spoiled.*—The N. Y. Courier and Enquirer having accidentally stated that "from some unaccountable cause, the amount of foreign immigration has experienced within the present month a sudden and unexpected decrease," the Washington Republic seized the occasion to prove the country was ruined, by the low rate of the tariff. It exclaims:

Emigrants flock to our shores to find employment and remuneration. Though large numbers of them make their way at once to the interior to the western States, and occupy the public lands, still a large portion are compelled to wait in the cities of the seaboard to accumulate, by the savings of their daily toil, the amount requisite to enable them to defray the expenses of their further progress, and to enable them to procure the stock and implements, without which land is valueless. When employment is ready and abundant, when labor is well rewarded they come freely.—When the market for labor is sluggish, and its rewards decline, they postpone their departure from their old homes to a more promising season. When *forges and mills are closing on every side, and the operatives employed in them are turned out to seek such new employed as they can find, is it strange that emigrants should be deterred from coming to compete with them.* That the *depressed condition of manufacturing industry must operate to arrest emigration*, is a conclusion to be avoided only by supposing that those on the point of embarking for this country take no pains to inform themselves as to the prospect that awaits for them.

Unfortunately for these conclusions, the N. Y. Tribune, a zealous protectionist is an accidental paragraph, knocks the premises of the logic over, by showing that immigration, so far from having decreasd, has increased 12 per cent. It says:

The arrival in May were 42,000, or nearly 5,000 more than in the same month last year: the deaths for five weeks from April 27th to June 1, this year, were 1,208; for the corresponding month in 1849, not reckoning cholera, 1,461; *decrease* of mortality, this year, 21 per cent—*increase of emigration*, 12 per cent.—May this year has been remarkable for peculiar health and UNEXAMPLED IMIGRATION.

*Late from Oregon.*—Latest dates from Oregon are to the 18th April. The prospects for crops were fine, the amount of grain put in the ground being twice that of last year. Further explorations of the South Pass show its practicability, and its superiority to the nreth entrance to the Columbia River. Indian difficulties are apprehended.

Last winter we published some news from Oregon, the fact of an almost general desertion of the regiment of mounted riflemen, stationed at Fort Vancouver. In the Oregon Spectator of the 18th of April, we observe the following:

Gov. Lane has returned from the Umqua, having arrested and brought back some 70 or 75 of the deserters. Col. Loring continued the pursuit, but was obliged to return, having found two of bodies of the deserters. Strong fears are entertained that the whole band will have perished by starvation, ere they can be reached with provisions.

A difficulty occurred Fort Vancouver, on the 5th May, between a Mr. Short and Dr. David Gardner, in relation to a land claim, which resulted in the death of Dr. Gardner and a Kanaka, [illegible] in the Doctor's service. The Governor [illegible] his proclamation for the Legislature to convene on the 1st of May. A Holbrook, U. S. District Attorney for Oregon, had just arrived there.

*A Tight Place.*—It is not often that a lady gets into a closer squeeze than did the one mentioned in the following account If the gentlemen was a democrat she was in the midst of three *loco* motives—all progressives.

'A little before 9 o'clock yesterday morning, as the train was going out for Newark, when rounding Bergen Cut, was closely upon a gentleman and lady, who were walking upon the track. The locomotive, squealed and they jumped across on the other track—but horror! Just ahead was another train, from Ramapo, on this track, and the next moment would hurl them into eternity. They had no room on the outsides of either track from the embankment—and not knowing which train would pass first, were almost paralized! But the gentleman seized the lady who had nearly swooned—placed her on the narrow walk between the two tracks, embraced her dress in his circling arms to keep the cowcatcher from hooking it—and thus awaited their fate. The two trains passed them at the same moment, roaring and thundering on but neither the gentleman nor lady were injured—more than an awful fright.'—*Jersey City Sentinel.*

*An Oriental Embassy.*—On the 20th inst., his Excellency General Jung Bahadoor Kooman Ranagee, Prime Minister and Commander-in-chief of the kingdom of Nepaul, situated on the borders of Thibet; arrived in England, as ambassador extraordinary from the King of Nepaul to the Queen of England. His suite consisted of twenty-four persons, and he was charged with a letter from his King to Queen Victoria, and with presents, of Nepaulese manufactures, worth nearly a quarter of a million sterling. The travelling expenses of he embassy to England, were nearly 10,000 pounds sterling. They are all Buddhists, and to avoid contact with Christians, had the whole of the fore cabins and saloons of the steamer exclusively to their own use, and there they fitted up their own cooking apparatus. The General is a handsome oriental, very dark, 32 years old, and a great man in India. He dresses magnificently, and his manners are said to be polished and graceful. When they landed at Southampton, they would not go to a hotel, but occupied the Peninsular offices, and had their cooking apparatus erected in the yard. They are very mysterious about their cooking and eating. They are continually washing; fond of smoking, and of all oriental habits of luxury.

*New Cholera Cure.*—Dr. Macrae, in the hospital at Howrah, has, according to the Indian news, discovered a new and most successful mode of treating cholera patients. He causes them to inhale a certain quantity of oxygen gas which contributes a strong stimulating effect, and finally throws the patient into a refreshing sleep. On awaking, he finds himself restored to health, with the exception of a general weakness which always succeeds any physical prostration. Dr. Macrae had tested his mode of practice upon fifteen European seamen, who had been carried to the Howrah Hospital in the last stage of the disease, and the patient has in every instance recovered.

The Germans, says a paragraph in the New York Post, have recently taken a particular fancy to raising potatoes. The following is their method of producing the greatest food for the greatest number:

The potato is planted whole, without any preparation, only allowing a little more space than usual. When the plants have attained the height of the hand, they are cleaned and hoed as usual. When, however, the time for drawing up the earth around them has arrived the following process is adopted instead: The green stalks are divided and laid down by the hand on the flat soil in the form of the spokes of a wheel and covered with the neighboring earth—the operation being readily performed by placing the foot on the plant. [illegible] after the leaves begin to push through [illegible] when they are again laid down and covered with four inches of earth. This is all the labor required, and occupies about the same time as the ordinary hoeing [illegible] produces six times more [illegible] [illegible] covered [illegible] form of a wreath or chaplet.

## DEMOCRATIC TICKET.

FOR SENATOR
*for Allen, Adams, and Wells Counties,*
**SAMUEL S. MICKLE, of Adams County.**

SENATORIAL DELEGATE,
**JAMES W. BORDEN, of Allen County.**

REPRESENTATIVE—ALLEN COUNTY,
OCHMIG BIRD.

REPRESENTATIVE DELEGATE.
CHAS. E. STURGIS.

AUDITOR,
ROBERT STARKWEATHER.

TREASURER,
THOMAS T. DEKAY.

SHERIFF,
WM. H. McDONALD.

ASSOCIATE JUDGE,
ANDREW METZGER.

PROSECUTING ATTORNEY,
J. L. WORDEN.

COUNTY COMMISSIONER, 1st DISTRICT,
S. BIGGS.

CORONER,
DANIEL KISER.

We are desired to announce the name of S. M. BLACK, as a candidate for re-election to the office of Treasurer of Allen County. pd.

Ed. Sentinel:
Please announce SAMUEL HANNA, Esq. as a candidate for Senatorial Delegate to Constitutional Convention, and obligo MANY VOTERS.

We are requested to state that H. B. TAYLOR is a candidate for County Commissioner, 1st district.


# The Fort Wayne Sentinel.

**SATURDAY, JULY 13, 1850.**


## DEATH OF THE PRESIDENT!

It is our melancholy duty this week to announce the sudden death of Major General Zachary Taylor, President of the United States. This news will startle our readers; it is a solemn admonition to all of the uncertainty of life, and shows that neither power station, nor honor can ward off the attacks of the destroying angel. Gen. Taylor occupied one of the most exalted positions in which it is possible for a man to be placed—the chief magistrate of one of the most powerful nations on the face of the earth—a distinguished warrior, who had filled the measure of his own and country's glory—esteemed and respected by his fellow citizens—possessing an ample fortune and surrounded by every thing calculated to render life desirable—and yet in a few short hours he is hurried to the silent grave where all distinctions are levelled, and where the beggar and the prince alike crumble to dust.

He was seized with a violent attack of billious cholic on Monday night, which in 24 hours terminated his mortal existence. He was 66 years of age.

We do not feel inclined to attempt any labored eulogium on the virtues and character of the illustrious dead. We leave that to abler pens. As President it is well known we did not admire him; we have often stated and still believe that it would have been better for his future fame if he had never been elevated to that responsible and perplexing station—an office for which neither the natural bent of his mind nor his opportunities of acquiring information fitted him. But as a soldier—as a brave, energetic, and skillful commander—he won laurels of which the most aspiring might well be proud. As a man, we believe his character was irreproachable; kind and affable in his deportment, of strict integrity and inflexible honesty, he was beloved and esteemed by all who had the pleasure of his acquaintance. His death will be looked upon as a national calamity, and that of few public men of the present age will be more sincerely mourned and lamented.

☞ We would urge upon our citizens the propriety of holding a meeting, irrespective of party, to give expression to the heartfelt sorrow pervading all classes, on the occasion of the melancholy and unlooked for death of the President, and to pay a proper tribute of respect to his memory.

*Adjournment of the Ohio Convention.*—The Ohio Constitutional Convention has adopted a resolution to adjourn to meet again on the 1st Monday in December at Cincinnati. There has been but little progress made in the business for which this body was called; that pest of legislation—speechmaking—having consumed nearly the whole of the time of the convention since its assembling. Speech makers are getting to be a great bore; and the convention, unfortunately, had a full share of them.

KEEP COOL—*If you can.*—The thermometer on Thursday last stood at 98° in the shade; yesterday it was *down* to 97°.

This is pretty warm; and our readers are of course too intelligent to expect much editorial from us at such a melting time. The heat rarefies the brain and causes the ideas to evaporate before we can commit them to paper; nothing but the duller, heavier particles remain and we think it best to keep them to ourself.

☞ A small steamboat of about 30 or 40 tons burthen passed through here on the canal on Wednesday, containing two or three families emigrating from Sandusky to Wisconsin. The little craft steamed along the Lake from Sandusky to Toledo; thence she pursued her course along the "raging canawl;" and will descend the Wabash and Ohio Rivers and ascend the Mississippi to her point of destination. This is a somewhat circuitous route—the distance being probably not far short of 2000 miles. It is intended to take the engine out of the boat and put it in a sawmill in Wisconsin.


☞ Mr. V. B. PALMER, Tribune Buildings New York; Third and Chesnut Streets, Philadelphia; and No. 8 Congress Street, Boston, is Sole Agent for the Sentinel in those cities; and is alone authorised to receive subscriptions advertisements, &c. on our account.


### GET NATURALIZED!

The Allen CircuitCourt will be in session next week. Saturday forenoon will be devoted to applications for naturalization.

As we are on the eve of an important election, we trust all entitled will embrace the opportunity. The township committees should look to the matter, and urge its importance upon every non-naturalized foreign citizen.

## DEATH OF GEN. TAYLOR!

WASHINGTON, July 10.

General Taylor died at 35 minutes past 10 o'clock last night. His death was calm and peaceful. The Vice President, Mayor, Marshal of the District, Attorney General, physicians, and the family, surrounded his bedside. Gen. Taylor's last words were, "I am prepared—I have endeavored to do my duty."

The Cabinet will, this morning communicate to Congrsss the death of President Taylor.

The Executive Departments are all closed. The remains of President will be exhibited in state at the Executive Mansion until the day of the funeral, which will probably be on Friday.

WASHINGTON, July 9.

The President passed a very bad night and his condition is very critical.

BALTIMORE, July 9—11 A. M.

A message just received from Washington; President Taylor very low—it is thought he cannot survive unless a favorable change takes place. The disease, billious colic.

WASHINGTON, July 9—12 M.

No change for the better in the President's condition, though fever has abated.

2 P. M.

General Taylor no better; cannot stand it long if no change for the better soon.

3 P. M.

Just alive.

4½ P. M.

Physicians express the opinion that a change for the better has taken place in the last half hour.

WASHINGTON, July 10—11 A. M.

SENATE.—There was a full attendance, with crowded galleries. Rev. W. Butler prayed.

The Secretary of the Senate received two communications from Vice President Fillmore; the first resigning the Presidency of the Senate; the second delivered by the hands of W. Fisher of the State Department announcing the death of the President last evening at 10½ o'clock, in the midst of his family and friends, calmly and in possession of all his faculties; and proposing to take the oath, as President at 12 o'clock to day. Whereupon Mr. Webster offered a resolution that the Senate meet at 12 o'clock to-day, for the Inauguration of Mr. Fillmore.

The proceedings were communicated to the House; whereupon, on motion of Mr. Bright, it was resolved, that Messrs. Soule, Davis of Miss., and Underwood, be a committee on the part of the Senate. Recess till 12 o'clock.

HOUSE.—The house was opened by appropriate prayer by Rev. Mr. Butler, when a pause for 15 minutes ensued.

The Speaker then took the Chair, and a message was received from Vice President Fillmore, announcing the death of President Taylor, and giving his last words.

Mr. Moore moved for a recess until twelve o'clock to administer the oath to Mr. Fillmore, which was agreed to.

WASHINGTON, July 10.

A committee of 13 was appointed to unite with the Senate in the funeral arrangements, after which the House adjourned.

The late cabinet have made a tender of their resignation to President Fillmore. They, however, will continue in office for the present. Speculations are busy as to their successors, though no change wi l be made before the close of the session.

The funeral of Gen. TAYLOR, late President, will take place on Saturday the 13th, at 11 o'clock.

Various conflicting rumors are afloat relative to the new Cabinet, and nearly all reports concur in naming Mr. Webster as Secretary of State.

WASHINGTON, July 10.

Colonel Bliss critically ill with the cholera. Several deaths from the same disease have occurred.

*For the Sentinel.*

### Doings at East Liberty on the Fourth

The citizens of East Liberty were joined by many of their friends of Allen and Adams counties in celebrating the glorious Fourth of July. "It was good to be there;" they had a good old-fashioned celebration. The people met at an early hour, and erected a splendid Liberty Pole, from which floated the "Star Spangled Banner." A procession was formed at 11½ A. M., headed by an excellent band of martial music, and proceeded to a delightful grove, where the Declaration of Independence was read by Dr. Kerr, and an oration delivered by Edward F. Colerick, after which they returned to town, and, at one o'clock P. M., partook of a sumptuous dinner, prepared by Mr. Martin W. Kemp; the extensive table fairly groaned from the weight of the good things spread upon it. There were in the neighborhood of two hundred persons partook of the dinner, about one half of whom were ladies, whose merry voices and pleasant smiles added much to the pleasure of the occasion. The only thing which occured to mar the festivities was an accident that occurred in the early part of the day: As Messrs. May and Wilson were firing a cannon, it accidentally went off while they were priming it, causing a large quantity of powder in the hands of one of them to explode, burning them both severely.

East Liberty is a thriving little village recently laid off by John Burger, Esq., at the cross roads in section twenty-nine, Munroe township, Allen county, and is beautifully situated in the midst of a pleasant, thriving, and rich country, and bids fair to become a flourishing town. Monroe township will soon be one of the most flourishing and rich townships in our county; it is settling very rapidly by an industrious and enterprising class of farmers, as it is evident from the fine improvements you see on every hand. All they want now is a Plank Road, and that they can have if they will agitate the matter.

### *Cholera.*

CINCINNATI, July 8.

The Board of Health report 87 deaths the last 24 hours, and 48 of them from cholera.

July 10.

Cincinnati Board of Health report, for last 24 hours, 28 deaths by cholera, and 32 by other diseases. A large decrease in cholera.

LOUISVILLE, July 9.

Board of Health report the health of city good. A few cases only of cholera. Cholera very malignant at Nashville. The papers there are suspended in consequence.

NASHVILLE, July 9.

Forty-eight interments on Thursday last, twenty-nine on Tuesday, thirty-six on Saturday—nearly all cholera.

### *Dreadful Fire and Explosion!*

PHILADELPHIA, July 10.

One of the most destructive fires that has ever occurred in this city, was witnessed yesterday afternoon and evening. The fire first broke out about 4½ o'clock in the fourth story of a building occupied for storage on Delaware Avenue. When discovered, it had made considerable headway, with flames spreading in every direction. They soon spread to Water street, and north and south to Callowhill.—Three terrible explosions occurred from 3000 bags of saltpetre. Beck's warehouse on Delaware Avenue was completely filled with a mass of human beings, among which were several of our gallant and noble firemen. The first explosion did not cause much excitement or fear with the mass, nor did the 2d, except some slight fear of safety, when they moved to eastern end of wharves. The third explosion, however, was fatal in many cases, killing many on Delaware Avenue and Water Sts. The scene was frightfully appalling in the extreme, the rush for life was terrific, men and boys, firemen and by-standers rushed away from the ruinons conflagration. and by their endeaaors to go beyond danger, hundreds rolled over each other, while running over to a large quantity of merchandise on the dock, causing legs and arms to be broken, and injuries in fractures of a seaious character. In the fright some were thrown into the Delaware, while a large number rushed voluntarily into the river, to shield themselves from bricks and cinders thrown from the burning houses. The stores above mentioned were owned by John Brock, and were occupied by Ridgely & Budd, flour and commission merchants, Jacob F. Leving, dealer in molasses and sugar; and Warden & Burger, as a hay and straw establishment; Wompole & Shannon, sail makers.—The list of persons whose property has been destroyed, occupies a column of the morning papers, and the details of suffering sickening to peruse. The remains of a woman, two boys and two girls were taken to the northeast police station house. They were shocking spectacles. Among the girls fourteen years of age, were recognized a Miss Drake. A woman burned almost to a crisp, was taken to a Drug Store, and died soon afterwards. We heard that a daughter of James Alexander, had her head blown off. A little girl was picked up from the gutter, with her arm blown off. Of infants, some not more than three months old, were shockingly burned. We saw one of these children, with its mother pulled from the ruins of these buildings by our valiant firemen.—There are supposed to be at least thirty killed. Some ten more will probably die. The total number of wounded cannot be less than 100, judging from the extent of ground covered by the fire, and the nature of property consumed. We venture to compute the damage at four millions of dollars. At all events, it is the most extensive and destructive fire that ever happened in this city. No praise can do justice to the conduct of the firemen. Some perilled life almost too rashly, and their feats of daring and gallantry, elicited frequent outbursts of applause. Some of the companies had their apparatus much damaged. The *Vigilant*, held a most perilous position, at the time of her explosion, and had its arms blown off. The *Southwark* was totally destroyed. Buildings were set on fire to the distance of six squares.

The city council of Philadelphia have appropriated $10,000 for the relief of the sufferers. Number killed about 30—found drowned 9—missing 17.

*Correspondence of the Baltimore Sun.*

WASHINGMON, June 30, 1850.

*Resistance to Proceedings in New Mexico—Gen Cass's Resolutions.*—Gen Cass' resolutions, which came up yesterday, are pregnant of meaning. Neither the Northern nor the Southern democracy will recognize the constitutionality of the proceedings of Col, Munroe in New Mexico. They contend that Gen. Taylor had no right to delegate such powers to a captain in the army, a lieutenant colonel by brevet, or any other military officer. While Gen. Cass and some of his friends are thus resisting the usurpation in New Mexico, and determined to execute and maintain the treaty of annexation with Texas, New Mexico, and her State constitution, will be here in a week and present herself for admission into the Union. Utah will follow on the heels of New Mexico; so that if Mr. Clay's Compromis bill does not pass, California will be pushed through, and at the next session, if not at this, New Mexico and Utah. Instead of only two American Senators, both of Southern birth, and high-toned gentlemen, we may have four additional ones, and free-soilers to boot—two Indians and two Mormons.

Mr Orlando Brown, the able, accomplished and faithful Commissioner of Indian Affairs, left his office yesterday. He resigned for private reasons, and is succeeded by Col. Lee, a very able and meritorious officer. The rumors of difficulties in the Indian Bureau are not correct.

WASHINGTON, July 3d,

Rumors are as plenty as strawberries here, to the effect that Texas has sent an armed expedition of three thousand men to Santa Fe, to assert her claims to boundary.

The expedition has taken the route far eastward of the Rio Grande Valley, the same which was taken in 1842 by the former Santa Fe expedition.

It is stated that Texas has received assurances of assistance from several of the southern States and that recruits have already been raised.

Houston is to make a severe attack upon the President, to day in the Senate, for the course which he has pursued in sespect to New Mexico.

But the President, they say, will remain firm and defend the possession of that territory by the United States at all hazards.

Fremont will return to California as soon as that State is admitted into the Union.

Mr. Clays says there is no probability of the Senate's coming to a vote on the compromise within two weeks.

*Paine's Gas Exploded.*—The long and *painful* anxiety in regard to Mr. Paine's great discovery for producing, light and heat from water, is at length most *paintfully* relieved.—The Journal of Commerce, of Thursday afternoon, says:

A party composed of distinguished chemists from this city, Princeton and Boston, and other gentlemen interested, met at Worcester a day or two since, to examine the apparatus constructed by Mr. Paine, to illustrate his alleged discovery of a new method of manufacturing gas. Mr. Paine left town on the approach of these gentlemen, but his brother remained to do the honors. They first visited the machine at the Exchange, which remains in the "damaged" condition to which we alluded last week. They then adjourned to his house, where the gas is shown burning, and succeeded in detecting the trick by which visitors have, heretofore, been deceived. They will furnish a full account of the exhibition in a day or two, and "explode" this humbug, which has excited such a large share of public attention.

From the above, we should judge that the process by which the "trick" was accomplished, is very nearly as described by Prof. Grant in the extract which we gave from him in an article on the subject in last Saturday's Sun. that is, by the wires which Mr. Paire pretended were simply conductors of electricity being, in reality, perforated tubes for gas already manufactured to order, and concealed in a concealed in a condenser in the mysterious box which Mr. P. represented as containing only the magnetic machine and other secret means by which he decomposed the water and produced such an incredible amount of gastherefrom. *Vive la bagatelle.—Baltimore Sun.*

*General Wool.*—This distinguished military commander has been nominated by the Newburgh Telegraph, the White Plains Journal, and other papers in the interior of New York, as a candidate for the Governorship of that State.

JAMES W. BORDEN, a Candidate for Senatorial Delegate, and CHAS. E. STURGIS, Candidate for Representative Delegate to the Constitutional Convention, will address their fellow-citizens of Allen county, at the following times and places, viz:

At French Mary's on the Lima plank road, in Washington township, on Monday. July 15. at 6 P. M.

At Naylor's School House, near Daniel Reid's, in St. Joseph's township, on Wednesday, July 17, at 6 P. M.

At the house of Gideon Dickerson, in Jefferson township, on Friday, July 19, at 4 P. M.

At Huntertown, in Perry township, on Saturday, July 20, at 3 P. M.

SAMUEL S. MICKLE, a Candidate for the State Senate, JUDGE BORDEN, a candidate for Senatorial Delegate, and ERASTUS K. BASCOM, a candidate for Representative Delegate, will address their fellow citizens of Adams and Wells counties at the following times and places, to wit:

At East Liberty, in Monroe township, Allen county, on Monday, July 22, at 11 A. M.; and at the house of John H. Blakey, in Union township, Adams county, at 3 P. M. the same day.

At Monmouth, Adams county, on Tuesday, July 23, at 11 A. M.; and at Decatur at 3 P. M.

At Pleasant Mills, on Wednesday, July 24, at 11 A. M.; and at A. Scoles's, in Blue Creek township, at 3 P. M.

At Baker's, in Wabash township, on Thursday, July 25, at 2 P. M.

At Bomgarden's, in French township, on Friday, July 26, at 2 P. M.

At Bluffton, Wells county, on Saturday, July 27, at 3 P. M.

Monday, July 29, in the south part of Wells county; the time and place to be here after named,

In Jackson township, Thursday, July 30.

In Rock creek township, on Wednesday, July 31, at 11 A. M.; and at 3 P. M. at Murray, in Lancaster township.

At Zanesville, in Wells county, on Thursday, August 1, at 11 A. M.; and at 3 P. M., in Lafayette township, in Allen county.

In Pleasant township. in Allen county, on Friday, August 2, at 11 A. M.; and at the house of Levi Young (near Edsall's mill), in Jefferson township, Wells county, at 9 P. M.

N. B. As the speaking will commence *precisely* at the hour named, it is desired that all persons should attend punctually at the time appointed.

☞ A general attendance of all parties is *earnestly* desired.

*Chicago Bank.*—Look out for a swindling shin-plaster concern culled the *Chicago Bank*, with bills in circulation signed by a whole family of BURCHES, and the words "Little Falls, N. Y." quite prominent in the bill. It is *nulla bona.—Plaindealer.*

The South Carolina papers are urging their citizens to stay at home this summer, and not build up by their presence the summer resorts of the North.

## Prof. Webster's Confession of the Murder of Dr. Parkman.

BOSTON, July 2.

At the meeting of the Council this morning, the case of Prof. Webster was referred to a committee. Before this committee at 12 o'clock appeared the Rev. Dr. Putnam, the spiritual adviser of the condemned, with a petition from with a confession that he killed Dr. Parkman. The Rev Gentleman prefaced this statement with a few remarks relative to the manner in which the confession was made to him. He stated that he had no previous acquaintance with Prof Webster before being called upon to act in the capacity of his visits, he sought no acknowledgment from the prisoner. At length, on the 23d of May, he visited him in his cell and demanded of him for his own well being that he should tell the truth in regard to the consideration of the council. It was in substance as follows:

'On Tuesday, 20th Nov., I sent the note to Dr. PARKMAN, which it appears, was carried by the boy Maxwell; I handed it to Littlefield, unsealed; it was to ask Dr. Parkman to call at my rooms on Tuesday the 23d, after my lecture; he had become of late very importunate for his pay he had threatened me with a suit; to put an officer into my house, and to drive me from the professorship if I did not pay him. The purport of my note was simply to ask the conference, I did not tell him in it what I could do, or what I had to say about the payment; I wished to gain for those few days a release from his solicitations to which I was liable every day, on occasions, and in a manner very disagreeadle and alarming—and also to release for so long a time, at least, the fulfillment of recent threats of severe measures; I did not expect to be able to pay him when Friday should arrive; my purpose was, if he should accede to the proposed interview, to state to him my embarrassments, and utter inability to pay him at present; to apologize for those things in my conduct which had offended him—to throw myself upon his mercy—to beg for further time and indulgence, for the sake of my family, if not for myself, and to make as good promises to him as I could have any hope of keeping—I did not hear from him on that day, nor the next, (Wednesday) but I found on Thursday he had been abroad in pursuit of me without finding me: I imagined he had forgotten the appointment or else did not mean to wait for it; I feared he would come in upon me at my lecture hour, or while I was preparing my experiments for it, therefare I called at his house on that morning, (Friday) between 8 and 9 o'clock to remind him of my wish to see him at the college at half past one—my lecture closing at one—I did not stop to talk with him, for I expected the conversation would be a long one, and I had my lecture to prepare for it was necessary for me to have my time, and also to keep my mind from other exciting matters. Dr. P. agreed to call on me as I proposed, he came accordingly between half past 1 and 2 o'clock entering the lecture room door; I was engaged in removing some glasses from my lecture room table into the room in the rear called the upper laboratory. he came rapidly down the steps and followed me into the laboratory; he immediately addressed me with great energy "Are you ready for me sir? Have you got the money?"

'I replied, 'No, Dr. Parkman,' and was then beginning to state my condition and my appeal to him, but he would not listen to me, and interrupted me with much vehemence. he called me scoundrel and liar, and went on heaping on me the most bitter taunts and opprobrious epithets; while he was speaking, he drew a handful of papers from his pocket, and took from among them my two notes and also an old letter from Dr. Hosack, written many years ago, and congratulating him on his success in getting me appointed Professor of Chemistry—'You see' he said, 'I got you into your office, and now I will get you out of it.' He put back into his pocket all the papers except the letter and the notes. I cannot tell how long the torrent of threats and invectives continued, and I cannot recall to memory but a small portion of what he said. At first I kept interposing, trying to pacify him, so that I might obtain the object of which I sought the interview; but could not stop him and soon my own temper was up. I forgot everything, and felt nothing but the sting of his words. I was excited to the highest degree of passion, and while he was speaking and gesticulating in the most violent and menacing manner, thrusting his letter and his fist into my face, in my fury I seized whatever was handiest, (it was a stick of wood) and dealt him an instantaneous blow with all the force that passion could give it,—I did not know, or think or care, where I should hit him, nor how hard, nor what the effect would be; it was on the side of his head, and there was nothing to break the force of the blow; he fell instantly upon the pavement; there was no second blow; I stopped down over him, and he seemed to be lifeless; blood flowed from his mouth, and I got a sponge and wiped it away; I got some ammonia and applied it to his nose, but without effect; perhaps I spent 10 minutes in attemps to resuscitate him, but I found him absolutely dead. In my horror and consternation I ran instinctively to the doors and bolted them—the doors of the lecture room and of the laboratory below—and then what was I to do? It never occurred to me to go out and declare what had been done, and obtain assistance; I saw nothing but the alternative of a successful movement, and concealment of the body on the one hand, of infamy and perdition of the other. The first thing I done as soon as I could do anything, was to draw the body into the private room adjoining: there I took off the clothes and began putting them into the fire which was burning in the upper laboratory they were all consumed there that afternoon, with papers, pocketbook, and whenever they contain; I did not examine the pockets, nor remove anything except the watch; I saw that, or the chain of it hanging out; I took it and threw it over the bridge, as I went to Cambridge; my next move was to get the body into the sink, which stands in the small private room, by setting the body into the sink, which stands in the small private room, by setting the body partially erect against the corner, and by getting up into the sink myself I succeeded in drawing it up there. it was entirely dismembered,—it was quickly done as a work of terrible and desperate necessity,—the only instrument was the knife found by the officers in the tea chest, which I kept for cutting corks. I made no use of the Turkish knife as it was called at the trial,—that had long been kept on my parlor mantle-piece in Cambridge as a curious ornament. My daughter frequently cleaned it, hence the marks of oil and whiting found on it. I had lately brought it into Boston to get silver sheath repaired—While dismembering the body a stream of Cochituate water was running through the sink carrying off the blood in a pipe that passed down through the lower laboratory.—there must have been a leak in the pipe for the ceiling below was stained immediately around it. There was a fire burning in the furnace of the lower laboratory. Littlefield was mistaken in thinking there had never been a fire there. He had probable never kindled one, but I had done it myself several times. I had done it that day for the purpose of making oxygen gas. The head and the viscera were put into that furnace that day, and the fuel heaped on. I did not examine at night to see to what degree they were consumed. Some of the extremities were put in there on that day, I believe. The pelvis, and some of the limbs, perhaps, were all put under the lid of the lecture room table, in what is callen the well a sink lined with lead. A stream of Cochitnate was turned into it and kept running through it all Friday night. The thorax was put into a similar well in the laboratory, which I filled with water, and threw in a quantity of potass which I found there. This disposition of the remains was not changed until after the visit of the officers on Monday.

When the body had thus been all disposed of, I cleared away all traces of what had been done: I think the stick with which the fatal blow had been struck, proved to be a piece of grape vine—says two inches in diameter, and two feet long. It was one of several pieces which I had carried in from Cambridge long before for the purpose of showing the effect of certain chemical. fluids in coloring wood, by being absorbed into the pores. The grape vine being a very porous was well adapted to this purpose. Another longer stick had been used as intended, and exhipited to the students this one had not been used; I put it into the fire.

I took up the two notes either from the table or the floor. I think the table, close by where Dr. PARKMAN had fallen. I seized an old metallic pen lying on the table and dashed it a cross the face and through the signatures and put them in my pocket. I do not known why I did this rather than put them in the fire for I had not considered for a moment what effect either mode of disposing of them would have on the mortgage or my indebtedness to Dr. PRRKMAN and the other persons interested, and I had not yet given a single thought to the question as to what account I should give of the objects or result of my interview with Dr. PARKMAN. I never saw the sledge hammer spoken of by LITTLEFIELD, never knew of its existence, at least I have no recollection of it.

I left the College to go home at late as siz o'clock. I collected myself as well as I could that I might meet my family and others with composure. On Saturday I visited my rooms at the College, but made no change in the dispositions of the remains and laid no plans as to my future course, On Saturday evening I read the notice in the "*Transcript*" respecting the disappearance. It was then deeply impressed with the necessity of immediately taking some ground as to the character of my interview with Parkman, for I saw that it must become known that I had such an interview, as I had appointed it first by an unsealed note on Tuesday.—and on Friday had myself called at his house in open day, and ratified the arrangement and had there been seen,—and had probably been overheard by the man servant; I knew not by how many persons Dr. P. night have been seen entering my rooms, or how many persons he might have told by the way where he was going; the interview would in all probability be known, and I must be ready to explain it. The question excited me much, but on Sunday my course was taken. I would go into Boston, and be the first to declare myself the person as yet unknown with whom Dr. P. had made the appointment. I would take the ground that I had inveited him to the College, to pay him money, and that I had paid it; accordingly I fixed upon the sum by taking the small note and adding interest. which it appears I cast erroneously. If I had thought of this course earlier, I should not have deposited Pettee's check for $90 in the Charles River Bank on Saturday, but should have suppressed it as going so far to make up the sum which I was to have professed to have paid the day ,before, and which Pettee knew I had by me at the hour of interview. It had not occurred to me that I should even show the notes cancelled in proof of it, or I should have destroyed the large note, and let it be inferred that it was gone with the missing man, and should only have kept the small one which was all that I could pretend to have paid—My single thought was concealmens and safety. everything else was incidental to that. I was in no state to consider my ulterior pecuniary interest Money though I needed it so much, was of no account with me in that condition of mind.

If I had designed and premeditated the homicide of Dr. Parkman in order to get possession of the notes and cancel my debt, I not only should not have deposited Pettee's check the next day, but I should have made show of getting and having the money the morning before; I should have drawn the money from the bank, and taken occasion to mention to the cashier th[illegible] make up for Dr. Parkman, and th[illegible] to Henchman when I borrowed the ten dollars, I should have remarked that I was so much short of a large sum that I was to pay Dr. P.; I borrowed the money from Henchman as mere pocket money for the day; if I had intended the homicide of Dr. Parkman, I should not have made the appointment with him twice, and each time in so open a manner that others would most certainly know it; I should not have invited him to my room at an hour when the college would be full of students and others, an hour when I was most likely to receive calls from others, for that was the hour just after the lecture, at which time persons having business with me or in my rooms, were always directed to call; I looked into my rooms on Sunday afternoon, but did nothing; after the first visit of the officers I took the pelvis and some of the limbs from the upper well and threw them into the vault under the privy; I took the thorax from the well below and packed it in the tea chest as found; my own impression has been that this was not done till after the second visit of the officers, which was on Tuesday; but Kingsley's testimony shows that it must have been done sooner; the perforation of the thorax had been made by the knife at the time of removing the viscera on Wednesday; I put on the kindlings and made a fire in the furnace below, having first poked down the ashes; some of the limbs. I cannot remember which or how many were consumed at that time; this was the last I had to do with the remains—the tin box was designed to receive the thorax, though I had not concluded where I should finally put the box. The fish hooks tied up as grapples were to be used for drawing up the parts in the vaults whenever I should determine how to dispose of them and get strength enough; I had a confused double object in ordering the hooks and making the grapples; I had before intended to get such things to send to Fayal; the box to hold the plants which I wished to protect from the sea air, and the hooks to be used there in obtaining Coralline plants from the sea. It was this previously intended use of them that suggested and mixed itself up with the idea of the other application; I doubt even now, to which use they would have been appled. I had not used the hooks at the time of the discovery. The tan put in the tea chest was taken from a barrel of it that had been in the laboratory for some time; the bag of tan brought in on Monday was not used nor intended to be used; it belonged to a quantity obtained by me a long time ago for experiments in tanning, and was sent in by the family, just to get it out of the way. Its being sent in at that time was accidental. I was not aware that I had put the knife in the chest. The sticks found in the saucer of ink was for making coarse diagrams on cloth. The bunch of filed keys had been used by me long ago in Fruit st.. and thrown carelessly thrown into a drawer. I never examined them, and do not know whether they would fit any of the locks in the college or not. If there were other keys fitting doors with which I had nothing to do, I supposed they must have been all duplicates or keys of former locks left there by the mechanics or janitor. I know nothing about them, and should never be likely to notice them among the multitude of articles great and small, of all kinds, collected in my room. The janitor had furnished me with a key to the dissecting room for the admission of friends visiting the college, but I had never used it. The nitric acid on the stairs was not used to remove spots of blood, but was dropped by accident.

When the officers called for me on Friday, the 30th. I was in doubt whether I was under arrest, or whether a more strict search of my rooms was to be had—the latter hypothesis being hardly less appalling than the former. When I found that we went over Cragies' Bridge, I thought the arrest most probable; when I found that the carriage was stopping at the jail, I was sure of my fate. Before leaving the carriage I took a dose of strychnine from my pocket and swallowed it. I had prepared it in the shape of a pill before I left my laboratory on the twenty-third. I thought I could not bear to survive detection. I thought it was a large dose,—the state of my nervous system probably, defeated its action partially, —the effects of the poison was terrible beyond edscription. it was in operation at the college and before I went there but most severely afterwards.

I wrote but one of the anonymous letters produced at the trial, the one mailed at East Cambridge: the little bundle referred to in the letter detained by the jailer contained only a bottle of Nitric Acid, for domestic use. I had seen it stated in a newspaper that I had purchased a quantity of Oxalic Acid which, it was presumed, was to be used in removing blood stains. I wished the parcel to be kept untouched, that it might be shown if there should be occasion, what it really was that I had purchased; I have drawn up in separate papers an explanation of the use I intended to make of the blood sent for on Thursday, the 22d, and of the conversation with Littlefield about the dissecting vault; I think that Pettee, in his testimony on the trial, put too strongly my words about having settled with Dr. P.; whatever I did say of the kind was in the hope I entertained that I should be able to pacify Dr. P.; and make some arrangements with him, and was said in order to quiet Pettee, who was becoming restive under the solicitation of Dr. P.' [After Dr. Webster had stated most of the facts recorded above on the 23d May, this question with all the earnestness, solemnity, and authority of tone Dr. Putnam was master of, was addressed him.] 'Dr. Webster, in all probability your days are numbered—you cannot, you dare not speak falsely to me now—you must not die with a lie in your mouth—so prove to yourself that your repentance for the sins of your past life is sincere. Tell me the truth then—a confidence to be kept sacred during your lifetime, and as much longer as my regard for the happiness of your family shall seem to me to require, and the interest of truth and justice to permit—search to the bottom of your heart for the history of your motives and tell me before God, did it never occur to you before the decease of Dr. Parkman, that his death, if you could bring it to pass, would be of great advantage to you, or at least that personal injury to him might possibly be the result of your exdected conference with him? As a dying man I charge you to answer me truly and exactly, or else be silent: had you not such a thought? 'No, never!' said he, with energy and feeling, 'As I live, and as God is my witness, never! I was no more capable of such a thought than one of my innocent children. I never had the remotest idea of injuring Dr. P. until the moment the blow was struck. Dr. P. was extremely severe, sharp, and the most provoking of men, and I am irritable and passionate,—a quickheaded and brief violence of temper has been a besetting sin of my life, I was an only child, much indulged, and I have never acquired the control over my passions which I ought to have acquired early, and the consequence is all this.' 'But you notified Dr. Parkman to meet you at a certain hour, and told him you would pay him, when you knew you had not the means?' 'No,' he replied, 'I did not tell him I would pay him, and there is no evidence that I told him so, except my own words, spoken after his disappearance, and after I had determined to take the ground that I had paid him; those words were the miserable tissue of falsehood to which I was committed from the moment I had began to conceal the homicide; I never had a thought of injuring Dr. P.' [This was accompanied by the statement in which Prof. Webster attempts to explain as to his seeing Littlefield, sending for blood, and inquiring about gases from the vault.]

After reading the statement Dr. Putnam proceeded to argue as to its truthfulness, saying, that it was made when the writ of error was [illegible] also that Prof. Webster's estate was worth several thousand dollars, and that he was not in such a strait as to commit such a crime deliberately. The previous petition of Prof. Webster protesting his innocence and praying for absolute pardon, he said was got up by his family who were unwavering in their belief in his innocence until his confession was communicated to them about a week since. He concluded in asserting his belief that the confession was true. Members of the Council have retained a copy of the petition previously presented, and withdrawn by the advice of Dr. Putnam, which will probably be published. It asserts his innocence, and it also asserts that Littlefield or some other person placed the remains in his room to compass his ruin.

### *Prof. Webster.*

BOSTON, July 6.

The wife and daughters of Prof. Webster appeared before the Council yesterday, and plead in aid of petition of their husband and father, for a commutation of punishment.

Mrs. Webster said she had been unwavering in the belief of her husband's innocence, until he had made his confession. She also stated that it was chiefly through her means and representations that the petition for pardon and protestation of his innocence, were sent in after their withdrawal.

The Council sent for Dr. Putnam, and stated, that they, on certain points in the confession, had consulted separately three eminent surgeons, and a document had been prepared for him to present to Professor Webster; but before the document was read the doors were closed. It was understood that one of the questions propounded was, whether such a stick as that described in the Confession, would give such a blow as to cause death in ten minutes. All three considered not.

Other questions were answered adverse to Confession.

It is universally expected that no pardon or commutation will be granted to him.


WIDE SPREAD CELEBRITY.

"SLOAN'S COLUMN."—Attention is directed to Sloan's notices in this week's issue. His medicines are obtaining a wide-spread celebrity, and deserve trial.—[Green Bay Advocate, Wis., April 26th, 1849.

☞ See Agents' names at the head of Sloan's Column.—For further particulars and testimonials, get Pamphlets of Agents.

AN EXCELLENT MEDICINE.

W. B. Farrell's Arabian Liniment, is an excellent medicine We have used it in several instances, and have derived great benefit from its use.—*Weekly Times, Delphi, Ind. April* 20, 50.

For sale by Shoaff and Wagner.

See his Advertisement in our paper. 2w1.


### COMMERCIAL.

OFFICE OF THE SENTINEL,
Fort Wayne, July 13th, 1850.

Wheat remains at 75c. with a downward tendency; Flour 4.50; Corn 37; Oats 33; Butter 8; Eggs 8; Cheese 6a7; Lard 7.

*New York, July* 11.—Flour, 5.31a5.75; fancy 6.12a6.18; Corn 62a63.

*Buffalo, July* 11,—Market dull. Flour 4.75 a 4.87; Wheat 96; Corn 50.

## ELECTION NOTICE.

SHERIFF'S OFFICE, Allen County,
July 2, 1850.

I Hereby give notice that, in pursuance of a certificate of the Clerk of the Allen Circuit Court to me directed and delivered (a copy of which is hereto annexed) a general election will be held at the usual places of holding elections in the several townships in the county of Allen, and State of Indiana, on Monday, the 5th day of August next, for the purpose of electing a Senatorial Delegate from the district of Allen, Adams, and Wells counties, to the Convention for raising and amending the Constitution of the State; a Senator for the same district; a Representative Delegate for the county of Allen, to the Constitutional Convention; a Representative to the General Assembly for the same county. And also the following county officers, viz: one Associate Judge of the Allen Circuit Court; one County Treasurer; one County Auditor; one Sheriff; a Prosecuting Attorney; a Commissioner for the 1st district, and a Coroner.

S. S. MORSS, Sh'ff A. C. [L. S.]

State of Indiana,
Allen County, ss.

*The State of Indiana, to the Sheriff of Allen county,* GREETING:

IT is hereby certified, that at the general election, to be held on the first Monday in August A. D. 1850, the following offices are to be filled, to wit: A Senatorial Delegate to the convention, for the counties of Allen, Adams, and Wells; a Senator, for the Senatorial district of the counties of Allen, Adams, and Wells; a Representative Delegate to the Convention, for the county of Allen; a Representative to the Legislature, for the county of Allen; an Associate Judge of the Allen Circuit Court; a Sheriff; a county Commissioner; a Prosecuting Attorney; a Coroner; an Auditor, and a Treasurer, for the county of Allen.

Witness my hand and the seal of said [L. S.] Allen Circuit Court, this 7th day of June, 1850. R. E. FLEMING, Clk.

I, Samuel S. Morss, Sheriff of said county of Allen, do hereby certify the above and foregoing to be a correct and true copy of the original, now on file in my office.

S. S. MORSS, Sh'ff A. C. [L. S.]

July 2, 1850. 2

## Plank Road Notice.

A meeting of those favorable to the construction of a Plank Road, from Muncie to intersect the Bluffton and Ft. Wayne Plank Road, will be held at Hartford, on Saturday, August 10th, 1850. Delegates from all the counties interested in the work are requested to be in attendance.

July 12, 1850. 2

State of Indiana, DeKalb County, } In the DeKalb CircuitCourt, in vacation before Nov. term.

BILL IN CHANCERY.

Jehu Smith vs. Rhoda Smith.

NOTICE is hereby given to the above named defendant, Rhoda Smith, that on the 5th day of July, A. D 1850, the above named complainant, Jehu Smith, filed in the office of the clerk of said court his bill of complaint in this behalf; and unless said defendant appear at the next term of said court, and plead, answer or demur to said bill, the same will be taken as confessed, and a decree had thereon accordingly.

S. W. SPROTT, Clerk.

MORRIS, Sol for Compl't
July 5, 1850. [$1 60] 3w2

AN ACT *to prevent frauds upon the revenue.*
[APPROVED JANUARY 16, 1850.]

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Indiana,* That from and after the passage of this act, it shall not be lawful for any supervisor of roads and highways, either by himself, agent, or attorney, directly or indirectly, to work out any tax, or any part thereof, which is now, or may hereafter be assessed for road purposes, against the person or property of any person or persons, corporation or corporations, other than that which may be assessed against the person or property of said supervisor, or which he may at the time said work may be done have a lien upon, nor shall it be lawful for any such supervisor to give any receipt or certificate, or other evidence in writing, for any work or labor done on the roads in his district, unless the same shall have done prior to the 1st day of October in each year, nor shall it be lawful for any supervisor to give an order or orders, draft or drafts on the township treasurer of his township for road moneys belonging to his district until the work for which said order or orders, draft or drafts may be given, shall have been done, or the job completed and accepted by said supervisor.

SEC. 2. Any supervisor offending against any of the provisions of this act shall for every such offence, forfeit and pay a fine not exceeding fifty dollars, to be recovered by presentment or indictment in the circuit court.

SEC. 3. This act to take effect and be in force in the counties of DeKalb, Allen, and Steuben only, from and after its passage.

## NOTICE.

THE Bookselling and Stationery Business heretofore conducted by Stophlet & Co. will hereafter be continued under the firm of Heustis & Stophlet. A. C. HEUSTIS, SAM'L STOPHLET.

Post Office Buildings, Fort Wayne, July 5, 1850 } 1

THE most beautiful Show Case in the city for sale by R. C. FILSON.

## CITY MARKET.

THE Subscriber has fitted up a meat market on Calhoun street, one door south of Mrs. Dykes's store, in the store room formerly occupied by R. C. Filson, where he keeps constantly on hand, the

BEST MEATS

the country affords. A word to the farmers:— You that have FAT CATTLE, Calves, Sheep, and Hogs, can get the highest market price, in Cash by delivering them to the subscriber. HARRISON ROBERTS.

July 6, 1850. tf—1

## Meat Market,

*On the Canal, one door west of Wells's Grocery.*

THE Subscriber would respectfully inform the citizens of Fort Wayne that he has opened his market again, and intends keeping constantly on hand a choice variety of Fresh Meats as good as the country affords.

1 E. M. SOULES.

ANOTHER ARRIVAL.

## LATEST STYLES.

MRS. DYKES has just received a full supply of Summer Goods, of the very latest fashions; including the very newest styles of BONNETS; Ribbons, Artificials, and Trimmings of all kinds; Crape SHAWLS, plain and embroidered; Silk do.; DRESS GOODS—Berages, Lawns, Ginghams, changeable, black, and colored plain and figured Silks; embroidered Lawn, &c., &c. In short, a full stock of every variety and the very latest fashions. The ladies are particularly invited to give them an inspection

HAVANNA SEGARS.

A Choice lot of Havanna Segars, consisting of Principes, Casadoras, La Normas, Yaras, spotted Lastres Coronas, &c., &c. For sale at C. L. HILL'S Book Store.

C. L. HILL'S BOOK STORE

*REMOVED to Watson Wall & Co.'s old Stand, on Calhoun st., next door to P. Kiser's.*

C. L. HILL informs the public that he has removed to Watson Wall & Co.'s old stand, where he will be happy to see his old customers, and give them his usual good bargains in Books, Stationery, Fancy Articles, &c.

Having a BINDING Establishment attached, he is prepared to bind works in a good, substantial manner, and after the latest styles.

Call and examine before purchasing elsewhere. June 26, 1850.

## GREAT BARGAINS!

COLERICK & WITHERS

HAVE been appointed Agents for selling the INDIANAPOLIS & BELLEFONTAINE RAIL ROAD LANDS in Northern Indiana, and are now prepared to sell Lands at *Cheaper Rates* and on *Better Terms* than ever before offered.— The Lands embrace **40,000** to **50,000 ACRES** of the Choicest Lands in Indiana. Terms, one fourth of the purchase money down and a credit of from one to eight years on the balance.

Among the above Lands are the well known Harrison Lands in this County.

Fort Wayne, June 28, 1850.

A NOVELTY IN THE TRADE!

*Foreign and Domestic Dry Goods,*

AND READY MADE CLOTHING

AT WHOLESALE, BY THE SAME HOUSE!

TWEEDY, MOULTON & PLIMPTON, Importers and Jobbers, 47 Broadway, New York, are now receiving from Europe an extensive assortment of FOREIGN DRY GOODS, which they offer for sale, on Credit, or for Cash, by the piece or package; also, a very extensive assortment of DOMESTIC DRY GOODS, to which they invite the attention of Merchants, upon the same terms.

The stock of READY MADE CLOTHING is offered in the second story of our extensive warehouse, and is under the direction and control of our associates in this department, under the firm of Davenport & Gardner, who are practical Tailors, and have had a long experience in this branch.

Our *Stock of Dry Goods and Ready Made Clothing* is unrivalled for the extent of the assortment, and cheapness and style of the fabrics, which are designed for the West and Southwestern trade.

New York, June 10, 1850. 3m51

SALE OF SCHOOL LANDS.

NOTICE is hereby given that the east half of the North east quarter of section thirty (30), and the North-east quarter of the North-east quarter of section seventeen (17), in township thirty three (33), north of range fifteen (15) east, in the county of De Kalb, state of Indiana (it being lands granted to said township aforesaid for school purposes), will be offered for sale by the undersigned, the Auditor and Treasurer of De Kalb county, at the Court House door in the town of Auburn, on the 21st day of August next, between the hours of 10 o'clock A. M. and 4 P. M. of said day. Terms of sale made known on the day of sale.

M. WATERMAN, A. D. C.
WESLEY PARK, T. D. C.

Auburn, June 14, 1850, 51td

State of Indiana, DeKalb County. } In the DeKalb Circuit Court, Fall Term, 1850.

BILL IN CHANCERY.

John E. Hill, vs. Blanderman B. Burley, Wm. W. Burley, John B. Burley, and James H. Burley.

IT appearing by affidavit now on file in the office of the clerk of said court, that one of the above named defendants, namely John B. Burley, is not a resident of said State of Indiana: Notice of the filing and pendency of said bill in Chancery is hereby given to him, the said John B. Burley, and that unless he appear at the next term of said court, to be begun and held at the court house in the town of Auburn, in said De Kalb county, at the time fixed by law, and plead, answer or demur to said bill, the same will be taken as confessed against him, and a decree rendered thereon accordingly.

S. W. SPROTT, Clerk.

Morris, Sol. for Compl't.

June 14, 1850. [$2 20] 3w52.

State of Indiana, DeKalb County.

In the DeKalb Circuit Court, vacation before November term, 1850.

BILL FOR DIVORCE.

Mary Harkrader, vs. Joseph Harkrader.

IT appearing by affidavit now on file in the office of the clerk of said court that the above named Joseph Harkrader is not a resident of the State of Indiana: *Notice is therefore hereby* given to said defendant, that unless he be and appear at the next term of said court, to be begun and held at the court house in the town of Auburn, in said DeKalb county, on the first Monday of November next, and plead, answer, or demur to said bill, the same will be heard and determined in his absence, and a decree had thereon accordingly. S. W. SPROTT, Clerk.

Morris, Att'y for Compl't.

June 21, 1850. [$1 90] 3w52

## Administrator's Sale.

THE undersigned, Administrator of the estate of Adam Ruch, deceased, will offer at public sale at the Court House, on Saturday, the 20th day of July next, the following real estate, to wit: The south half of the north-west quarter of section 15, township 29, north of range 13 east, containing 80 acres. Terms of sale.—One third, cash in hand; one-third, in six, and one-third in twelve months; purchaser giving notes and security, and waiving all benefit of the appraisement laws.

F. P. RANDALL, Adm'r.

June 21, 1850. 3w51

HYMN BOOKS.—Methodist Hymn Books. New & Old School Presbyterian do. HEUSTIS & STOPHLET.

## D. W. MAPLES.

HAS associated himself with H. Durrie in the manufacturing of

*Copper, Tin, and Sheet Iron Ware*

and from his long experience as a practical workman, and his thorough acquaintance with every part of the business, indulges the hope of giving satisfaction to any that may claim his services.

Particular attention will be given to all kinds of HOUSE JOBBING, such as: *Roofing* on an entirely new plan; *Guttering*, with Copper, Tin and Galvanized Iron (which is taking the place of all other metals for Guttering); *Heaters* of various descriptions; *Bathing Tubs; Shower and Hip Baths*; and REPAIRING of all kinds. He is prepared to do

*Copper and heavy Sheet Iron Work*

FOR STEAM ENGINES AND BOILERS.

He has paid considerable attention to the construction of

HOT AIR FURNACES

for heating Churches and Dwellings.

Fort Wayne, May 29, 1850.

## Huntington Cottage Inn

FOR SALE.

THE undersigned will sell, at a very low price, the above well known *Tavern Stand* in Huntington, together with or without five acres of land adjoining. It is well situate for a public house—near the Court House and other public buildings. If not soon sold it can be RENTED for a term of years

He will also sell the New STORE and HOUSE recently built by Patrick McCarty in said town of Huntington.

Also, FOUR OUT-LOTS on the Hill, in Murray's Addition to said town.

F. P. RANDALL.

Fort Wayne, March 30, '50. tf-39.

## Removal.

THE BOSTON SHOE STORE has been removed to the premises lately occupied by I. Lauferty, west of Aylsworth & Borden's, where we shall be happy to see our old customers and as many new ones as want anything in the *Boot and Shoe Line. Leather, Findings, &c. &c.* We are prepared to sell at wholesale or retail as low as any establishment in the West.

May 24, '50. T. P. ANDERSON & Co.

UNRIVALLED ATTRACTION!

## NEW BOOK STORE.

*South West Corner of Main and Calhoun Streets, Post Office Buildings.*

GREAT BARGAINS!

THE undersigned have just received and now offer for sale, at a bargain, one of the largest and best selected stocks of

**Books and Stationery**

ever brought into Indiana, consisting of Miscellaneous and School Books, of every variety and description; also, all kinds of

*Stationery and Fancy Articles.*

ATTENTION.—We would say to those wishing to make purchases in our line, either a

WHOLESALE OR RETAIL,

give us a call, and examine for yourselves before purchasing elsewhere, and our word for it, you shall go away feeling a *richer* if not a *better* man.

TO POST MASTERS.—We are prepared to furnish to post masters, at a short notice, post office paper, and all other materials used in their lines. So send on your orders

REMEMBER—"There is a tide in the affairs of men, which, taken at the flood, leads on to fortune." Do you wish to get into the current? Then call at Stophlet & Co.'s, and save your money.

*Don't forget the place*, Corner of Main and Calhoun-sts., Post Office Buildings.

OUR MOTTO —*Quick sales and small profits.*

☞ RAGS taken in exchange for trade.

STOPHLET & Co.

Fort Wayne, May 15, 1850. y45.

## NEW STORE

On the Low Pressure Cash System.

THE subscribers having entered into copartnership under the firm of Wales & McMullen, have taken the store lately occupied by Hill, Wilson & Co. and are receiving a new and choice assortment of

**DRY GOODS,**

*Groceries, Queensware, Boots and Shoes, Nails, Glass, &c.*

*Also, 50 Barrels Vinegar, Wholesale or Retail*

A word to our friends is sufficient, as we have not a great *gas* establishment to support. We intend to sell our goods at the very Lowest Cash Price. Persons wishing goods will do well to call on us before purchasing elsewhere.

S. B. WALES,
May 15, 1850. R. McMULLEN

MUSIC—A choice selection of Music on hand—more daily expected. A fresh stock will be received every two weeks; and any pieces ordered when desired. HUESTIS & STOPHLET.

## BIBLES.

JUST received, at the new Book Store, some splendid FAMILY BIBLES; also, good common do only $1 50

8 vo. and 12 mo. Bibles.

New Testaments, &c., &c.

June 1. HUESTIS & STOPHLET.

GERMAN BIBLES and Testaments; French do. do. just received. HUESTIS & STOPHLET

*Great Excitement in California*

AND GREAT BARGAINS

*At the California Store, Calhoun st., Ft. Wayne.*

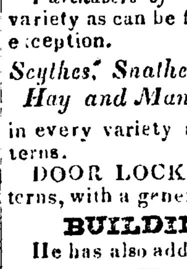
SELLING off at cost for CASH,—Wholesale or retail. We intend to change our trade to one kind—Groceries and Provisions. Country Merchants, call and see.

N. B. FARMS and WILD LANDS for sale; inquire at the CALIFORNIA STORE, Corner of Calhoun & Pearl sts., Fort Wayne.

June 1, 1850. J. C. BOWSER & Co.

## New Hardware.

THE Subscriber has this week received a new stock of HARDWARE, and having greatly increased his assortment is prepared to supply any demand in the way of hardware.



*To Mechanics* he offers extra inducements in the way of

TOOLS,

and can furnish any variety of undoubted quality.

*Purchasers of* STOVES will find as great a variety as can be found in the West, without any exception.

*Scythes, Snathes, Cradles, Shovels, Spades, Hay and Manure Forks, Hoes and Axes,* in every variety and of the most approved patterns.

DOOR LOCKS and LATCHES of new patterns, with a general assortment of

**BUILDING MATERIALS.**

He has also added to his business a

**NEW TIN SHOP,**

and is prepared to do any work in *Tin, Copper and Sheet Iron*, on the most favorable terms.

Dealers in the above Goods are respectfully invited to call before purchasing.

June 1. y48 HORACE DURRIE.

## Iron and Nails.

JUST RECEIVED, Round and Square Iron, 3 16ths to 2 inches; Flat Bar do., of all sizes; Hoop and Band do., of all sizes; Oval Nail Rod, a superior article; a large lot for sale

y HORACE DURRIE.

BLANK BOOKS, &c., &c.

JUST RECEIVED.—a large and splendid assortment of BLANK BOOKS of every kind and size. Also, Blank Deeds, Notes, Executions, &c. &c. for sale cheap.

Good Writing Paper at $1,75 per ream. Call at No. 2 Hanna's Block. C. L. HILL.

## The Farmers' Depot,

*Removed to Ewell's Old Store, foot of Calhoun Street Bridge.*

ORFF & SCHWEGMAN return their thanks to their numerous friends for the liberal patronage they have received since their commencement in business, and respectfully inform them that they have removed to the store formerly occupied by S. & W. S. Edsall, where they have just received a general and well selected assortment of

**NEW GOODS,**

adapted to the coming season. The goods have been selected with great care in New York, will be found to embrace all the newest styles in vogue, and will be sold at the very LOWEST PRICES. The stock of

DRY GOODS

includes Berages, Lawns, Ginghams, Calicoes, De Laines, Cross barred and Cambric Muslins, Mull, Swiss, Jaconet, and other Dress Goods; French Braid, Lace, Pearl, Straw, Gimp and Leghorn Bonnets; Ribbons and Trimmings; Parasols, Artificials, Tabs, Rushes, Collars, Caps, Insertings, Lace, Edgings, Dotted Muslins; Shirtings, Sheetings, Drillings, and other staple articles; Summer Goods of all kinds, Vestings, Cassimeres, Jeans, Tweeds, Broadcloths, Sattinetts, &c.

BOOTS & SHOES.—Kid welted Buskins, Excelsiors, Patent Leather, Gaiters, Bootees, Slippers, &c. Children's Do. Do. in great variety—all sorts, sizes, qualities, and prices. Kip and Cowhide Boots, Shoes, & Brogans

A full assortment of

**READY MADE CLOTHING,**

Tweed, Alpacca, Merino, plain Linen & Checked Coats and Pants; Vests of all qualities and prices.

## Groceries.

Coffee, Young Hyson, Old Hyson, Imperial, and Black Teas; Loaf, Chrushed, Powdered, & New Orleans' Sugars; Molasses; Pepper, Alspice, Ginger, Cinnamon, Cloves, & Nutmegs; Madder, Alum, Logwood, Indigo, Copperas, and other DYE STUFFS. Cavendish, Honey Dew, Plug, and fine cut Pressed Chewing Tobacco; Mrs. Miller's best Smoking Do., Pipes. A few thousand prime Colorado Spanish Cigars; Rice, Pearl barley; Oatmeal, Currants, Raisins; Soap, Starch, &c.

*Hardware, Iron, Nails, & Glass.*

Those in want of goods are invited to call, as they may depend on finding the best of articles at the lowest prices.

April 27, 1850. y43.

BONNETS.—French Lace, Gimp, Lawn, Pearl Straw, Straw, and Leghorn Bonnets; Leghorn Flats and other Misses' Bonnets; Boy's Birdseye Hats, &c., &c. ORFF & SCHWEGMAN.

## SPRING FASHIONS

JUST RECEIVED.

MRS. DYKES informs her friends and the public in general that she is now receiving a NEW and

FASHIONABLE ASSORTMENT OF

## SPRING GOODS

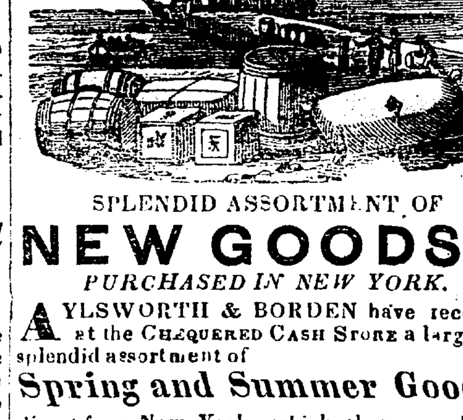
of the latest styles and best quality. She has made such arrangements in New York as will enable her to be in the constant receipt of

**New Goods Every Month,**

by which means she can always present her customers with the latest fashions. Every novelty in Ladies' Dress will be received here as soon as it appears in the Eastern markets.

April 12, 1850. y40.

*Great Arrival of New Goods*



SPLENDID ASSORTMENT OF

## NEW GOODS!!

*PURCHASED IN NEW YORK.*

AYLSWORTH & BORDEN have received at the Chequered Cash Store a large and splendid assortment of

**Spring and Summer Goods,**

direct from New York, which they are determined to sell the citizens of Allen and adjoining Counties cheaper than they can be bought at any other store in this or any other western town.— Their stock is very large and well selected, and feeling confident they can please *new* as well as *old customers*, and the public generally, they invite *every body* to call and examine for themselves. The most of our stock is bought with a view to Wholesale as well as Retail; and we would here say to the Country Merchants that want to replenish their stocks, that we will sell them for Cash as cheap as cheap as they can buy in Cincinnati, adding freight, &c.

Their stock consists in part of French and English Wool dyed Cloths; Beaver do.; Tweeds; Black and Fancy Cassimeres; Sattinetts, all styles and prices; Kentucky Jeans; Fancy Tweeds; Plain and Fancy Satin and Marseilles Vestings; Gents.' Linen Drills, white and plain; Riding Cord, and Beaverteen. One hundred pieces Cottonades, and all kinds of summer wear for Men and Boys; Farmer Drills and Burlaps; Nankeens, Blue Drills, &c.

LADIES' DRESS GOODS

We particularly invite the attention of the Ladies to our assortment of Dress Goods, as we think we can suit every variety of taste. SIX HUNDRED PIECES Fancy Blue and Orange and Mourning Prints; French and English Chambray Ginghams; Plain and Fancy French and Embroidered and Mourning Lawn. Lots of fine Dress Goods, consisting in part of Linen Barages, Linen Chambrays, Linen Lustres, Linen Ginghams, Chameleon and changeable Lustres, Jaconets, plain, dotted and Embroidered; and Swiss Muslins.

BONNETS.—French Lace, Florence Braid, English and common Straw, Misses' Bonnets, and Legorn Flats.

HATS.—Fashion Silk and Fur Hats, Leghorn Hats, of all styles and prices; Pedal, China Pearl, Canada, and Palm Leaf Hats.

BOOTS & SHOES.—Domestic Manufactured Coarse and Kip Boots, Brogans, and Women and Children's Lace Boots, received from New York; also a beautiful stock of Ladies' Slippers, Buskins, Excelsiors, Gaiters, new styles; Walking Shoes, and lots of Children's Shoes.

All kinds of Yankee Notions, at wholesale or retail; Groceries, Queensware, Wall Paper, Window Shades, &c.

All kinds of approved Country Produce taken in exchange for Goods, at *Cash Prices.*— Don't forget the place, "CHEQUERED" Store No. 27, Columbia Street. One thing is certain, we are determined to sell our Goods cheap, and sell them for pay. Our motto is, now, Cash or Produce in hand, or no sale.

Fort Wayne, April 27, 1850. y43

*The Old Tin Shop---Removal.*

R. SUTHERLAND informs his friends that he has REMOVED to the *City Foundry Stove Depot*, one door east of Gray's Old Store, where he hopes for a continuation of the patronage received at his Old Stand. He has made arrangements with the Foundry to have a constant supply of superior STOVES; and having employed an additional number of workmen, will keep a full assortment of TINWARE on hand. All orders executed with dispatch, and in the most workmanlike style—terms moderate.

Feb. 16, 1850. 33

## New Light!

JUST received, a New BURNING FLUID that gives a superior light without danger of exploding; also a small assortment of LAMPS. For sale by HORACE DURRIE.

# JOY TO THE AFFLICTED!

GENUINE ORIGINAL

W. B. FARRELL'S

# CELEBRATED ARABIAN LINIMENT.

THE high reputation of this extraordinary medicine, in the cure of many diseases of Horses and Cattle, has attracted the attention of the whole farming community. Many of the most learned Physicians, Farriers, and Hotel Keepers of the day have given their testimony in its favor, and it is now extensively used in most of the Livery and Sale stables of our western cities with never failing success. It is six years since I first offered this article to the public, and although counterfeited by many, the Original and Genuine stands high above all the Liniments and Ointments ever introduced in this or any other age of the world.

On the Human System it is used with the most unabounded success in all kinds of Rheumatism, or loss of Muscular Power, and all other diseases of the Muscles and Joints, Numbness, Sprains and Bruises, Swellings of all kinds, Pains, &c.; Frosted Limbs, Burns, Wounds and Cuts, Spiral Affections, Crick or Lameness of the Back, Old Sores, Goitre, or Swelled Neck, Sore Throat, Bealings of the Female Breats, Bites of poisonous Snakes, Corns and Warts, Salt Rheum, Mange, Erysipelas, Sore Eyes, even to partial Blindness. Sore Lips, Sore Hands, Nervous Headache, Neuralgia, or darting prinsthrough the Head or Face, and all Inflammatory and Nervous diseases.

For the following diseases of Horses and Cattle it is an absolute specific, viz:—Sweeney, Stiff Complaint, Big Head, Founder, Spavin, Splint, Hard Tumors, Galls, Chafes, Sprains, Bruise, Scratches, old Wounds, or Cuts, and fresh ones, Sore Eyes, Hollow Horn, and all Inflammatory diseases.

*A host of testimonies of cures the most wonderful and extraordinary* can be seen by reference to the pamphlets with the agents.

FROM THE MEDICAL FACULTY.—*Copy of a Letter from my Agent at St. Louis, Missouri.*

Mr. W. B. Farrell: Dear Sir, You will please send us another supply of your Arabian Liniment. The quantity you left with us is nearly all sold. I think a large quantity can be sold, as every person that has used the liniment speaks of it in the highest terms of praise.

Yours, with respect, Dr. E. EASTERLY.

St. Louis, Mo., April 27, 1848.

BURNS, SORES, ACHES AND PAINS.—Mr. James Landis, living on Jefferson street, Chicago, March 18, 1850, says:

Your Arabian Liniment is now our Family Medicine. We use nothing else for Burns, Sores, Aches and Pains. Our neighbors prize it as highly as we do. Send me a dollar bottle by the bearer.

STILL MORE WONDERFUL!

I, Daniel B. Schillinger, of Westchester township, Porter county, Ind., having been afflicted with Hernia or Rupture, for twenty years, so badly that I could not work more tahn half my time. I have tried truss pads and everything that I thought would give me relief, but found nothing until I tried your Arabian Liniment. I have used one bottle and found great relief. In ten minutes after I make the application I can go to work, as it keeps the bowels up so good. I have now got the last bottle your agent, Mr. Williamson, had on hand. I would not be without it for all I possess; and am confident this bottle will cure me, as I am now nearly well. I state this for the benefit of others similarly afflicted. DANIEL B. SCHILLINGER.

*This is to certify* that we know Daniel B. Schellinger for four years, and believe the above statement to be true JOHN WILLIAMSON,

Calumet, Porter Co., Ia., Feb. 13, 1850. W. H. KNIGHT, P. M.

SPURIOUS MIXTURES ABOUND.—Beware! beware of a base counterfeit which has sprung up on the reputation of the Original and Genuine Arabian Liniment. It is called H. G. Farrell's. Look out for this humbug! Nobody knows anything about the mode of making my Liniment. Remember that my written signature is on the wrapper of the bottle, and my name also blown in the glass bottle.

Observe well that the letters W. B. are before Farrell—thus, W. B. FARRELL.

☞ Bottles are of three sizes at 30 cts, 50 cts, and $1.

The original and genuine Article is for sale by the following Agents:—James B. Shoaff and Henry Wagner, Fort Wayne; Jesse Davis, Huntington; Reed & Co., Lagro; Dr. Peters, Wabashtown; M. M. Merriam, Wolf Lake; Peter Heller, Eel River; S. S. Strong, Elkhart Co.; Wm. J. Matchd, Goshen; S. Linsley & Co., Toledo; J. Owen & Co., Detroit; and by merchants and Druggists duly appointed through the United States.

GRAND DEPOT, 50 Randolph Street, Chicago—W. B. FARRELL, *Proprietor*, to whom orders must be addressed. 6m37.

LADIES' SHOES.—Gaiters, Excelsiors, Walking Shoes, and Slippers; Misses' and children's do. a full assortment. ORFF & SCHWEGMAN.

GIMPS, Braids, Cheneille, and Coronation Cords, Fringes, Buttons, and other Dress *Trimmings, newest styles, just received.* April 27. ORFF & SCHWEGMAN.

GLOVES.—Ladies' and Gentlemen's Kid, Silk, Lisle and Cotton Gloves. ORFF & SCHWEGMAN.

*SHAWLS AND SCARFS*

A beautiful and fashionable assortment just received, including De Laine, Silk, Crape and Embroidered, Shawls, and Scarfs, Dress Handkerchiefs; Linen, Cambric, and Silk pocket do. &c. ORFF & SCHWEGMAN.

MUSIC—A good assortment of the newest and most popular Music,—arranged for the Piano and Guitar. Hunton's Piano Instructor; Howe's Violin do.; Howe's Guitar do. Also, a good assortment of Church Music.

May 11, 1850. C. L. HILL.

## First Arrival.

B. MASON has just received a tremendous assortment of

NEW AND FASHIONABLE

**Spring and Summer Goods,**

consisting of Lawns, Ginghams, Calicoes, Silks, Ribbons, Trimmings Shawls, Bonnets, Parasols; Muslins, Drillings, Cloths, &c., &c., to which he invites public attention, confident it will be found the cheapest, best, and most splendid stock ever offered in the place. He has no time to give particulars this week, and therefore recommends his friends to call and see for themselves.

Also, a choice stock of GROCERIES, HARDWARE, QUEENSWARE, &c., &c.

April 12.

CALICOES, Spring styles; Linen Ginghams, Lawns, French and Swiss Ginghams, Organdie Lawns, Chambray Ginghams, Berages, Plain, striped and figured, black and colored Silks, and a great variety of other seasonable DRESS GOODS just received.

April 12. MRS. DYKES.

## NEW DRUG STORE

*REMOVED to Brackenridge's New Brick, on the opposite side of Calhoun-st.*

WATSON WALL & Co. inform the public that they have removed to Mr. Brackenridge's Store, in the new Brick Block, nearly opposite their old stand, where they offer for sale a full assortment of Drugs, Medicines, Paints, Oils, Dye Stuffe, &c., at as low prices (if not lower) as any other establishment.

Those wishing to make purchases will do well to call before purchasing elsewhere.

May 3, 1850. 4

## Removal.

S. BEAL informs the public that he has removed his *Liquor Store and Rectifying Establishment* to Mr. Garnsey's building in the new brick block on Calhoun Street (nearly opposite P. Kiser's) where he will be pleased to see his old customers, and supply them as heretofore with genuine Foreign

**WINES AND LIQUORS;**

superior domestic do.; and his celebrated *double rectified* WHISKEY.

DRAPERY.—Embroidered White Window Curtains—a new and beautiful article. MRS. DYKES.

BRISTOL BOARDS, Perforated Paper, Drawing Paper, &c., &c., just received. HUESTIS & STOPHLET.

## ISTHMUS HOTELS.

CHAGRES, CRUCES, } AND { GORGONA, PANAMA.

THE IRVING HOUSE,
At Chagres, Wallace W. Williams, assisted by Hugh Miller.

THE PANAMA RAILROAD HOTEL,
At Gorgona, under the management of A. B. Miller and J. F. Conger.

THE AMERICAN HOTEL,
At Cruces, under the management of E. R. Folger and Hugh Miller, Jr.

THE UNITED STATES HOTEL,
At Panama, under the management of Adrian B. Miller.

MERCHANDIZE

Consigned to Wallace W. Williams at Chagres, or Adrian B. Miller, at Panama, will be particularly attended to, and will be transmitted across the Isthmus on the most favorable terms, and with the greatest dispatch, they having more extensive facilities than any house on the Isthmus.

REFERENCES.

| | |
|---|---|
| Hussey & Murray, N. Y. | Panama Railroad Co. N. Y. |
| J. Howard & Sons, " | Coleman & Stetson, Astor House |
| Chas. Morgan, Esq., " | D. D. Howard, Irving House, " |
| R. S. Williams & Co. " | A. Flower, Pacific Hotel, " |
| Geo. Law, Esq, " | C. S. Coleman Troy House, Troy |
| Abbey & Freeman, " | Miller, Harris & Wald, N. Orleans |
| John G. Miller, Esq., " | Smith & Miller, " |
| Folger & Clift, Sacramento. | B. F. Folger, Panama. |
| H. P. Osborne, Esq. " | Abraham B. Coleman, Esq. Burnett House, Cincinnati. 49 |
| Geo. Coleman, Esq. " | |

BRITANNIA SETS for Coffee, Tea, Sugar and Cream: A few sets, of new patterns just received by HORACE DURRIE.

CASH PAID FOR RAGS—Bring them along to No. 2, Hanna's Block. C. L. HILL.

WRAPPING PAPER—Crown, Medium and Double Crown—a superior article, cheap. C. L. HILL.

JAS. M. BLOSSOM,

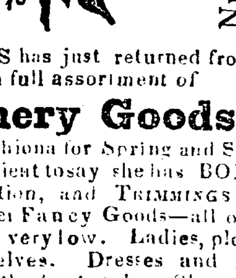
DRAPER AND TAILOR.

*Calhoun Street, Fort Wayne.*

Keeps constantly on hand all kinds of GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING GOODS.

May 11, 1850. 34y

NEW Fashions



AND New Bonnets.

MISS WELLS has just returned from New York with a full assortment of

**Millinery Goods.**

and the latest Fashions for Spring and Summer and thinks it sufficient to say she has BONNETS of every description, and Trimmings of all kinds, beside other Fancy Goods—all of which she intends to sell very low. Ladies, please call and see for yourselves. Dresses and Bonnets made to order, in the best style. Shop as usual on the south side of Columbia Street.

May 3, 1850. 45

SCHOOL BOOKS.—A good assortment of all the kinds in use in this city, just received.

May 11, 1850. C. L. HILL.

PRINTING PAPER—22 by 32, 21 by 29, 24 by 38, a first rate article. Any other size furnished to order on short notice.

May 11, 1850. C. L. HILL.

PALM Leaf, Leghorn, Panama, Pearl Straw, Silk, and Fur HATS—just rec'd. at No. 3.

April 27, 1850. M. DRAKE Jr.

BONNETS.—Leghorn, Pearl Straw, French Braid, Florence, Lace, Gimp, Chip, Jenny Lind, English Straw, Tulip Satin, Pedal, and various other new styles of Bonnets. Also, Misses' and Children's Flats and Bonnets, just received. M. DRAKE Jr.

[redacted]

## Important to Buyers.

JUST RECEIVED,—and for sale low by the quantity or otherwise,—a choice lot of GROCERIES, viz:

| | |
|---|---|
| Coffee, | Tea, |
| Sugar, | Allspice, |
| Pepper, | Ginger, |
| Mustard, | Cinnamon, |
| Saleratus, | Cloves. |

Also, Brunson's fine cut TOBACCO—a fine article for smoking. JAMES B. SHOAFF,

June 10, '50. Under Odd Fellows' Hall.

JUST RECEIVED,

100 KEGS Pure White Lead;
100 " No. 1 " "
3 bbls. Dayton Linseed Oil;
500 lbs. Best steam made Putty;
300 " Litharge, &c., &c.

For sale cheap for Cash by JAMES B. SHOAFF, Under Odd Fellows' Hall.

## Stoves!

A New and full assortment of the latest and best improved patterns of Cooking Stoves; a full supply of Iron and Nails; a large addition of Hardware; a beautiful lot of Locks, Latches, &c.; and the finest assortment of Shovels, Forks, Snathes, Scythes, and cast steel Hoes ever before offered. Also, Stock to supply the trade. Just received in good order, and for sale low by B. W. OAKLEY.

## Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given to the Stockholders of the Fort Wayne and Bluffton Turnpike company, that 15 per cent, of the capital stock of the company, or three and 75 100ths dollars on each share thereof, will be called for at the end of sixty days from the date hereof, which will be on the 11th day of August next; payable to the Treasurer at his office in the city of Ft. Wayne.

By order of the Board of Directors.

THOS. W. SWINNEY, Pres't.

Peter P. Bailey, Treas.

June 12, 1850. 2a59

## Groceries at Wholesale.

JUST RECEIVED—and for sale at the lowest rates—a choice lot of Family Groceries, consisting of Rio Coffee, Young Hyson and Gunpowder Teas, Malaga Raisins, Tobacco, Herring, &c. S. BEAL, Phenix Block, Calhoun-st.

## Wholesale Paper Warehouse.

C. L. HILL, Stationer, Calhoun Street, Fort Wayne, has made arrangements to be in the constant receipt of

*Writing, Printing, and Wrapping Paper*

of all sizes and qualities; Bonnet Board, Card Board, Bristol Board, Perforated Board, Drawing Paper, &c.; which he will be enabled to sell at wholesale at Cincinnati prices, adding transportation. He also offers all kinds of

**BLANK BOOKS,**

Records, Day Books, Ledgers, Journals, Dockets, Memorandums, Pass Books, &c., &c., lower than ever before sold in this state.

Country Dealers, County Officers, and others, can be supplied at this establishment on the most favorable terms.

RAGS taken at the highest market price in exchange for Paper or Books.

BY RAILROAD AND STEAM!

## OLD No. 3

**Jones's Block, Fort Wayne, Ia.**

IS again filled up with a large and choice stock of the right kind of NEW SPRING GOODS, consisting of

**DRY GOODS,**

*Straw Goods, Boots, Shoes, and Slippers, Crockery, Hardware, &c., &c.,*

of every kind and variety, which will be sold at a small profit. Another large supply of that good, yard-wide COTTON CLOTH

SIXTEEN YDS. FOR ONE DOLLAR.

Do not take any one's word for it, but call and see for yourself.

WANTED.—Black Salts, and all kinds of produce, for which the highest price will be paid.

FOR SALE.—Saleratus at 4½ cents by wholesale, and 6¼ cents at retail.

May 1, '50. MOSES DRAKE, Jr., *Capt.*

SHOES, GAITERS, &c.—Just received at No. 3, a nice assortment of Ladies', Misses' and Children's Gaiters, Excelsiors, Buskins, Walking Shoes, and Slippers—cheap and good.

April 27, 1850. M. DRAKE Jr.

## The Old Drug Store

*Once more in Motion.*

CHAS R. WALKER having taken charge of the *Old Drug Store* formerly occupied by Dr. Beecher, is now ready to supply Physicians and Families and all others who may wish to purchase, with

**Pure Drugs and Medicines**

at the lowest prices. We would enumerate *articles* and *quantities regardless of expense*, but the Printers inform us that our neighbors have used all the Ciphers, and we shall have to wait until a fresh supply is received. "So mote it be."— We can only say that we could *Brag* equal to any; therefore we shall have to be modest in spite of ourselves in the way of advertising.— Come one, come all, examine prices and qualities and we shall be satisfied. Recollect the Old Drug Store is the place to buy cheap.

## Valuable Farm for Sale.

THE subscriber offers for sale his farm, six miles east of Fort Wayne, near the canal, consisting of one hundred acres of excellent land, eighty acres of which are well improved; with frame DWELLING HOUSE, 36 by 47 feet, well finished with a first rate cellar under it; two good wells of water, and several fine springs; a good FRAME BARN, 36 by 45, with underground stables; an excellent orchard, producing from 5 to 700 bushels of the best kind of apples annually, with peaches, plums, grapes, &c. The farm is in first best order and repair, and will be sold at a great bargain. It is very pleasantly situated, and in all respects one of the most valuable and desirable farms in the county. Possession will be given at any time the purchaser may desire.

For further particulars inquire of the subscriber on the premises, or of the editor of this paper.

RUFUS McDONALD.

April 2, 1850. 30tf.

## Saleratus Manufactory.

THE undersigned being now engaged in the manufacturing of SALERATUS on the most approved principles, can fill orders for any quantity, and of a *quality far superior* to any before made in the place. He begs to call the attention of dealers along the canal line and surrounding country, to his establishment, as he is now able to compete with any other, and is determined that the quality and price of his article shall be such as to make it to the interest of buyers to deal with him; he would therefore invite the trade to call and examine quality, price, &c. before purchasing elsewhere. Orders attended to with dispatch.

Office, on the canal, south side, east of Hanna's Block. OSCAR BLAIN.

Fort Wayne, March 23, 1850. 38tf.

CARPET BAGS and Satchels, Umbrellas, Parasols, &c. ORFF & SCHWEGMAN

## 20,000 lbs. Wool Wanted

AT THE

FORT WAYNE

## Woollen Manufactory.

RUDISILL & WOLKE return their thanks to the public for the liberal patronage they have received, and respectfully inform them that they have made large additions to their Machinery of the newest and best kinds, and having obtained skillful workmen from the east, are now prepared to take any quantity of wool in the fleece and manufacture it into

*CLOTHS, Cassimeres, Sattinetts, Flannels, Blankets, &c.*

warranted as good, if not better, than any other establishment in the west. Wool will be worked on shares, or taken in pay for goods. They have also on hand

4,000 YARDS OF WOOLEN GOODS

which they offer for sale or in exchange for wool on the most liberal terms.

WOOL CARDING

We have two double and two single carding machines ready for operation and will do any amount of Custom Carding in the best manner and on the shortest notice. Persons to expect good rolls must have their wool well cleaned and free from burrs, and to every eight pounds of wool one pound of clean lard, otherwise the price of lard will be charged extra. All wool brought in the above condition will be warranted to be well carded. Price for Carding is 5 cents per pound; wool will be received in pay for carding and price will be according to quality. Directions should be given when wool is brought whether the pay is to be Cash or Wool.

CLOTH DRESSING AND DYEING.

We are also prepared to do any amount of Country Cloth Dressing and dyeing, on the shortest notice, and in the best workmanlike manner.

LINSEED OIL.

We have also on hand the article of Linseed Oil by wholesale or retail; and the highest price in Cash or Oil will be paid for Flaxseed.

RUDISILL & WOLKE.

Fort Wayne, April 27, 1850. y44.

*LADIES' SHOES.*

WHITE Satin Slippers, White Kid do. Patent Leather, Kid, Morocco and Lasting Shoes, Buskins, and Gaiters: Children's Shoes, &c., &c. A new and full assortment. MRS. DYKES.

PARASOLS.—Satin Turk, Silk, and Gingham—a beautiful lot just received by express. MRS. DYKES.

MUSLIN DE LAINES, Grandilla, Soi de Foie, &c., &c., new west spring fashions, just received. MRS. DYKES.

SWISS MUSLINS; Cambric, Jaconet, Mull Spotted Swiss, and Barred Muslin; Bishop's and Victoria Lawns, &c. &c. MRS. DYKES.

LADIES' GLOVES—Black, White and colored Kid, Silk, Cotton, and Lisle Thread. Children's and Misses' do. MRS. DYKES.

## SLOAN'S COLUMN.

☞ All the Medicines and Books advertised by W. B. Sloan are sold by merchants, Druggists, &c., in nearly every town in all the Western States, and by H. B. REED, general wholesale and retail Agent, Fort Wayne.

## THE BEST BOOK

OF THE KIND EVER PUBLISHED

W. B. SLOAN'S

COMPLETE

HORSE FARRIER

AND

**Cattle Doctor.**

Third Edition. Enlarged.

PRICE ONLY 50 CENTS.

FAMILY MEDICINE.

SLOAN'S OINTMENT is now universally acknowledged to be an infallible remedy, in every case where it has been faithfully applied on the human system, for promoting insensible perspiration, drawing out the inflamation from a wound, relieving pain of every kind, and in its healing qualities, the world has not produced its equal, and the public pronounce it the cheapest and best Family Ointment that has ever been used. All diseases of the flesh, Obstinate Ulcers, Old Sores, Cutaneous Eruptions, Sore Nipples, Sore Breasts, Diseases of the Eye, Ague in the face, side, back, and other parts of the system.—Boils Ulcers, Scald Head, Bruises, fresh wounds, and every kind of sore containing the least particle of inflammation, are permanently cured by this great remedy.

W. B. SLOAN.

Grand Depot, 40 Lake st., Chicago, Ill.

## Wonderful Ointment.

Mr. W. B. Sloan—*Dear Sir:* Some *fifteen years* ago one of my feet was seriously injured, in consequence of the foot swelling very large and being remarkably painful, most of the time I could only hobble about with the assistance of a staff, and not being able to endure a shoe on the foot I wore only a mocassin. During the first *fourteen years* suffering I followed strictly the advice of many celebrated physicians—last year, used fourteen bottles of Dr. Trask's Magnetic Ointment—all however failed to afford permanent relief. Last November I concluded to have the foot *taken off*, to which my friends objected: finally, about the first of December, I was induced to apply your *Wonderful Ointment* and in less than thirty days after the first application, I had laid aside my staff, put on my shoes without any inconvenience, and now *get about like other men.* GEORGE TURNER,

February 10, 1849. Wells st., Chicago.

## MEDICAL TREATMENT.

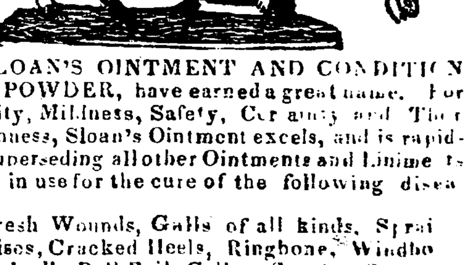
Dr. W. B. Sloan—Dear Sir: Last August I received a severe bruise on one leg, just below the knee, no attention was paid to it, however, for some time after, nor until I had taken cold in the sore, it now became very much swollen, and exceedingly painful, so much so that I could get no sleep for several days. A physician was called, and my leg lanced at two different periods discharging very freely each time. I laid under medical treatment about three months, but without the least permanent benefit. I then obtained a box of your Ointment, this soon removed all pain and soreness, and in two weeks from the time I began using the Ointment my leg was entirely well. I cheerfully recommend all who may be similarly injured to give this Ointment a trial with the fullest assurance that their expectations will not be disappointed.

Respectfully yours,

DAVID J. WEST.

Sugar Grove, Kane co., Ill., April 27, '49.

*The best and cheapest Horse and Cattle Medicine in the World!*



SLOAN'S OINTMENT AND CONDITION POWDER, have earned a great name. For Purity, Mildness, Safety, Certainty and Thoroughness, Sloan's Ointment excels, and is rapidly superseding all other Ointments and Liniments now in use for the cure of the following diseases:

Fresh Wounds, Galls of all kinds, Sprains, Bruises, Cracked Heels, Ringbone, Windgalls, Poll Evil, Callus, Spavins, Sweeny, Fistula, Sitfast, Strains, Lameness, Sand Crack, Foundered Feet, Scratches or Grease, Mange, or Horn Distemper.

The Powder will remove all inflamation and fever, purify the blood, loosen the skin, cleanse the water, and strengthen every part of the body; and has proved a sovereign remedy for the following diseases: Distemper, Hide Bound, Loss of Appetite, Inward Strain, Yellow Water, Inflamation of the Eyes, Fatigue from hard exercise; also, Rheumatism, (commonly called stiff complaint.) which proves so fatal to many valuable horses in this country. It is a sure and certain remedy for coughs and colds which generate so many fatal diseases.

W. B. SLOAN,

Grand Depot, 40 Lake St., Chicago, Illinois.

## Highly Spoken of.

*Extract from the "Waukesha Democrat," Wis. May 9, 1849.*

"Sloan's Medicines.—A subscriber writes from the town of New Berlin, requests us to say that he has used Mr. Sloan's Horse Ointment in several instances during the past winter, always with the desired effect, and wishes us to recommend it to those who have the use and care of horses. Mr. Sloan's medicines are highly spoken of generally, and from the short acquaintance we have with that gentleman, we are led to believe that they are prepared with a view to give a real benefit to whatever purpose they are recommended.

## WONDERFUL ST[illegible]

Sloan's Medicines.—There is a world of stir made about these medicines, and we are credibly informed that nothing has ever been offered to the public so deserving of attention, especially of all who keep horses. With Sloan's Condition Powder," a horse is always kept in good condition, and by the use of his Ointment bruises, sprains and cuts are cured in a surprisingly short time, and the life of many a valuable horse saved. The numerous certificates published in his advertisement, from well known individuals, fully attest the value of these medicines for the uses and purposes stated, and we have no doubt they will become popular medicines in this section, as they are in general use at the West.—*Buffalo Republic, June 11, 184*[illegible]

## CONSCIENTIOUSLY.

Sloan's Ointment.—We dislike to 'puff' patent medicines, owing to the vast quantity now in existence, of which, no doubt, half at least, are spurious—not fit for the toleration of the people; but when such come under our notice as we *can conscientiously* recommend we do it with pleasure.

We have not spoken a favorable word of Ointment since the proprietor commenced advertising with us, for fear there was some humbug in its efficacy, but *now* being convinced by numerous statements of our friends relative to its *genuineness*, we do most earnestly recommend it to the public as the very best medicine for man and beast ever used. All diseases of flesh, obstinate ulcers, old sores, bruises, cuts &c., will find immediate relief by application of this Ointment. See Sloan's advertisement in another column.—*Ill.* [illegible] *June 2, 1849.*

PHŒNIX BAKERY

## & A Family Grocery Store

B. SAUNDERS informs his friends that his Bakehouse has arisen Phœnix like from the ashes; and having rented the building adjoining R. W. Taylor's store (a few doors north of his late establishment) he again offers for sale every description of

*Bread, Cakes, Pastry, Crackers,* &c.

of the best quality, trusting his old friends and customers will renew their patronage.

He will also keep on hand a general assortment of fresh

**Family Groceries**

to which he invites public attention. *No Liquors* will be kept in the establishment

June 8, 1849. 49.

## PERFUMERY, &c.

THE public, and especially the Ladies, are invited to examine my stock of

*Perfumery, Soaps, Extracts, &c.*

which have been received during the present week. The variety comprises all the best and most fashionable preparations now used in the eastern cities and in Paris. For sale by

JAMES B. SHOAFF,
Dec. 15, under Odd Fellows' Hall.

## CIGARS! CIGARS!

**50,000** IMPORTED Cigars, warranted th best brands that can be found, and ar cheap as you can buy them New York. H. B. REED.

VALUABLE
## Mill Property for Sale.

THE undersigned offers for sale his Mill Property situate on the Elkhart River, in Noble County, Indiana, 40 miles north west from Fort Wayne and the Wabase and Erie Canal.— The property is now improved with a SAW-MILL, and Head Gates for GRIST and other MILLS. The Dam is one of the best in the country, and has been built only two years, but during that time has withstood without the slightest injury unusual freshets that caused more or less damage to all other dams on the river. The supply of water is unfailing, and sufficient with the head of 7½ feet of driving 4 run of 4½ feet stones, Saw Mill and Woollen Mill at all times, and during most of the year almost any amount of machinery could be propelled.

The Saw Mill has recently been put in first rate order, and is considered one of the best in the west. Logs in any quantity of the best kind, such as Poplar, Black Walnut, Ash, Oak, and Cherry, can always be obtained.

The property is situate in the midst of a thickly settled country, where mills are much needed and water power scarce, thereby insuring to the owner a monopoly of the milling business of the country, if well managed.

In connection with the mill and water power, will be sold

**160 ACRES OF LAND**

on which the mill is situated, together with Timber got out for the erection of a Flouring Mill.

For particulars as to the construction of the dam, amount, durability, and value of the water power, &c. inquire of Mr. S. V. BYRD, Millwright, Fort Wayne.

A. B. MILLER.

For particulars apply, if by letter post paid, to T. Tigar, editor of Fort Wayne Sentinel.

Fort Wayne, Ia. August 18, 1849. tf7

☞ Ohio Statesman (Weekly) publish 3 month, and send account to this office.

## For Sale.

THE commodious Brick STORE and Ware house, eligibly situate on Columbia street and the canal, known as the Niagara Store, and occupied by A. B. MILLER. For terms, inquire on the premises or at the Sentinel office.

August 4, 1849. tf5

## Palo Alto Hotel.

THIS establishment is now fitted up in superior style for the accommodation of travellers and others. The subscriber will spare no pains to give satisfaction to all who may favor him with their custom. His Table will at all times be furnished with the best the market affords. Having a careful ostler, travellers may be assured that their horses will be well attended to. A large and convenient Wagon Yard has recently been fitted up for the accommodation of teamsters, drovers, &c. His charges will be moderate to suit the times.

GEORGE MAYER.
October 13, 1849. 15y

## Marble Monuments & Tombstones.

THE subscriber has on hand a large supply of the above articles, of the BEST QUALITY, which he will sell very low. ☞ All persons wishing anything in that line are particularly requested to call and examine for themselves before purchasing elsewhere.

**CUT STONE OF ALL KINDS.**

Principal Yard on the Canal, west of Ewing's Ware house and Boat Yard. Finishing Shop in Columbia Street, in Block between H. B. Reed's Drug Store and Hill, Orbison & Co's werehouse.

JAMES HUMPHREY.
Fort Wayne. March 30 1850. y39.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL
## Boot and Shoe Store.

THE Subscriber would most respectfully announce to the ladies and gentlemen of Ft. Wayne and surrounding country, that he is now receiving, and just exhibiting, a general assortment in the above line. Among his stock will be found every variety and style of

LADIES' WEAR,

embracing the latest Philadelphia and N. York fashions; also,

**CHILDREN'S AND MISSES',**

of every variety and style, and everything fo

*Gentlemen, Boys, and Youths,*

from the low-priced slipper up to the fine stiched French Calf Boot. To enumerate all would be impossible; suffice to say that almost every article in the above line of business may be found at his store, and

**At the most reasonable Prices.**

His stock being well selected, and of good quality, he feels confident that it will give general satisfaction, By close application to business and efforts to please, he hopes to receive a share of the public patronage. His store will be found in Mr. Saunders's new brick building, on Calhoun-st., one door south of Messrs Wall & Co.'s Drug Store, and directly opposite Mr. P. Kiser's Store.

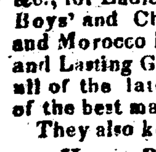
COUNTRY MERCHANTS

can be supplied on the most favorable terms.

WILLIAM JACOBS.
Fort Wayne, May 25, 1850. 47tf.

SPRING STOCK OF
## Boots, Shoes, &c.

*At the Boston Shoe Store.*



T. P. ANDERSON & Co. have just received from the eastern manufactories a large and beautiful assortment of BOOTS AND SHOES, comprising several thousand pairs of Morocco, Lasting, Patent Leather, Kid and Calf Gaiters, Excelsiors, Buskins, Slippers, &c., &c., for Ladies and Misses. Every variety of Boys' and Childrens' do.; Gents' French Calf and Morocco Boots; Patent Leather, Calf, Cloth and Lasting Gaiters; Pumps, Shoes, &c., &c.— all of the latest styles, and warranted of the of the best materials and workmanship.

They also keep on hand a large stock of

*Heavy Boots, Shoes, Brogans, &c.,*

of their own manufacture which they offer at wholesale or retail, nearly as low as the eastern manufacture.

*Sole and Upper Leather, Bindings, Findings &c. &c.*

The Trade and Country Dealers supplied at Eastern Prices.

May 18, 1850. y46.

**MASS BOOKS**, French and English.
STOPHLET & Co.

## Undertaking.

THE undersigned are now prepared to attend on Funeral occasions as they keep READY MADE COFFINS of all sizes and different qualities; viz. Mahogany, Walnut, and Cherry, flat and raised lids;— also, covered with Black Cloth or Silk Velvet if desired. They will be able to furnish the same promptly and lower than the usual rates. Strict attention will be paid to Funeral Hours, causing no delay.

☞ *A Hearse and good Carriage furnished, free of charge.*

Room on Calhoun st. near the Spencer House
JOHN M. MILLER,
LOUIS PELTIER.
Fort Wayne, June 1, 1849. y48

# SCROFULA

*If thousands of Cures of Scrofula, Cancers, Syphilis, and other impure diseases of the Blood—and if the VERY SMALL QUANTITY which was used of a Medicine to effect Cures of such Diseases, be any proof of the purifying medical power in the Medicine which has subdued and conquered such Diseases —then there is unquestionable evidence that—*

## BRANT'S INDIAN PURIFYING EXTRACT

*is such a Medicine,* in every respect; and there is abundant proof, in *great cures* effected, that ONE BOTTLE of it contains *more* purifying, healing virtue, and *medical power,* than there is contained in *Four Bottles* of any *sarsaparilla,* or any *other medicine* that has ever been offered for sale. There is undoubted proof in our pamphlets, that by the use of this great *Indian Purifier,* they that were DYING yet LIVE— they that were LAME and CRIPPLED can now WALK—they that were SICK, SCROFULOUS, and otherwise diseased, have been HEALED and CURED.

**Hundreds—Thousands—**

who have used BRANT'S PURIFIER, after having used and tested ALL the *sarsaparillas* and other medicines recommended to cure blood diseases, have *decided* that—

**Brant's is the Cheapest,**

because *One Bottle* of it has *more* medical, curative matter in it, and, in consequence, cures *more disease* in much *less time,* than *one bottle* of any other medicine.

If, then, *One Bottle* of BRANT'S PURIFIER will cure *FOUR TIMES* more disease than *one bottle* of *sarsaparilla*— "BRANT'S PURIFIER" would be as *cheap* at *four dollars* a bottle, as *sarsaparilla* at *one dollar.* But BRANT'S PURIFIER is sold for only ONE DOLLAR a bottle: and as a bottle of it *has* cured, and is *capable* of curing, *Four Times* as much disease as *one bottle of sarsaparilla,* therefore, sarsaparilla, in consequence of its *less* power and *less* medical efficacy, should be sold at *no more* than *Twenty-Five Cents* per bottle, to be as *cheap* as the PURIFIER at *One Dollar.*

**One Dollar's Worth!**

How much CANCER—how much SYPHILIS—how much SCROFULA—will *One Dollar's worth* of *Brant's PURIFIER* cure? Read the following statement, which is a specimen of its power.

**CANCEROUS SCROFULA!**

This is the case of a *Dying man* who *yet lives.* He was *cured* of a worse case of Scrofula, by only *Twelve Bottles* of Brant's Purifier, than ever was cured by the use of *Twelve Gallons* of the *best sarsaparilla* that was ever made. Sarsaparilla has not *sufficient medical power* to effect the cure of such a *revoltingly hopeless* case.

Mr. J. B. HASKIN, of *Rome, Oneida Co., N. Y.,* had *Scrofula four years*—was confined to his bed the *last year*—he was so much diseased and debilitated as to be unable to raise his hand to his head. He had the *best* medical advice —had used *all* of the *best sarsaparillas* to no good effect— got *worse* and *worse,* and was considered to be in a *Dying State,* and could not live *twenty-four hours* longer, when he commenced using BRANT'S PURIFIER. His *neck* was *eaten nearly off,* from *ear to ear*—a *hole* was eaten through his *windpipe,* under his chin, so that he breathed through the hole—his *ear was so eaten around that it could be lifted* up out of its place, it only holding by a *small* piece—the use of *one arm* was *destroyed* by two Ulcers—an *Ulcer* under the arm, as large as a man's *hand,* had nearly *eaten* through his side *into his body.* Thus, he was afflicted with *Twenty* such *putrid, acrid, offensive Ulcers,* on various parts of his person. For further and full particulars, see our *Pamphlets.*

Doct. THOMAS WILLIAMS, one of the most skilful physicians of Rome, was called to see Haskin the *day before* he commenced using *Brant's Purifier.* Doct. W. examined him, and then told him that *all* the *medicines* in the *world* could *not cure* him—that his case was

**Worse than Hopeless!**

Now hear Mr. HASKIN'S statement of cure. He said: My wife procured one bottle of *BRANT'S PURIFYING EXTRACT*—THAT BOTTLE enabled me *to get off my bed*— the SECOND bottle enabled me to *get out of the house*—the THIRD enabled me to *walk two miles,* and when I had finished using *Nine Bottles,* SEVENTEEN out of *twenty Ulcers* had HEALED UP, and *three bottles* more effected a PERFECT CURE and restored me to *good health.*

**FOURTEEN WITNESSES.**

The above facts are certified to by DOCT. T. WILLIAMS, Mr. G. R. BROWN, of *West Rome Hotel,* Messrs. BISSELL & LEONARD, Druggists, and ELEVEN other *respectable witnesses* at Rome.

**CANCERS CURED.**

Mr. O. B. KINNEY, merchant, *Clinton, Oneida county, N. Y.,* informed us that a cancer-doctor in said county was effecting wonderful cures of CANCERS through the efficacy of BRANT'S PURIFYING EXTRACT. A *cancer-doctor* in Greene county, N. Y., is also using said PURIFIER. Mr. A. B. SETTLE, druggist, at Canajoharie, Montgomery county, N. Y., has informed us of an important *cure of a* CANCER of long standing, which was effected on an aged lady of that place. If, therefore, this PURIFIER *cures Cancer,* by its purifying, healing power, what impure disease of the blood can it not cure? Seven years' experience and triumph says there are none but what it will cure.

**FEVER-SORE CURED.**

The Rev. RICHARD DUNNING, Pastor of the Presbyterian church, Adams Basin, Monroe county, N. Y., wrote to us: "I have just received a letter from Mr. CHANNEY DUNNING, relative to the cure of his Fever-sore. You may depend on what it states, for he is a Christian man and an elder in the church. Some years since he had to have one of his legs *cut off,* to save his life, in consequence of a Fever-sore. The other leg being now affected, and about to be amputated, I recommended BRANT'S MEDICINE. Read the result. He says: '*I have used only* THREE BOTTLES of BRANT'S MEDICINE. *I placed* ALL HOPE, *from your recommendation, in that Medicine,* and I can now say that, with the blessing of God, *it has effected a cure of my leg!*'" See Pamphlets for full particulars.

**LIVER-COMPLAINT!**

Dr. NATHAN HUBBARD, of *Stamford, Conn.,* one of the oldest and most respectable physicians, was afflicted with *Liver-Complaint* many years, and was *perfectly cured by using* BRANT'S PURIFYING EXTRACT. We could name hundreds of other cases, also cured.

**FEMALE WEAKNESSES AND COMPLAINTS.**

No remedy offered to the public has ever been *half as certain and effectual in restoring* ALL the incidental *weaknesses* and *irregularities* of the sex, as BRANT'S PULMONARY BALSAM. It makes no difference whether the derangement be *suppression, excess,* or other *weakness*—it REGULATES ALL, by *strengthening the* SYSTEM, *equalizing the* CIRCULATION, *and soothing and allaying* NERVOUS IRRITABILITY. ☞ See pamphlets.

**CHANGE OF LIFE,**

from the *girl* to the *woman,* and the *woman at middle age*—the one case is *accelerated,* and the other so *gradually suppressed,* as to prevent any of the *fatal diseases* that frequently arise in consequence of such change.

**Dyspepsia—Sour Stomach!**

"ATTICA, Genesee Co., *February* 1, 1848.

"M. T. WALLACE & CO.—*Gentlemen:* I was, for more than a year, afflicted with a disease of the stomach. I could not eat any fat or greasy substance without causing great pain, sickness, and vomiting, and was continually afflicted with a sour stomach. I, as an experiment, tried one bottle of BRANT'S MEDICINE, which, to my utter disappointment, *eased and relieved the usual pain after eating.* I therefore used a second bottle, which has completely cured the disease. I am now well and hearty, and can eat almost anything without being pained, or the stomach becoming sour.

"Yours respectfully, T. S. WILCOX."

Mr. Wilcox is a respectable merchant of Attica.

**NURSING SORE MOUTH, LUCORRHŒA, &c.**

"BYRON, GENESEE Co., N. Y., *Oct.* 19, 1847.

"Messrs. M. T. WALLACE & CO.: Some time last winter my wife became so debilitated from the effects of *Lucorrhœa* and *Nursing Sore Mouth,* that she could not lift her child or perform any household labor. Her medical treatment was varied according to the advice and prescriptions of the most eminent physicians, until *our skill* was exhausted in useless efforts. She became so very a skeleton, that at the time she commenced taking *Brant's Medicine* she weighed no more than eighty-five pounds; but by the time she had taken *four bottles,* she became perfectly well. The cure is so perfect, that she is now enabled to do all necessary household work, and gained thirty pound of flesh in four weeks.

"Yours truly, C. B. GALENTINE."

The reader will observe that Mr. GALENTINE says "*our* SKILL." He, we are informed by Z. S. TERRY, Esq., of the same place, has studied medicine.

**MERCURIAL DISEASES.**

BRANT'S PURIFYING EXTRACT is a *perfect and thorough eradicator of all the effects of* MERCURY, or any of the various *preparations* of CALOMEL or MERCURY, *from the system;* and restores the *blood, muscles,* and *all the parts diseased,* to their original, HEALTHY STATE.

**GENERAL DEBILITY OF THE SYSTEM!**

Mr. A. HOLTSTANDER, merchant, *Oberlin, Lorrain Co., Ohio,* wrote, December 19, 1848, and after having stated how like a charm the PULMONARY BALSAM had effected the cure of his wife's consumptive cough, said: "I have personally used *BRANT'S PURIFYING EXTRACT,* for general debility of my system, and I have no hesitation in saying that it is the best medicine to RESTORE and INVIGORATE THE SYSTEM that I have ever used. In *every instance* where we have sold BRANT'S MEDICINES, *they have proved their efficacy and given the* BEST SATISFACTION."

**SALT RHEUM,**

and all impure *chronic diseases of the* BLOOD, are always cured by *BRANT'S EXTRACT.*

For sale by
HUGH B. REED, Fort Wayne.

Also, by the following:

N. Payne, Auburn.
J. B. Hanna, Hunterstown
J. D. Nuttman & Co., Decatur.
Bascom & McDowell, Bluffton.
John Davis, Huntington.
Tuttle, Baker & Co., Columbia.
S. T. Clymer, Albion.

JUJUBE PASTE,—Four Boxes best Lemon Jujube Paste, for sale in quantities to suit purchasers. *Please call and examine at*
JAMES B. SHOAFF'S,
under Odd Fellow's Hall.

## Look Here!

COLERICK & WITHERS have several choice pieces of Land in St. Joseph Township in Allen County, which on early application can be purchased lower than ever before offered in that quarter. Call on them at the Court House.

Jan 12, 1850. 28-tf.

A Large quantity of Russian bound County Records can be found at No. 2 Hanna's Block 31

EDGAR CONKLING, WILLIAM WOOD, [illegible]

## Conkling, Wood & Co.

*North side of Court Street, east of Broadway,*
CINCINNATI, O.

MANUFACTURERS OF

| | |
|---|---|
| Pure White Lead, | Paris Green, |
| No. 1 Do. | Chrome Green, |
| Red Lead, | " Yellow, |
| Litharge, | " Red, |
| Putty, | Chinese Blue, |
| Whiting, "fire dried," | Assorted colored Paints in Oil, |
| Paris White, | |
| Cider Vinegar. | |

WE have adopted the most approved method, as practised by the Eastern Manufacturers, in manufacturing WHITE LEAD, and will warrant it equal to any made in the United States. Will warrant the quality of each article we manufacture to be as good as can be procured, and to give entire satisfaction.— Offered at the lowest prices on usual time or discount for Cash.

*** *Cash paid for* CASTOR BEANS & FLAX SEED.

January 19, 1850. y29.

## Drugs and Medicines.

THE undersigned is constantly receiving new Drugs and Medicines, which he offers at the usual low prices. His stock consists in part of

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Quinine | Calomel | Piperine |
| Epsom Salts | Jujube Paste | Ex't. Logwood |
| Dr'gtsG assware | Ink (superior) | Matches, &c. |

JAMES B. SHOAFF,
Calhoun street, at the Big "Drug Sign."

NEW STOCK OF
## Genuine Wines and Liquors

AT THE
*WHOLESALE LIQUOR STORE.*

S. BEAL returns his thanks to the public for their liberal patronage, and respectfully informs them that he has just received a heavy stock of

**Genuine Wines and Liquors,**

which he can confidently recommend as far superior to any thing ever before offered in the market. Those in want of choice articles of pure old *French Cognac Brandies, Port Wine, Rum, Gin, &c.,* for Medicinal use, warranted genuine and pure as imported, which he offers lower than has been paid for the adulterated articles usually sold in this market.

*Common and Domestic Liquors, Cordials, &c.,* at very low rates.

His stock includes

| | |
|---|---|
| Old Alex. Seignette Brandy dark | Pure Juice Port Wine |
| " " " " pale | Durand's " " |
| J. J. Dupuy " | Other brands " " |
| Peach " | Sherry " |
| Several fine Domestic " | Sweet Malaga " |
| Old Cherry | Native " |
| Jamaica Rum | Madeira |
| St Croix " | Kimel |
| Old Holland's Gin | Sup'r Rectified Whiskey |
| Rose " | Old Rye " |
| Wheeler's " | East India Bitters |
| American " | Staughton " |

He has recently enlarged his Rectifiers, and is now prepared to furnish any quantity of superior

**DOUBLE RECTIFIED WHISKEY**

at the lowest prices.

Also, *Decanters, Tumblers, Bottles, Loaf Sugar, &c.* All Brandies, Wines, and Glass will be sold from

**20 to 50 per cent. Cheaper**

than has ever been sold in this market.

Persons wanting any quantity—from a quart to a barrel—of Wines or Liquors will do well to call, as they may depend on every article being exactly what it is represented, and at the lowest rates at all times.

Dec. 1, 1849. y—21.

1850. 1850.

J. E. HILL, A. M. ORBISON.

## HILL & ORBISON,

*(Successors to Hill, Orbison & Co.,)*

## Forwarding & Commission MERCHANTS.

FORT WAYNE, IA.

☞ *Liberal advances made on Produce.* ☜

REFERENCES:

E. Haskell & Co.
Smith, Robinson & Co.
Collins, Brown, & Co. } *Toledo.*
Peckham & Scott,
Field & King,
Kirk & Lawton, *Piqua, Ohio.*
Ayres & Tunis,
Kent, Poag, & Co. } *New York.*
Kimberley, Pease & Co. *Buffalo*
C. McKennell & Co. *Cincinnati,*
John Reach, *Dayton,*
H. S. Mayo, *Troy, Ohio.*
Fort Wayne, *September* 16, 1848.

J. J. COMPARET. M. W. HUBBELL. D F. COMPARET.

[redacted]

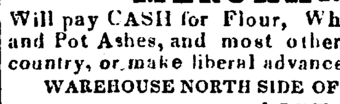
any other establishment in town. Particular attention will be paid to the COMMISSION BUSINESS; and it will be conducted on the most libral principles.

SALT always on hand at the lowest rates.

N. B.—Cash paid for any quantity of good Black Walnut Lumber. M. W. HUBBELL.

REFERENCES:

Kent, Poag & Co., *New York.*
N. Lee, Cashier, *Albany*
J. & C. Hitchcock, } *Buffalo.*
Jno. Holister,
H. McCulloch, Cashier, } *Fort Wayne.*
Wilfred Smith,
Brownlee, Pendleton & Co.,
Brown & Dodd, } *Toledo.*
Peckham & Scott,
Jos. C. Butler & Co., } *Cincinnati.*
Julius Hull,
Fort Wayne, May 8, 1850. tf45.

1850  1850.

## PETER P. BAILEY,

*Storage, Forwarding, & Commission*

**MERCHANT,**

Will pay CASH for Flour, Wheat, Corn, Pearl and Pot Ashes, and most other products of the country, or make liberal advances on the same.

WAREHOUSE NORTH SIDE OF THE CANAL,
FORT WAYNE, Ia.

*REFERENCES.*

Allen Hamilton, President Branch Bank, *Fort Wayne.*
Hugh McCulloch, Cashier " " " "
Samuel Hanna, " "
Jesse L. Williams, Chief Engineer, W. & E. Canal.
B. Smith & Co., *Toledo.*
E. Haskell & Co., "
Collins, Brown & Co., "

## Valuable Tavern for Sale

*At Huntertown, 12 Miles North of Fort Wayne, on the Plank Road.*

WILL be offered for sale until 1st of May next, after which, if not sold, will be RENTED. This property is an excellent stand for entertainment, with a large and convenient house, and stabling for about 50 horses, with a good young orchard, and about seventy acres of land. There is perhaps no more desirable or profitable stand for business in Northern Indiana. It affords a fine opportunity to any one who wants a good location for the above business.

SAMUEL HANNA.
Fort Wayne, March 18, 1850. 28tf.

## THE "GREAT" Indiana Land Agency
OUT DOORS

THE undersigned has been appointed an agent to sell all of the lands in Northern Indiana owned by the "*Knightstown and Shelbyville Rail Road Company.*"

As this company is successfully operating on the *High* pressure system on their road, they have resolved to put their lands on the *Low*; and have authorised sales to be made at *Two Dollars per acre,* on five years' credit; thus giving every one a rare chance to own a farm.

Emigrants can be accommodated with four or five sections in one locality if desired.

The undersigned has also on sale large tracts of other lands in this, and adjoining counties; and is giving better bargains, and more of them, than is generally known; as he is entirely too modest to puff himself, and is not disposed to pay any one to do it for him.

April 6, '50. [tf40] F. P. RANDALL.

**500** Ounces Farr's Quinine, warranted pure, for sale at a reduced price.
Nov. 17, 1849. H. B. REED.

BRUSHES.—A very large assortment of White Wash, Shoe, Marking, Graining, Flesh, Paint, Dusting, &c., for sale very cheap.
Oct. 9, 1849. H- B. REED

## MOSES DRAKE, Jr.

No. 3, JONES' BLOCK, FORT WAYNE, IA.

DEALER IN

**Domestic & Fancy Dry Goods GROCERIES,**

*Crockery, Hardware, Iron, Steel, Nails, Glass,* FLOUR, SALT, *Fish, &c.*

Also, the best Northern Sole and Upper LEATHER, just received. All of which are offered at the lowest prices.

SALERATUS at wholesale or retail.

CASH at all times paid for WHEAT.

## Notice to Farmers and PRODUCE DEALERS.

THE undersigned having leased the well known CITY MILLS, in Fort Wayne, heretofore run by *Hamilton & Williams,* take this method of saying to all interested that they are prepared and ready to Flour promptly any quantity of Wheat, on the most reasonable terms.

Farmers who have *Custom Work or Grists* to grind will always find one or more Run of Stones in readiness for this purpose.

All kinds of *Bread Stuffs* and *Mill Feed* at all times for sale.

CASH Paid for WHEAT at the Highest Rates.

HOAGLAND, COMSTOCK, & CO.
Ft. Wayne, Aug. 23d, 1847. 1y8

## *Fire Engine and Carding Machine* FOR SALE.

THE subscriber having been appointed agent for an extensive manufactory of Fire Engines, Carding Machines &c. is prepared to fill all orders that may be given. The engines and machines are warranted, and will be afforded of any size and power. He sells on a iberal credit or at a discount for cash. Inquire at the "Indiana Land and Tax Agency," Calhoun st.

June 1 (48) JOHN HOUGH, Jr.

## New Lots for Sale,

*At the Indiana Land and Tax Agency.*

THE subscriber offers the following Lots for sale, situate in Fort Wayne as follows:

HANNA'S ADDITION —Lots numbered 166, 37, 38, 39, 40, 536, 278, and 279.

COUNTY ADDITION AND OLD PLAT, —7, 49, 6, 43, 72, and e. 1-3 of 75, part 59.

EWING'S ADDITION.—Lot 3, Block 27; Lot 7, Block 3; lot 4, block 27; lot 8, block 3; lot 4, block 26; lot 9, block 3; lot 7, block 25; lot 1, block 4.

TABOR'S ADDITION —Lots numbered 2, 29, and 30.

They will be sold low for cash or on a credit.

JOHN HOUGH, Jr.,
Feb. 3, 1849. y31.

## Fire Proof Paint.

RECEIVED a large supply of all the color of the article, to which we would call the attention of those desirous of making use of all the means to prevent loss from fire, for sale cheap by H. R. REED.

## FOR SALE,

A First rate THRESHING MACHINE, new and in good order. Cost $250 in Rochester New York. Liberal terms will be given.

R. BRACKENRIDGE, Jun.
Fort Wayne, June 29, 1849. tf52

## H. B. REED'S Drug and Medical Circular

To

*Druggists, Physicians, Merchants, Manufactors, Artists, and Dealers generally.*

HAVING just returned from the eastern cities with a very large stock of fresh and genuine

**Drugs and Medicines,**

and all other articles in his line, and believing that he can sell them on as good terms as they can be purchased at any other place in the west, he would respectfully call the attention of his customers and trade generally to an examination of his stock, amongst which will be found

| | |
|---|---|
| 500 ounces Farr's Quinine, (at a reduced price.) | 100 do Balsam Copayva, |
| | 5 cases Magnesia. |
| 250 do Pipirine. | 50 lbs Cantharides, |
| 200 lbs. Powdered Red Bark, | 35 do Ext. Colocynth comp. |
| 500 do " Yellow " | 1000 do Cream Tartar, |
| 100 oz Morphine sulph & Acet | 50 do Dover's Powders. |
| 150 lbs. Blue Mass English, | 300 do Gum Arabic, |
| 300 lbs. Calomel " | 40 do Gum Gamboge, |
| 100 do Powdered Ipecac | 100 do " Cuiac, |
| 200 do " Rhubarb | 100 do Precip. Carb. Iron, |
| 75 do Root " Turkey, Russia and East India. | 6 cases Extract Liquorice, |
| | 100 lbs Turkey Opium, |
| 10 do Nitrate Silver, | 75 do Red Precipitate, |
| 100 do Powdered Jalap, | 200 do Pink Root, |
| 400 do Aloes Socotrine, | 350 do Sarsaparilla Hard, |
| 600 do Senna Alex. and India, | 3000 do Epsom Salts, |
| 50 do Jamaica Arrow Root, | 2000 do Sulphur, |
| 700 lbs Burgundy Pitch True, | 10 Carboy Spirits Nitre, |
| 500 do Gum Camphor, | 10 " Aqua Amonia, |
| 300 do Cloves, | 6 " Sulphuric Ether, |
| 500 do Rad Squills, | 5 bbls Olive Oil. |

**Chemical Preparations.**

| | |
|---|---|
| Chloriform, | Muriatic Quinine, |
| Strychnine, | Acetate " |
| Oxidum Argenti, | Citrate " |
| Iodide Sulphur, | Ferrocyn " |
| " Arsenic, | Citrate " and Iron, |
| " Iron, | Tannate Iron, |
| Prussic Acid, | Oil Valerian, |

Together with all the new preparations in use.

**Perfumery and Fancy Articles.**

| | |
|---|---|
| Lubin's Extracts, | Artists' Paints, |
| Fancy Smelling Bottles, | Toy do |
| Bandoline, | Violin Strings, |
| Philacombo, | Chess Men and Boards, |
| Olophane, | Note and Letter Paper, |
| Toilet and Shaving Soap, | Envelopes, Pencils, |
| German Cologne, | Paper, Sand, |

Brushes, Hair, Flesh Tooth, Nail &c., &c., a large assortment of everything in his line.

**PAINTS, OILS, &C.**

| | |
|---|---|
| 800 kegs white Lead, pure no. 1 | nish and Japan Dryer, |
| 2000 lbs do do dry, | 1500 lbs Ref. Borax, |
| 1500 do Red do do | 10 bbls Mudder, |
| 3000 do Litharge, | 10 do Allum, |
| 1000 do English Venetian Red, | 10 do best Glue, |
| 5000 do Sp. Whiting, kiln dried | 5 do winter Sperm Oil, |
| 2000 do Putty in bladders, | 200 lbs Sp. Ft. Indigo, |
| 500 do Paris Green Dry, | 20 Reams Sand Paper, |
| 500 do do do in Oil, | 150 lbs Rose Pink, |
| 300 do Chrome " dry & in oil, | 600 do Sal Nitre, |
| 150 do " Yellow, | 8 bbls Alcohol, |
| 10 bbls Linseed Oil, | 10 do Cider Vinegar, |
| 10 do Spirits Turpentine, | 5 do Custor Oil, |
| 6 do Queen city Copal Var- | 4 do Ground Ginger. |

ALSO,

500 Boxes Druggists' Glass Ware, Vials, Bottles
150 do Window Glass all sizes, city brands.
Fort Wayne, Dec. 22, 1849. y25.

## *Abdominal Supporters.*

JUST received a large supply of all the most approved styles usupporters, Trusses, and Shoulder Braces, for of s very cheap.
Nov. 17, 1849 H. B. REED.

## LOCKS.

A full assortment of Locks and Latches, just received and for sale cheap at
April 27, 1850. B. W. OAKLEY'S.

## INDIANA LAND AND TAX AGENCY.

THE subscriber, proprietor of the above Agency, will continue the business of a

*"GENERAL LAND AGENCY"*

in all its various branches, and tenders his services to the public for the *Sale of Lands, Investigation of Titles, Payment of Taxes, Procuring of Patents,* and other services pertaining to a systematic and General Land Agency Business. He is provided with numerous and accurate Maps of different counties, and of the State—has personally visited the greater portion of Northern Indiana, and has numerous and careful correspondents, and is therefore prepared to furnish extensive and thorough information with regard to the ownership, location and value of lands, which will be afforded gratuitously to all who desire such information.

As agent for the owner, he offers for sale large bodies of valuable land, well adapted to farming purposes, situate as follows:

| | Acres. | | Acres. |
|---|---|---|---|
| Allen County | 18,706 | Noble County | 8,847 |
| DeKalb " | 7,624 | Whitley " | 8,898 |
| Steuben " | 2,868 | Huntington " | 5,364 |
| Lagrange " | 965 | Wabash " | 7,703 |
| Kosciusko " | 5,480 | Miamie " | 827 |
| Blackford " | 2,774 | Carrol " | 820 |
| Jay " | 596 | Cass " | 640 |
| Wells " | 2,420 | Fulton " | 1,289 |
| Adams " | 996 | Marshall " | 327 |
| Elkhart " | 720 | White " | 1,347 |
| Fountain " | 1,848 | Montgomery " | 729 |
| Putnam " | 897 | Clinton " | 897 |
| Parke " | 535 | Marion " | 320 |

The above lands will be sold for cash, or a part cash and the remainder on a reasonable credit. Title rendered indisputable.

He also offers for sale

*Several Valuable Improved Farms.*

in the counties of ALLEN, HUNTINGTON, NOBLE, and WABASH and a large number of

**Town Lots**

in the towns of FORT WAYNE, HUNTINGTON, LAGRO, WABASH, PERU and MARION. Prompt attention will be given to all communications from persons desiring to purchase.

Office at the sign of the "INDIANA LAND AGENCY." on Calhoun Street. JOHN HOUGH, Jr.
Fort Wayne, February 3, 1849. y31.

## ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW.

E. A. McMAHON, *Attorney and Counseller of Law, Fort Wayne, Ia.,* will practice in the courts of this (12th) judicial circuit, and in the Supreme Court of the State, and the Circuit Court of the United States at Indianapolis. OFFICE —Front room in the second story of Fœlinger's new building, —corner of Main and Calhoun streets,—where he can be consulted—during the usual business hours—by persons who feel it their interest to have his services.
*Dec.* 25, 1849. y26

I. H. BEECHER. W. LAWRENCE.

BEECHER & LAWRENCE, *Attorneys and Counsellors at Law,* Fort Wayne, Ind. OFFICE.—Over B. SMITH'S Store, on the Corner of Columbia and Calhoun Streets. Will attend to COLLECTIONS, and all kinds of WRITING, LAND AGENCIES, &c., &c. y25.

E. F. COLERICK. [1849.] W. H. WITHERS.

COLERICK & WITHERS, *Attorneys and Counsellers at Law, and General Land and Tax Agents,* Fort Wayne, Indiana. Will attend to the Collection, and Securing of DEBTS, and Examination of TITLES, &c., in Indiana.
*** OFFICE—Room No. 1, Court House.
Nov. 17, 1849. 20—y.

WM. W. CARSON, *Attorney and Counsellor at Law,* Fort Wayne, Indiana. Will practice in the Courts of the 12th Judicial Circuit, Ind., and will also attend with promptness to any business entrusted to his care.

REFERENCES.
Hon. David McDonald } *Professors of Law*
" William T. Otto, } *Indiana University.*
Samuel Hanna, *Fort Wayne.*
Thos. Hamilton, "
Allen Hamilton, "
Samuel L. Rugg, *Decatur.*

*** OFFICE—On Clinton Street, two doors north of the Bank. y38

JOHN G. WALPOLE, *Attorney at Law,* Fort Wayne, Ind., will attend to any business entrusted to his care in the Court of Allen County, and in the Supreme and U. S. Court at Indianapolis.
Office on Calhoun Street, over B. Smith's store.
Sept. 30, 1848. y13.

G. L. SITES, *Attorney and Counsellor at Law,* Fort Wayne, Indiana. He will practice law in the Courts of the 12th Judicial Circuit, and will attend with promptness to any business entrusted to his care. OFFICE—Removed to room over T. K. Brackenridge's Store, corner Main and Calhoun-st. 1y17.

F. P. RANDALL, *Attorney and Counsellor at Law, and Master in Chancery,* Fort Wayne Indiana. OFFICE on Clinton street, two doors south of H. Colerick's Brick Store

R. BRAKENRIDGE, Jun., *Attorney and Counsellor at Law* Fort Wayne, Indiana. Will attend to the Collection, Adjustment, or Securing of Debts, the payment of Taxes purchase and sale of lands, and examination of Titles in any part of Indiana.

REFERENCES
Messrs. W. G. & G. W. Ewing, *Fort Wayne.*
" A. Hamilton, "
" S. Hanna, "
" Hugh McCulloch, "
" Alfred Harrison, *Indianapolis.*
" Richard Suydam, *New York.*
" W. Hyslop, "
" Alex. Kevan, "
" Jos. Jamieson, "
" J. D. & C. Jones, *Cincinnati, Ohio.*

OFFICE near the Bank, north of the Treasurer's Office

M. JENKINSON, Attorney at Law, &c. ANTHONY F. YAGER, Dr. of Laws & German Advocate

MR. JENKINSON informs his friends and the public generally, that he has formed a law co-partnership with Anthony F. Yager, Esq., who has been in the practice for twelve years in Germany. Their firm will be conducted under the name of Jenkinson & Yager. They will attend with promptness to all business entrusted to their care in the courts of Indiana, to making and translating of documents, powers of attorney, and other letters mandatory, deeds, mortgages, &c. in the English, German, and French languages, to the examination of land titles in Northern Indiana, collection, adjustment, and securing of debts, payment of taxes, purchase and sale of lands, &c. Mr. Yager especially offers his services to his German countrymen in all kinds of legal business and correspondences, as well as the collection of money in Germany, where his numerous and careful correspondents, in every part of that country, will enable him to accomplish all such mandates.

REFERENCES:

| | |
|---|---|
| Allen Hamilton, Esq. | F. & J Nirdlinger. |
| Samuel Hanna, Esq. | Dr Wehmer. |
| Hon. Judge W. Borden. | George Mayer, Esq. |

Fort Wayne, Ia., August 25, 1849. y8.

## MEDICAL NOTICES.

DRS. AYRES & ROWAN will give their attention to the practice of Medicine and Surgery in Fort Wayne and the surrounding country and will at any hour promptly attend those who may wish their services.
Office, next door to Hill, Wilson & Co's store. Residence on Clinton Street, two doors north of Washington-st.
Fort Wayne, Dec 7, 1846.

DR. C. E. STURGIS, continues the practice of Medicine and Surgery at his office on Calhoun street. Those requiring his services will meet with prompt attention.
Fort Wayne, August 18th, 1847. tf8

DR. ROBERT McNEILL (late Surgeon in the United States Volunteer Service in Mexico) offers his professional services to the citizens of Fort Wayne and vicinity.— In addition to his experience in the army, he has had the advantage of several years' private practice in the West, and will be found familiar with the diseases incident to the western country.
He may be found at his office on Calhoun street, above T. K. Brackenridge's Store, or at the Spencer House, and will be happy to attend to *any* business entrusted to him; and at *all times* when not professionally engaged.
Fort Wayne, July 6, 1849. 6m1.

DOCTOR JONES having returned from Mexico, may be consulted by his friends at his Office, on Main Street, north of the Treasurer's Office, *Fort Wayne.*
August 12. 1848. y6

## *Note Paper and Envelopes.*

A large and splendid lot of various descriptions on hand and for sale.
C. L. HILL.

READ! READ!! READ!!!

## Huff's Pulmonary Balsam TRIUMPHANT,

AFTER the skill of several physicians had been baffled for ten years, Notice the date of this letter.

VERNON, Ia., Dec. 5, 1849.

MR. C. EBY—Dear Sir: I take pleasure in certifying that I have used Huff's Pulmonic Balsam for Coughs, Colds, &c., with the happiest effect.

My mother was cured of a severe Pulmonary disease, which *had baffled the skill of several physicians,* FOR TEN YEARS, *with* TWO BOTTLES *of the* BALSAM.

I regard it as one of the best medicines now in use for Pulmonic Complaints, and as such would recommend it.

Yours, truly, C. K. JOHNSON,
Editor & Proprietor of Vernon, Ia., Democrat.

The proprietor has so much confidence in the virtue and efficacy of this inestimable medicine, and it has proved entirely successful in so many desperate cases, that he

VOLUNTARILY GUARANTEES,

that if no relief is obtained, after using it strictly according to directions for 24 or 36 hours,

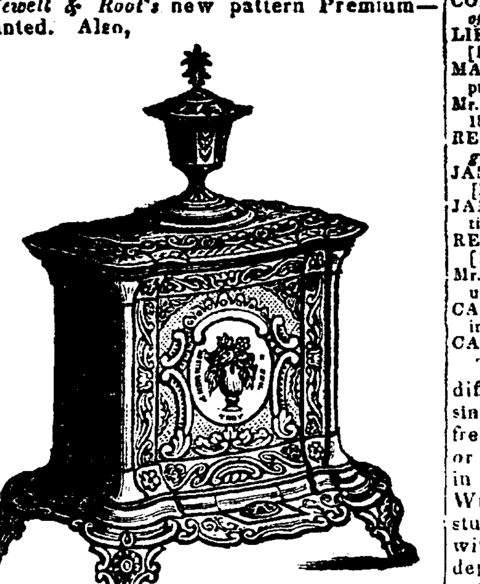
THE MONEY WILL BE CHEERFULLY REFUNDED upon the bottle being returned: and all agents are hereby authorised TO DO THE SAME.

Price $1 per bottle; 6 bottles for $5.

For sale, wholesale or retail, by
JAMES B. SHOAFF,
47 Sole Agent for Allen Co.

## STOVES, &c.

IMPERIAL, *United States, Troy, Joe Davy Hathaway, Quackenboss, Washington and Eagle* Hot Air Cook Stoves. Also the *Troy Victory* and *Jewett & Root's* new pattern Premium— warranted. Also,



*Parlour, Dining Room,* Ten and Six Plates, all sizes, from 3 to $15.

Also a new and beautiful article, called *Diving Flue Grates,* for burning wood or coal, and affording all the pleasures of a fire-place.

The above assortment is the largest and best selected ever brought to this market, and are offered at wholesale or retail on the most reasonable terms.

**HARDWARE,**—A large addition has been made to our stock, and cannot fail to give satisfaction in quality and price.

TIN WARE—A heavy stock on hand and ready for orders. *Jobbing* in Sheet Iron, Copper or Tin Plate done to order and with promptness and dispatch.

Old Copper, Ginseng, Beeswax, Rags, &c. taken in exchange for goods.

N. B.—Country merchants who want from 10 to 50 Stoves for their trade can be supplied on terms as low as they can be had in the Eastern markets. The trade supplied with Copper, Tin Plate, Sheet Iron, Wire, &c., &c.

B. W. OAKLEY.
September 29, 1849 13y

## NEW DRUG STORE.

**WATSON WALL & CO.**

*On Calhoun Street, next door to Peter Kiser's.*

ARE now opening a full and complete stock of

**Drugs, Medicines,**

*Chemicals, Dye Stuffs, Glassware, Oils, Surgical Instruments, Perfumery, Wines, Brandy, &c, &c.*

fresh and of the best quality, selected with care in New York, Philadelphia, and Pittsburgh, which we offer to the medical proffesion and public generally confident of their being pure and unadulterated. Among which are

| | |
|---|---|
| 100 lbs. Eng. Calomel, extra. | 30 lbs. Cantharides. |
| 50 " Blue Mass, | 20 " " pow'd. |
| 100 " Turkish Opium opt. | 20 " Fresh Ergot. |
| 100 oz. John Farr's Quinine. | 3 bbls Camphor. |
| 30 " Sulph. Acet. Morphine | 6 " Epsom Salts. |
| 100 lbs. Pulv. Jalap. | 1 " Af. Cayenne Pepper |
| 100 " Ipecac. | 2 " Sup. Carb. Soda. |
| 100 " Rhenbarb opt. | 3 boxes Tartaric Acid. |
| 100 " Rad Rhei. | 100 lbs. Aqua Ammonia. |
| 100 " Irish Moss (picked.) | 100 " Spts Nitre. |
| 100 " Gum Arabic (white.) | 50 " Sulph. Ether. |
| 100 " India Senna. | 200 " Soc. Aloes. |
| 100 " Alez. | 30 " Oil Origanum. |
| 100 " Spigilia. | 20 " Peppermint. |

Among a variety of CHEMICALS, to which we invite the attention of the medical profession, are

| | |
|---|---|
| Ferrocyanuret Quinine. | Iodide Lead (Curries.) |
| Valeriant " | " Arsenic. |
| Citrate " | Sulph. Hyd. Rub. |
| Emetine | Proto Iodide Mer. |
| Elaterium | Bin Iodide " |
| Succinic Acid. | Pure Nitrate Silver. |
| Tartrate Iron. | " " " chrystals. |
| Citrate Iron. | Tannic Acid. |
| Tart. Iron and Potassa. | Chloric Ether. |
| Tartratate Potassa. | Cod Liver Oil (pure.) |
| Cyanuret Potassa. | |

To our friends and the public generally who are fond of a good CIGAR, we can offer a variety to suit all tastes.

| | |
|---|---|
| 10,000 Colorados. | 5,000 Semiramis. |
| 5,000 Cazadoras. | 10,000 La Norma. |
| 2,000 Regalias. | 5,000 La Flora. |

300 lbs. good Cavendish TOBACCO.

We would invite the attention of *Cabinet Makers, Painters and Country Merchants* to examine our stock of PAINTS, &c., &c, before purchasing elsewhere, as we would like to show them

| | |
|---|---|
| 1000 lbs. best Eng. Ven. Red. | 100 lbs. Ferra de Sienna. |
| 2000 " 2d quality " " | 10 packs good Gold Leaf. |
| 100 " Turkish Umber. | 200 papers Bronze, assorted colors. |
| 300 kegs Pure White Lead. | |
| 200 " No. 1 " " | 10 bbls Turpentine. |
| 2 bbls. Copal Varnish of Queen City V. Company. | |
| 2 " Japan Dryer " " " " | |
| 10 " Linseed Oil from Dayton Mills. | |

and any quantity of Whiting, Window Glass Putty, Alum, Indigo, Copperas, Madder, &c. which we will be pleased to sell low for cash.

Also, on hand, for medical purposes, a choice article of WINES, BRANDY, &c.

| | |
|---|---|
| 2 bbls. best Otard pale Brandy | 2 " Mountain Malaga. |
| 1 " " dark " | 1 " realElshoneIrishWhiskey. |
| 3 " " Cogniac " | |
| 2 " Port Wine (Charrior.) | 1 " Pure Jim Hollands. |
| 2 " 2d quality Port Wine. | 1 " Jamaica Rum. |
| 2 " South side Maderia. | |

We could offer thousands of other articles in our line, but have no wish to occupy the newspaper ourselves, nor pay heavily for advertising. We expect to sell at a light profit, as we will convince those who favor us with a call.

WATSON WALL & Co.
Dec. 7, '49. y23 Druggists, Fort Wayne

## Valuable Lands for Sale.

THE undersigned have on hand a large quantity of the choicest LANDS in Northern Indiana; Improved and unimproved, located in the counties of Allen, Adams, Wells, Huntington, Whitley, Noble, Steuben and DeKalb, and offer them

*For Sale on the Most Reasonable Terms.*

They have also a number of improved and unimproved LOTS in this city, which they will dispose of on terms that cannot fail to suit purchasers. Persons desirous of

**Purchasing Lands or Town Lots,**

will do well to give them a call before making arrangements elsewhere.

N. B. Lands shown and descriptions given, *free of charge,* by application at our office at the Court House.

COLERICK & WITHERS,
General Land and Tax Agents.
Fort Wayne Nov. 22, 1849. 21y

PHYSICIANS' & Family Prescriptions carefully prepared by day and by night, at the OLD DRUG STORE.

SAMUEL EDSALL tenders his respects to all persons indebted to him, and takes this method of informing them that *no longer indulgence can be given.* His notes, books, &c. are kept in the office over S. & W. S. Edsall's store, where either himself or Mr. Sinclair will at all times be in readiness to effect settlements. All interested will please attend to this call and save costs.

Fort Wayn, Jan. 9, 1850. 28-tf

## SELECT SCHOOL.

MISS S. J. MARKLE has opened a SELECT SCHOOL in the Brick Building in the rear of the 1st Presbyterian Church, on Barr Street. She will give instruction in the following branches, and at the terms named:

Reading, Writing, and Arithmetic, $2,00 per quarter.

Grammar, Rhetoric, Geography, History, Physiology; Natural, Mental, and Moral Philosophy Chemistry, Botany, Algebra, Geometry, and Astronomy, $4,00 per quarter.

Quarter commenced Wednesday, April 24th.
Fort Wayne, April 27, 1850. 43tf.

## WESTERN MILITARY INSTITUTE.

**BOARD OF VISITORS.**

THE *Adjutant General,* together with five persons, to be annually appointed by the Executive, to attend Examinations at least once in the year, according to law.

**FACULTY.**

INCORPORATED with all the powers, privileges and rights exercised by the *Trustees* and *Faculty* of any other College.

COL. T. F. JOHNSON, *General Superintendent;* [Educated at West Point.
COL. E. W. MORGAN, *Joint Superintendent, and Professor of Civil and Military Engineering;* [Educated at West Point
LIEUT. COL. B. R. JOHNSON, *Professor of Mathematics;* [Educated at West Point.
MAJ. RICHARD OWEN, *Professor of Natural Science;* [A pupil of Dr. Ure, of Glasgow.
Mr. ALEX. SCHUE, *Adjunct Professor of Chemistry;* [For 18 months a pupil of the celebrated Liebig.
REV. H. V. D. NEVIUS A. M., *Professor of Ancient Languages;* [Educated at Princeton College, N. J.
JAMES G. BLAINE, A. B., *Adjunct Professor of Languages.* [Educated at Washington College, Pa.
JAMES H. DAVIESS, Esq., *Professor of Law;* [A practitioner in the various Courts of Kentucky.
REV. J. R. SWIFT, *Professor of Ethics and Belles Lettres;* [Educated at Yale College.
Mr. E. A. CAMBRAY, *Professor of Modern Languages.* [Educated in the City of Paris.
CAPT. C. E. MOTT, *Principal of the Academy.* [Educated in New York.
CAPT. W. W. GAUNT, *Adjutant of the Institute.*

Two hundred and seventy Cadets, from eighteen different States, have entered this Institution since it was organized, in 1847. It is entirely free from the control or domination of any sect or party, either political or religious. Economy in dress, by the adoption of a cheap Uniform, for Winter and Summer, is rigidly enforced. Every student is required to select a College Guardian, with whom all funds brought or received must be deposited, and no debt must be contracted without the consent of such guardian.

CIVIL ENGINEERING

Will be *thoroughly* and *practically* taught in the Western Military Institute—the Professor, Col. MORGAN, being one of the most skillful and experienced Engineers in the United States. He was for a long time the Principal Assistant Engineer of Pennsylvania, after receiving the highest honors of the U. S. Military Academy at West Point. All the instruments connected with that department have been procured at considerable cost, and of the best quality.

The Superintendent takes the liberty of stating that he is now offered seventy-five dollars per month for competent assistant Engineers. One of his former pupils receives at this time $2,500 per annum as Principal Engineer of a Railroad now under construction in Kentucky—whilst others of the same class are receiving in different parts of the United States, $2000, $1500, and $1200 a year as assistant Engineers.

The rapid advancement of our whole country, and the eagerness of our people for exploring the hidden resources of the new States and the newly acquired territory, will give ample scope for ages to come, to the skill and enterprise of the Engineer, the Geologist, the Mineralogist, the Surveyor, and the Architect. Young men who have an *aptitude* for the Mathematical and Physical sciences, will have a wide field opened to them for engaging in an honorable, a healthful and a lucrative pursuit, for which they may be thoroughly and practically qualified, in a short time, and at small expense, at the Western Military Institute.

To secure the manifold advantage of health, economy, discipline, progress and moral training, the Faculty of this Institution have selected for its permanent location the famous

**BLUE LICK SPRINGS,**

situated on the Lexington and Maysville Turnpike, twenty-four miles from the latter place, and forty from the former; emphatically a *country location,* being ten or twelve miles distant from any town or village. The buildings are mostly new, well constructed for Garrison purposes, and *ample for the accommodation of Three Hundred Cadets.* This location is unsurpassed for its healthy atmosphere, pure water and romantic scenery; and is, unquestionably, one of the most eligible locations for a Literary Institution in the United States. The grounds have been greatly improved and ornamented during the last five years. A plat of forty acres, beautifully situated on the margin of the Licking River, immediately in the rear of the buildings, will be reserved for Military Exercises. The removal will be made immediately after Christmas, and the School opened at that place *on the 7th day of January,* 1850. Vacation will embrace the months of July and August, by which arrangement the Watering Season will not interfere with the exercises of the Institution.

The Academic Year extends from the first Monday of September to the third Friday of June—Forty weeks.

**TERMS:**

The entire charge for Tuition, Boarding, Lodging, Washing, Fuel, Lights, Blacking, Servants' attendance, Music, use of Arms, &c. &c will be $160 per year. Payments will be required in advance, at that rate, from the day of entrance to the end of the term. From the first Monday of January—for example—to the third Friday of June, (twenty-four weeks) it is $96

Cadets from a great distance, who prefer remaining in Kentucky during vacation, can find the most comfortable Boarding in the families of our wealthy Farmers, at $1,50 per week. Southern or Western Students may land at Louisville and take Stage, Steamboat, or Railroad to Frankfort, and Lexington: thence in four horse coaches to the Blue Licks. Or, they may ascend the Ohio to Maysville, which is three hours stage from the Springs.

☞ This place is furnished with commodious Baths, and is abundantly supplied with Freestone, Limestone and Cistern water of the best quality, independent of the Sulphur Springs, and the Salts and Sulphur Springs.

Georgetown, Ky., October 20, 1849. y—5

## Cash for 20,000 Bushels OF WHEAT, At the Empire Mills.

WE are prepared to pay CASH and the HIGHEST PRICE for 20,000 bushe of good merchantable Wheat.

Farmers and Teamsters will save themselves much trouble and expense by driving directly up to the STONE MILLS and unloading; they will always get the highest price, and avoid the annoyance of being pestered by the barkers and whipper snappers from the Stores, who now infest our streets and are such a bore to all who bring wheat to our market. We are not much given to boasting; but as some of our neighbor are talking of wanting 10,000 bushels of wheat we would inform wheat raisers that we can take in 20,000; as our Mill, besides being the best, is the biggest, the highest, and the strongest in the country. We have a convenient WAGON-YARD and STABLE, for teams coming to the Mill, and a HOUSE for the Teamsters; we always furnish feed for the horses, and occasionally throw in Supper and Breakfast for their drivers. This is nothing new with us—we have always thought it our duty to do so, and should not now mention it if our neighbors had not set the example.

We keep constantly on hand FLOUR OF THE BEST QUALITY and all kinds of Mill Stuff; and promptly grind every thing in the shape of Custom Work—always excepting White Oak Tan Bark, or the "face of the Poor

SAMUEL EDSALL,
*Empire Mills, at the Aqueduct.*
Fort Wayne, Sept 6, 1845 10tf

## Land for sale.

THE subscriber offers for sale on accommodating terms, several valuable tracts of improved and wild lands, situated in Allen county. Persons wishing to settle in this county, would find this a favorabl opportunity to procure farms. THOS. HAMILTON.

**500** BOXES Pittsburgh GLASSWARE and *Druggist's Furniture;* also large stock of WINDOW GLASS, all sizes, for sale at a very small advance. H. B. REED.

**FANCY ARTICLES.**

LUBIN'S Extracts, Bandoline, German Cologne, Moon Fan, Antique Oil, Philacombe Olophane, Rouge, Porte Monnaies, Paint Boxes Glove and Hdf. Boxes, Perfumery Boxes, Smelling Bottles, &c., &c., just received by
Nov. 17, 1849. H. B. REED.

# The Fort Wayne Sentinel.

Vol. 11—No. 2, FORT WAYNE, Indiana, Saturday, July 13, 1850. Whole No. 898.



## THOMAS TIGAR,

EDITOR AND PUBLISHER.

*OFFICE—Over P. P. Bailey's Hardware Store, corner of Clinton and Columbia streets Third Story.*

TERMS:

Two Dollars per annum in Advance: Two Dollars Fifty Cents at the end of Six Months; or Three Dollars at the end of the Year.

No paper discontinued until all arrearages are paid up, except at the option of the publisher.

Advertisements inserted at One Dollar per Square of Ten Lines, for the first three weeks, and half that rate for subsequent insertions.

A liberal allowance made to those who advertise by the year.



JOB PRINTING

Executed with neatness, accuracy and dispatch on the most reasonable terms.

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## The Knox Insurance Company.

FIRE, MARINE AND LIFE INSURANCE.

Capital Stock—$200,000!

*Office on Water Street, in Wise' Brick Row,* VINCENNES, IND.

THIS Company, having been duly organized and ten per cent. paid on the capital stock subscribed, and the balance secured by mortgage on Real Estate and by personal guarantee are now prepared to effect Insurance against Loss or Damage by Fire, on Buildings, Merchandize, Machinery, Manufactories, and all descriptions of property; also, Merchandize and Produce in the course of inland transportation, the risks of the seas, &c., &c.; also, the Hulls of Steamboats, and other vessels, and upon the Lives of individuals going to California. The rates of premium will be as low as those of any other RESPONSIBLE Company.

All Losses liberally adjusted and promptly paid. The stock of this Company is held entirely in the West, and controlled by western men, and in no way connected with New York

DIRECTORS:

Hon. R. N. Carnan, Vincennes;
W. J. Heberd, do.
Jno. W. Maddox, do.
Jacob Pea, do.
Samuel Wise, do.
Peter P. Bailey, Fort Wayne;
Thomas T. Benbridge, Lafayette;
Walter W. Early, Terre Haute;
Henry D. Allis, Evansville;
Simon Bottorff, Jeffersonville;
William Hughes, do.
Levi Sparks, do.
James Keigwin, do.

Hon. R. N. CARNAN, President.
SIMON BOTTORFF, Vice President.
C. M. ALLEN, Secretary.
W. J. HEBERD, Treasurer.

Short Life and California risks taken at this agency at extra rates.

PETER P. BAILEY, Agent at Fort Wayne. n22

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## *Columbus Insurance Company,*

OF COLUMBUS, OHIO.

Capital paid in $300,000.

INCORPORATED IN 1832.

*JOSEPH K. EDGERTON, Agent.*

THE Subscriber, agent at Fort Wayne of this successful and responsible company continues to insure on risks in Allen and adjacent counties.

This Company, since its organization has paid nearly $200,000 of dividends to its stockholders. The losses have always been promptly adjusted and paid. The subscriber during the past year paid over $2,500 for losses on policies issued by him. All losses are adjusted at the agency where the risk is taken, and persons insuring in the Company may have full confidence of its ability to pay, and of its liberal, prompt and honorable dealing with the insured.

JOSEPH K. EDGERTON, *Agent.*
Fort Wayne, Nov. 27, 1849. n22

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## Protection

*Fire & Marine Insurance Company*

OF HARTFORD, CONN.

Capital Stock, $300,000.

THE undersigned, Agent of this old and well known Company is fully authorized to insure Dwellings, Stores, Hotels, Warehouses, Mills, Manufactories, Barns, &c. Also, Household Furniture and Goods, Wares and Merchandise contained or stored therein, against

LOSS OR DAMAGE BY FIRE!

Also, Dry Goods, Groceries, Manufactured Goods, Produce, Household Furniture, Live Stock, and every other description of Merchandize or Personal property, shipped or to be shipped per good steamboat, or boats, to or from points on the Western waters, or between Eastern cities, (via Lakes or other inland routes,) and any towns in the Western country, against the hazards of

INLAND TRANSPORTATION,

Also shipments of Goods, Wares and Merchandize, per good vessel or vessels, between New Orleans and Eastern ports—between New Orleans and other Gulf ports—between all American ports and English or European ports or to any maritime ports whatsoever in the Atlantic waters, against the

PERILS OF THE SEAS.

For terms of Insurance,—also pamphlets containing further information apply to

JOHN HOUGH, Jr.,
Agent Protection Insurance Company.
Fort Wayne, Jan. 16, 1850. 45y

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## Not in the Combination.

THE CITY INSURANCE COMPANY OF CINCINNATI, one of the most substantial in the country, and operating on a capital as large and well secured as that of any other, continues to take risks against fire at the OLD RATES, not being in the *Combination* which has so greatly raised the premium required by other companies.

Payment of all losses made within sixty days after the loss has been ascertained and established, *without any deduction whatever.*

E. F. COLERICK, *Agent.*
Fort Wayne, Jan. 26, 1850. 6f.

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## New Drugs, New Year,

AND NEW ADVERTISEMENT.

JAMES. B. SHOAFF would respectfully announce to the doctors, merchants and others about to purchase anything in the drug line to give him a call. His stock it is not possible to enumerate, for no newspaper proprietor would attempt the job. A few articles and quantities can be mentioned, viz:

| | |
|---|---|
| 600 lbs. Eng. Calomel, | 600 lbs. Turkish Opium. |
| 500 " Blue Mass, | 300 oz. Sulph. Morphine |
| 3000 oz. Quinine, | 300 lbs. Cantharides, |
| 600 lbs. Rhubarb, | 2100 lbs. Soc. Aloes. |

1000 lbs. Aqua Ammonia, &c., &c. in corresponding quantities.

PAINTS, &C.

| | |
|---|---|
| 10000 lbs. Ven. Red, | 20000 Sp. Brown. |
| 1000 " Umber, | 3000 kegs White Lead, |
| 20 bbls. Linseed Oil, | 100,000 Segars |

of the best quality, and a general assortment of Liquors of the best quality, which every body in Fort Wayne is aware of, even to the Druggists themselves.

CHEMICALS.

My stock of chemicals is composed of a greater variety than any store west of the Ohio river not excepting Cincinnati.

PERFUMERY.

The ladies have reduced my stock considerably, but I have a few more left, and expect a new supply soon.

This notice has been published for the public ... the expense has been considerable this ...ae, but looking to the patronage of a generous public, I shall never withold any advertisement to inform them where to get "right" things at "right" prices. JAMES B. SHOAFF,
Wholesale and Retail Druggist,
Jan. 26.—30 under Odd Fellows' Hall.

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DR. Hart's Vegetable Extract for Fits, also Dr. McKenzie's Elixir of Opium just rec'd and for sale by H. B. REED.

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## *ARE YOU INSURED?*

NO EXCUSE NOW.

## The Lafayette Insurance Co.

OF LAFAYETTE, INDIANA.

CAPITAL $200,000.

THE Charter of this Company was granted Feb. 8th, 1836. They are now ready to insure all kinds of property, such as Warehouses, Churches, Academies, and Public Schools, Hotels and Taverns, Livery Stables and Tavern Barns, Country Stores, Flour Mills, Lumber Yards, Iron Foundries, Breweries, Machine Shops, Tanneries, Saw Mills, Cargoes of Sail Vessels, Steam or Canal Boats, contents of Stores, &c., &c. Risks taken on Goods from all the Eastern cities to this place as low as any Company in the States. We now present to the good people of Fort Wayne an Insurance Company of our own state—an Insurance Company that in a very short time will take the lead of every other foreign company doing business in this State.—The question cannot now be raised: I do not know the company; it is a Yankee humbug.—Here we have the best men in the State of Indiana at the head and bottom of the Company; and another grand consideration to those who insure in this company, should losses happen and litigation and trouble occur, we have not to send East and receive just what they say will be a compensation to the loser. Here we have a Company located close to our own door, Lafayette, Indiana, with the very best of men as officers Directors and Stockholders.

The Stockholders of the Company are as follows:

| | |
|---|---|
| Joseph S. Hanna, | Jerome B. Cox, |
| John Purdue, | Martin L. Pierce, |
| Rudolph S. Ford, | William A. Potter, |
| Godlove S. Orth, | Mark Jones, |
| James Spears, | Thos. S. Cox, |
| Erasmus M. Weaver, | Edward H. Brackett, |
| Sam'l Hoover, | Peter Ball, |
| Owen Ball, | Lorenzo Cadwell, |
| Henry T. Sample, | Jos. G. Wilson, |
| Alexander Wilson, | Nathan H. Stockwell, |
| Thos. P. Emerson, | Jacob Walker, |
| Addison M. Crane, | Chas. W. Bangs, |
| Daniel Brawyey, | James Howe, |
| John Lily, | Cyrus Ball, |
| Lemuel Deraut, | Austin P. Linn, |

DIRECTORS.

F. S. Orth, James Spears, Jacob Walker, T. S. Cox, E. M. Weaver, N. H. Stockwell, Mark Jones, Martin L. Pierce, E. H. Brackett.

OFFICERS.

G. S. Orth, Pres't, A. M. Crane, Sec'y
E. H. Brackett, Sol. Jacob Walker, Gen. Ag't

The undersigned is happy to present to the people of Fort Wayne and vicinity a company like the above, of which not the least objection can be raised, and can assure the public that the rates will be as low as all responsible companies, and that all losses will be settled with honor and liberality and dispatch. He would also claim that it is a duty for each and every man who has property to insure to do it in a good company of our own state. Keep all the money at home; we need it as much as the rich Nabobs of the East.

CHARLES WHITMORE, Agent.

Also, General Agent for the
Washington Co. Mutual Ins. Co.
Hartford Life & Health Ins. Co.
Conn. Mutual Life Ins. Co.
Fort Wayne, Feb. 22, 1850. 3m24

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CITY

## Insurance Company

OF CINCINNATI.

Will Insure against Loss or Damage by FIRE; *Houses, Buildings, Stores, Mills, Manufactories, Warehouses and Contents, Vessels in port and their Cargoes, Vessels building or repairing, Goods, Wares, and Merchandise generally.*

DIRECTORS.

| | |
|---|---|
| E. B. Reeder, | Wm. Burnet |
| George Carlisle, | J. C. Thorp, |
| J. M. Blair, | H. Rader, |
| J. P. Kilbreth, | E. S. Haines, |
| H. L. Hoffman. | |

E. B. REEDER, *President.*
N. Gregory, *Secretary.*

*** Office.—No. 8 Front street, between Main and Sycamore, Cincinnati, Ohio.

The subscriber has been appointed agent of the above company in this city, to whom application can be made for policies, pamphlets, information, &c., at Room No. 1 Court House.

EDWARD F. COLERICK.
Fort Wayne, Dec. 6, 1849. 23—tf.

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WASHINGTON COUNTY MUTUAL INSURANCE COMPANY, HARTFORD LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY.
CHARLES WHITMORE,
Nov. 17, 1849 General Agent for Indiana.

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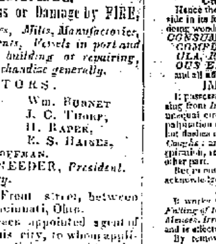
## R. SUTHERLAND,

TIN, SHEET IRON & COPPER WARE MANUFACTURER AND

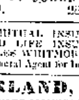
## Dealer in Stoves,

RETURNS his most grateful thanks to his numerous friends and the public for the liberal patronage heretofore bestowed on him, and respectfully informs them that he has now on hand a large variety

Parlor, COOKING AND Box STOVES,



of the most approved varieties, which he is determined to offer at such prices as will make it an object for those wanting Stoves to give him a call.



He particularly directs attention to a new and beautiful article of Air-Tight Self-Regulating Parlor Stoves, on an entirely new principle, which by means of a self acting valve will always keep the room at any required temperature.—For neatness, convenience and economy of fuel, this stove is unequalled by any in the market.

He also received a full supply of

*Tin, Sheet Iron, & Copper,*

which he will make to order on the most reasonable terms. A general assortment of TIN WARE kept on hand. Jobbing Mending, &c., promptly attended to.

Shop, on Columbia Street, one door east of C. A. Gunn's Store, No. 18.
Fort Wayne, Nov. 24, 1849. 21

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## Engines! Engines!

THE undersigned respectfully informs the public that he is now prepared to manufacture at his Foundry in this city, ENGINES of all sizes and patterns, and after the most approved styles. Persons wishing Engines will do well to give him a call before making permanent arrangements elsewhere. JAMES STORY.
Fort Wayne, July 14, 1849. 2

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800 Lbs. Tartaric Acid and Sup. Carb. Soda of the best quality, for sale H. B. REED.

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## Marine Insurance.

THE undersigned Agent of the City Insurance Company of Cincinnati, is now prepared to insure against loss or damage by the perils of SEA or INLAND NAVIGATION. Boats of all descriptions and their Cargoes, and on Goods, Wares and Merchandize generally.

The above Company is not in the combination that have raised the rates of Insurance.

EDWARD F. COLERICK, Agent.
Fort Wayne, April 12, 1850. 34

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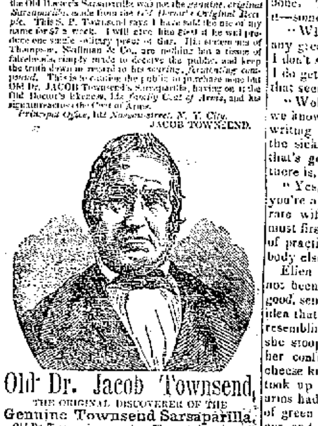
FRIENDS OF QUACKERY.

LET EVERYBODY READ THIS CAREFULLY.—There is a Sarsaparilla for sale in the different towns called S. P. Townsend's Sarsaparilla. It is advertised as the ORIGINAL GENUINE, &c. &c. This Townsend is no doctor and never was; but was formerly a worker on railroads, canals, and the like—yet he assumes the title of Doctor for the purpose of gaining credit for what he is not. He says "he has attended two medical schools, and practiced for fifteen years!" Now the truth is, he never practiced medicine a day in his life! Such *original*, *worked* up representations looks bad to the character and veracity of the man. I wish most sincerely, he had never made those statements of himself or of me. Who will then learn to be honest and truthful in all their dealings and intercourse with their fellow men! He applied to one Kent Clapp to a vast but unmanly effort to further his nuisance, taking the large sums he would make, as an inducement to embark in the business. These men have been inculting and heaping me in all possible forms, in order to impress the public with the belief that the Old Doctor's Sarsaparilla was not the *genuine, original Sarsaparilla*, made from the *Old Doctor's Original Recipe*. This S. P. Townsend says I have sold the use of my name for $7 a week. I will give him $500 if he will produce one single solitary proof of this. His statements of Thompson, Skillman & Co., are nothing but a tissue of falsehoods, simply made to deceive the public, and keep the truth down in regard to his sooring, fermenting compound. This is to caution the public to purchase none but Old Dr. JACOB Townsend's Sarsaparilla, having on it the Old Doctor's likeness, his *family Coat of Arms*, and his signature across the Coat of Arms.

*Principal Office, 102 Nassau-street, N. Y. City.*

JACOB TOWNSEND.



## Old Dr. Jacob Townsend,

THE ORIGINAL DISCOVERER OF THE

Genuine Townsend Sarsaparilla.

Old Dr. Townsend is now about 70 years of age, and has long been known as the *AUTHOR* and *DISCOVERER* of the *GENUINE ORIGINAL "TOWNSEND SARSAPARILLA."* Being poor, he was compelled to limit its manufacture, by which means it has been kept out of market, and the sales circumscribed to those only who had proved its worth and known its value. It had reached the ears of many, nevertheless, as those persons who had been healed of sore diseases, and saved from death, proclaimed its wonders.

HEALING POWER.

This GRAND AND UNEQUALLED PREPARATION is manufactured on the largest scale, and is called for throughout the length and breadth of the land, especially as it is found incapable of degeneration or deterioration.

Unlike young S. P. Townsend's, it improves with age, and never changes but for the better; because it is prepared on *scientific principles* by a *scientific man*. The highest knowledge of Chemistry, and the latest discoveries of the art, have all been brought into requisition in the manufacture of the Old Dr's Sarsaparilla. The Sarsaparilla root, it is well known to medical men, contains many medicinal properties, and some properties which are inert or useless, and others, which if retained in preparing it for use, produce *fermentation* and *acid*, which is injurious to the system. Some of the properties of Sarsaparilla are so *volatile* that they entirely evaporate and are lost in the preparation, if they are not preserved by a *scientific process*, known only to those experienced in its manufacture. Moreover, these *volatile principles*, which fly off in vapor, or as an exhalation, under heat, are the very *essential medical properties* of the root, which give to it all its value.

Any person can boil or stew the root till they get a dark colored liquid, which is more from the coloring matter in the root than from anything else; they can then strain this insipid or vapid liquid, sweeten with sour molasses, and then call it "SARSAPARILLA EXTRACT or SYRUP." But such is not the article known as the

GENUINE OLD DR. JACOB TOWNSEND'S SARSAPARILLA.

This is so prepared, that all the inert properties of the Sarsaparilla root are first removed, everything capable of becoming acid or fermentation is extracted and rejected; then every particle of medical virtue is secured in a pure and concentrated form; and thus it is rendered incapable of losing any of its valuable and healing properties. Prepared in this way, it is made the most powerful agent in the

Cure of innumerable Diseases.

Hence the reason why we hear commendations on every side in its favor by men, women, and children. We find it doing wonders in the cure of

*CONSUMPTION, DYSPEPSIA, and LIVER COMPLAINT, and in RHEUMATISM, SCROFULA, PILES, COSTIVENESS, all CUTANEOUS ERUPTIONS, PIMPLES, BLOTCHES* and all affections arising from

IMPURITY OF THE BLOOD.

It possesses a marvellous efficacy in all complaints arising from *Indigestion*, from *Acidity of the Stomach*, from unequal circulation, determination of blood to the head, palpitation of the heart, cold feet and hands, cold chills and hot flashes over the body. It has not its equal in *Colds and Coughs*; and promotes easy expectoration and gentle perspiration, relaxing strictures of the lungs, throat and every other part.

But in nothing is its excellence more manifestly seen and acknowledged than in all kinds and stages of

FEMALE COMPLAINTS.

It works wonders in cases of *Fluor Albus* or *Whites*, *Falling of the Womb*, *Obstructed*, *Suppressed*, or *Painful Menses*, *Irregularity* of the menstrual periods, and the like; and is effectual in curing all the forms of *Kidney Diseases*.

By removing obstructions, and regulating the general system, it gives tone and strength to the whole body, and thus cures all forms of

Nervous Diseases and Debility.

and thus prevents or relieves a great variety of other maladies, as *Spinal Irritation*, *Neuralgia*, *St. Vitus' Dance*, *Swooning*, *Epileptic Fits*, *Convulsions*, &c.

It cleanses the blood, excites the liver to healthy action, tones the stomach, and gives good digestion, relieves the bowels of torpor and constipation, allays inflammation, purifies the skin, equalizes the circulation of the blood, producing gentle warmth equally all over the body, and the insensible perspiration; relaxes strictures and tightness, removes all obstructions, and invigorates the entire nervous system. Is not this then

The Medicine you pre-eminently need?

But can any of these things be said of S. P. Townsend's inferior article? This young man's liquid is not to be

COMPARED WITH THE OLD DR'S,

because of one GRAND FACT, that the one is INCAPABLE of DETERIORATION, and

NEVER SPOILS.

while the other DOES; *souring*, *fermenting*, and *blowing the bottles* containing it into fragments; the sour, acid liquid exploding, and damaging other goods! Must not this horrible compound be poisonous to the system?—*What! put acid into a system already diseased with acid?* What causes Dyspepsia but acid? Do we not all know that when food sours in our stomachs, what mischief it produces?—flatulence, heartburn, palpitation of the heart, liver complaint, diarrhœa, dysentery, colic, and corruption of the blood? What is Scrofula but an acid humor in the body? What produces all the humors which bring on Eruptions of the Skin, Scald Head, Salt Rheum, Erysipelas, White Swellings, Fever Sores, and all ulcerations internal and external? It is nothing under heaven but an acid substance, which sours, and thus spoils all the fluids of the body, more or less. What causes Rheumatism but a sour and acid fluid which insinuates itself between the joints and elsewhere, irritating and inflaming the delicate tissues upon which it acts? So of nervous diseases, of impurity of the blood, of deranged circulation, and nearly all the ailments which afflict human nature.

Now is it not horrible to make and sell, and *infinitely worse* to use this

SOURING, FERMENTING, ACID "COMPOUND" OF S. P. TOWNSEND,

and yet he would fain have it understood that Old Dr. Jacob Townsend's *Genuine Original Sarsaparilla*, is an IMITATION of his inferior preparation!!

Heaven forbid that we should deal in an article which would bear the most distant resemblance to S. P. Townsend's *article!*

We wish it understood, because it is the *absolute truth*, that S. P. Townsend's article and old Dr. Jacob Townsend's Sarsaparilla are *heaven-wide apart*, and *infinitely dissimilar*; that they are unlike in every particular, having not one single thing in common.

As S. P. Townsend is no doctor, and never was, is no chemist, no pharmaceutist—knows no more of medicine or disease than any other common, unscientific, unprofessional man, what guarantee can the public have that they are receiving a genuine scientific medicine, containing all the virtues of the articles used in preparing it, and which are incapable of changes which might render them the AGENTS of Disease instead of health?

But what else should be expected from one who knows nothing comparatively of medicine or disease? It requires a person of some experience to cook and serve up even a common decent meal. How much more important is it that the persons who manufacture medicine designed for

WEAK STOMACHS AND ENFEEBLED SYSTEMS,

should know well the medical properties of plants, the best manner of securing and concentrating their healing virtues, also an extensive knowledge of the various diseases which affect the human system, and how to adapt remedies to these diseases!

It is to arrest frauds upon the unfortunate, to pour balm into wounded humanity, to kindle hope in the despairing bosom, to restore health, and bloom, and vigor into the crushed and broken, and to banish infirmity that OLD DR. JACOB TOWNSEND has SOUGHT and FOUND the opportunity and means to bring his

Grand Universal Concentrated Remedy

within the reach, and to the knowledge of all who need it, that they may learn and know, by joyful experience, its

Transcendent Power to Heal.

Principal office for the Western States,—Vine street, 3d door above 4th, Cincinnati, Ohio.

G. W. CALHOUN, *General Agent*.

To whom all orders or applications for agencies must be addressed.

For sale in Fort Wayne by

JAMES B. SHOAFF,

*Only Agent for Allen County.* cowly42.

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## LAMP OIL.

A superior article winter strained sperm oil. Also Tanner's Oil, and Neet's Foot Oil, for sale very low. H. B. REED.

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EXTRACT OF LOGWOOD, &c. &c.—Just received and for sale, Extract Logwood, Indigo, Blue Vitriol, Copperas, Fustic, Sulphuric Acid, by JAMES B. SHOAFF, Calhoun St.

N. B.—Prescriptions carefully compounded at all hours. 12


*From the Ohio Cultivator.*

## Mrs. Jones's Experience;

OR, THE ART OF LIVING EASY.

BY FRANCIS D. GAGE.

"I can't see for my life, how you get along so easy, Mrs. Jones," said the merry Ellen, to her mother's nearest neighbor; your family is larger than ours, and you have less help—but you are always in time—come when I will, I find things in good order—no bustle, fuss, or confusion. Now we all work from morning till night, at our house, and our work is never done. There must be some witch work about it—some secret; do tell us, won't you?"

"Why, Ellen, I don't know that there is any great secret about it; all I can tell is, that I don't seem to work very hard, but some how I do get along very easy, as you say, with all that seems to fall to my lot."

"Well, we-all know that, Mrs. Jones, and we know too, that you do more reading and writing than any of the rest of us, and visit the sick more, and find time for everything that's good,—oh, there is a secret, I know there is, and you must tell me all about it."

"Yes, Ellen, I will tell you all about it, for you're a real smart girl, and will make a first rate wife for our Fred, some day, but you must first promise to try and make my secret of practical use to yourself and teach every body else."

Ellen blushed, and almost wished she had not been so impertinent. But Ellen was a good, sensible girl, and was impressed with the idea that Fred would want a wife somewhat resembling his mother in domestic matters; so she stooped down and tied her shoe, to hide her confusion. Mrs. Jones laid down the cheese knife (for it was early in the morning), took up the baby which her kind heart and arms had taken home, and picked up a basket of green peas that were to be shelled for dinner, and sat down to nurse her little orphan to sleep, take the peas out of the pod, and tell her story.

"Well, Ellen, my secret is just this: when I go out to shake the table cloth, I always bring in a stick of wood; or when I nurse baby I shell the peas, or read my newspaper; or in other words, I economise time, seldom take two steps where one will answer, and try to do everything the shortest and easiest way. I pulverize saleratus enough to last a month at one time, keep it in a convenient vessel, and then it is always ready for use—no untying papers and scattering the floor and cupboard, no table, rolling pin, or mortar to clean, but once; instead of beating my eggs with a knife or spoon, I have a whip made of pieces of wire bent in an oblong shape like a tassel, and tied with a bit of twine to a hickory handle, and I can beat the whites of six eggs to a standing foam in two minutes, as easily as you will in half an hour with a knife. Any body can make an egg whip that can whittle a stick or find a piece of wire, if they cannot afford to buy one. I only mention these things as samples of my time saving. But if you will not be offended, I will tell you a little story."

"Offended! not I. It's the silliest thing in the world to get offended, particularly at those who wish to do us good. The doctor often has to administer unpleasant drugs to effect a cure."

"Well, then, Ellen, I was out taking tea with a neighbor last week, and we went into the milk and cheese room to see the cheese; and as we came back we stopped a few minutes to chat in the kitchen; the lady told one of the girls she might make some flannel cakes, or griddle cakes, as some call them, for tea. She started off on a bound to her duty. First she ran down cellar and brought up the butter milk jar, holding almost a pail full; then she ran back for the eggs, untied a half pound of saleratus, scattered a spoonful on the floor and another on the table, rolled it and tied it up; next turned her butter milk out and spattered a new dress all about the waist, splashed it over the table on divers things, said 'oh pshaw,' picked up the saleratus from the floor, cleaned her dress, and caught a plate and ran to the meal room; came back with a heaping plate of flour threw it into the pan and stirred away, back and forth, till it all was submerged and all lumps. There was not flour enough; away she ran again, brought a little more; there was still not enough, and the third journey had to be made, in it was all dashed, and she stirred away till her face glowed like a peony; all at once she thought of her eggs and broke them into the batter. She had forgotten the salt, and ran the fourth time to the meal room. Now her batter was to thick, and more butter milk had to be used, and consequently the saleratus paper had to undergo another operation. Finally, after much labor and toil, and expenditure of much time and waste of material, the lumpy batter was ready for use. But here was a new trouble; the fire that was just right half an hour before was exhausted; the griddle, which had been set on the stove in the beginning, burned rough, the kitchen and ante rooms full of the unpleasant smoke and odor of burnt grease—the cakes stuck fast to the iron—two messes were wasted before the griddle could be rubbed smooth; the dish cloths were all in sad plight, and the young lady had expended as much actual labor as would have prepared the whole meal, set the table and all."

"Oh, dear—that was me; anybody might know that picture! But how would you have managed."

"I should have taken my pan and spoon, put my saleratus into the pan, gone down cellar, and with my cup, which I keep in the jar for that purpose, dipped the butter milk without spattering it, into my pan; then broke the eggs carefully into the milk; gone from there to the meal room and sifted the proper quantity of flour in and stirred it carefully, thus beating the eggs while I stirred in the flour; dropped in a little salt and returned to the kitchen, all in five minutes, without having one thing out of place, except the egg shells, and these I should have removed at some other time. So you see instead of four journeys to the cellar, two to fetch and two to carry back, and four to the meal room, I should have done the whole work, saved my strength, saved the wear and tear of shoes, saved the soiling of my dress, saved the fire, the annoyance, and a good half hour for something else, and had a better mess of cakes for supper, into the bargain. And this is only one half hour saved in getting supper, by one hand. It took three that night longer to get tea by one half, than it would have taken me to have gotten it alone."

"But, la me! here's the baby fast asleep—the peas are all shelled, and my story must be wound up, for it is time to 'whey off the curd.' If this bit of experience does you any good, we will tell you another story some day."

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*Extraordinary Marriage.*—A Mr. Hopkins, of Lowndes county, Miss., aged 56, recently married Miss Mathews, aged about 35.

What renders the alliance so extraordinary is, that both parties are so afflicted with rheumatism that neither have walked a step in twenty-five years, and the bride is unable to undress herself. The reason assigned by Mr. H. for marrying Miss M. is, "that some two years ago he married a woman that could walk, and she ran off with a stage driver, and he wanted a wife that he was certain couldn't get off."

*From the Springfield Republican.*

## *A True Story of Human Nature.*

There once lived in a small town in Massachusetts an old woman somehow or other the old woman had accumulated quite a desirable little property. Yet she was an Indian, and was treated with cool contempt by her neighbors. She had no seat in the social circle, received no attention from those around her, occupied a back pew in the church; and down towards the grave she travelled, without friend or comforter.

Old Nance had but one relative living that she knew of, and he a wild, graceless son.—He was the terror of the village, and spent his time in any thing but a respectable way. At last the vagabond so worried the forbearance of his old mother, that in a hasty moment she resolved to disinherit him and leave her money to the church.

Accordingly she started for the house of one of the deacons, and made a clean breast of her troubles, and acquainted him with her determination. The deacon grew from a cool to a very amiable mood as she proceeded, and at last became profuse in his expressions of gratitude.

The will, through the agency of the deacon, was drawn; but the old woman, feeling a little compunction, had a clause inserted, which should make it void, provided the son should totally reform his habits. Secrecy was enjoined upon the deacon, who of course told nobody but his wife, who of course said nothing about it save to one or two friends, who of course spread it all over the village in the space of one day.

But the change wrought in the situation of old Nance was miraculous. 'Such a good old woman!' The nice bits from the best tables began to journey under neat napkins to her humble abode. On a rainy Sabbath, a carriage took her up to her door, and carried her to church, where she was kindly favored with a front pew, near the stove. Her praise was in every body's mouth, and her tottering form commanded respect every where. But she thrived remarkably under this treatment, and lived, and lived. In the mean time the son was looked on, with more than usual distrust, and the poor widow was deeply commiserated on his disgraceful course.

Years passed away, and the kind attentions of friends were still continued to the widow, when, at last old Nance slept the sleep that knows no waking. A large funeral, one of the largest the little village had ever seen, attended her to her grave in the quiet church yard. There were tears shed above her bier, and pensions breathed upon her memory.

The funeral was past. The deacon, the squire, and a number of the village notables, were gathered in her dwelling, and in one corner of the room sat the sad and taciturn son.

'Squire,' said the deacon, 'I believe there is a will.'

'Yes, there is a will.'

'Will you have the kindness to read it?'

The will was produced. All was silent.—The will was read, in which all the widow's property was bequeathed to the church.—Many an eye sought the face of the prodigal son, but saw no change in his stolid features.

When the reading was finished the son arose, and drawing a piece of paper from his pocket, inquired the date of 'that ar will.'

The date was stated, and handing the 'Squire his paper, the portionless asked him to read it.

Alas! it was a will one day younger than the other. The fond mother in her weakness had told the son what she had done, and he managed to have a will drawn twenty four hours after the previous one, in which he was the sole legatee.

The assembled wisdom and disinterestedness of the village went home *thinking*, and the son had the pleasant satisfaction of knowing that his mother's last days were her best days.

Reader, this is not a fiction. It is but an instance of the weakness in our common natures which, in similar developments, comes before us with humiliating frequency, alike in the highest and lowest walks of life.

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CONVICTED OF BIGAMY.—James Hardy, alias Rev. Matthew S. Alter, has just been convicted of bigamy at the Supreme Court in Lockport, Judge Marvin presiding. The particulars of this case are somewhat curious, and are pregnant with warning. At the age of 22 years he made his appearance at Hempstead, L. I., in the character of a Methodist Episcopal Minister, and was soon married into a respectable family. Previous to this marriage, as is now proved, he had, in several instances, been a seducer, and ever afterwards continued the career of an unprincipled libertine. He ill-treated his wife, and finally abandoned her and his four children. After leaving Long Island, he successively imposed himself upon congregations in Delaware, Lowell, Mass. and Kingston, C. W. In July last, he offered himself as a clerical candidate to the Presbyterian Church in Lewiston, and succeeded, by means of forged certificates, lauding his talents and piety, in obtaining a ministerial engagement. He preached with no little applause, although it was soon discovered by the discerning few that his sermons were mainly plagiarism—the patchwork of other men's labors. He floated for a while swimmingly on the flood tide of village popularity, and soon contracted marriage with the daughter of one of the most respectable citizens of Lewiston. But his superior personal appearance and his wily address could not permanently sustain him. Within a few weeks after this second marriage, evidence of his spurious character as a clergyman, and of his previous iniquities, came to light, and he was arrested and committed for bigamy. On trial, he pleaded guilty, and was sentenced to hard labor in the State prison at Auburn for the term of five years. A degree of precaution and scrutiny, such as is exercised in all the more important transactions of business life, would probably have saved the good people of Lewiston from so vile an imposition.—*N. Y. Courier.*

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*The Tariff—Its adjustment—Old Zack and the Galphin.*—The friends of a revision of the Tariff, with a view to the establishment of a moderate and judicious system of revenue, have great confidence in the success of their policy, during the present Congress, if not at the present session. There is no doubt that the Tariff might, with benefit to some interests and perhaps with a due regard to the general interests, modify the present system. The cotton and iron and woolen interests are, it is said, much depressed, and, at the same time, freights are ruinously low. There is to be, according to some financial predictions, a panic about next January; and, in that case, there will be a considerable tinkering of the revenue tariffs especially should the Secretary of the Treasury insist upon supplying his anticipated deficiency, about which so much was said a while ago.

When the President first heard of the payment of the Galphin, he exclaimed with surprise, as it is said, 'Why, I thought Meredith was short of money.' After the appropriations for the next year are made, he will be rather short, no doubt, and must get some of the administration members to do his skinning at the capitol.

## THE BILL PAID.

BY MILLIE MILD.

Medical students may be proverbially 'hard cases,' for aught we know. Yet it cannot be denied, that few are more benevolent and kind hearted, than these same hard cases are. It may be because they witness so much suffering and distress, that they become uncustomed, as it were, to scenes from which at first they turned away, unable to witness.

A few years ago, we happened to be in the company of a number of students, from one of which we heard the following story.—

It was on a cold Christmas morning, in the year 18—a medical student whom I will call Rush Rudder, was proceeding on his way to meet some fellow students in the beautiful little village of Richmond, where, forgetting books and studies, they had intended to spend the anniversary of the day, which brought peace and good will to man. As he was passing through one of those narrow streets in the northern part of the city, he met a small girl, weeping as if her heart would break. The crowd passed on without noticing her; but when the poor student saw her, his heart was touched, and he could not pass without inquiring the cause of her grief.

'Oh sir,' she answered him, 'it is not for myself I care, but mother is so sick, and she sent me to the tailor for whom she works, but he would not pay me.'

'Where does your mother live?' he asked, after he had listened to her plain story. The little girl led him into a small house, where lay a sick woman laboring under great debility, and rapidly sinking for want of proper nourishment.

Ever and anon could be heard the laugh of passers by, clad in furs and well protected from the keen blasts of Boreas, as they joined in the merry making of that festive day—and the sick woman would sigh as their merry laugh fell upon her ears. It may be, her mind reverted to her happier days.—Such thoughts will often steal upon the distressed, however much they guard themselves against it.

'I will get you some medicine, which I hope will do you good,' said the student. 'But, no matter about that,' said he, knowing full well what she was about to say. 'No matter, you can pay me when you get money enough to spare,' and without waiting to hear any objection on her part, he wished her a good day, promising to call again. So much time had elapsed while the student was thus engaged, that it was too late for him to meet his friends, as at starting in the morning he had intended.

Every morning a supply of food and medicine was sent to the poor woman, who, under proper nourishment, rapidly improved until convalescent; and every day did the student wend his way to his patient, to inquire how she did.

The commencement of the University took place, and Rush Rudder received his diploma with honor. Time rolled on, Mr. now Rush Rudder, M. D., was attending to the arduous duties of his profession in his native city, Cincinnati, when one fine morning, several years after he had left the University, a splendid coach drove up to the door, and a beautiful female entered his office. The young physician lifted up his eyes from the books he had been reading, he fancied he had seen that face before, but when, or how, or where, he knew not.

'I have come sir,' said she, 'to pay you for medicine received from you long, long ago.'

'When did you receive the medicines?' asked the Doctor in a business manner, (but it was a counterfeit.)

'On a cold Christmas morning, in the year 18—, you met a poor girl crying in the city of Philadelphia, you spoke kindly to her, following her to her sick mother, and purchased food and medicine until she recovered. That poor sick woman, was the only daughter of a wealthy gentleman, but marrying contrary to her father's wish, he banished her from his house. Her husband soon died, and she was forced to support herself and child by her needle, but unused to labor, days and nights of toil were too much for her, and she sunk beneath the task; and had it not been for you she must have died, and her daughter exposed to the charities of a cold, heartless world; yea, to all the temptations which helpless females are subject to in our large cities. Her father died shortly after her recovery, without a will, consequently she fell heir to all his vast estate. Kind sir that woman was my mother, and I am the little girl you spoke so kindly to."

The rest of my story is soon told. They were married, Dr. Rudder and the wealthy heiress. And if you ever visit the city of Cincinnati, you may see the beautiful house where Rush Rudder has retired from practice; still he pursues the study of his favorite science, and much are we indebted to him for his researches in the field of Medicines.—*Messenger and Gleaner.*

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*No Enjoyment from ill Gotten Wealth.*—If a man is a fool to expect wealth by dishonest means, he is a still greater fool if he expects that wealth so acquired, will afford him any enjoyment. Enjoyment did I say! What! enjoyment for you—you who have attained wealth by falsehood—by deception—by extortion—by oppression—you expect enjoyment! Listen—listen to the hearty denunciations of all honest men! to the awful imprecations of those you have injured; to the reproaches of your family, whose name you have dishonored, to the accusations of that conscience whose voice you have stifled, and to the wrathful thunder of that heaven whose laws you have outraged! Listen to these—these are the enjoyments that will attend your ill-gotten wealth. 'He that getteth riches, and not by right, shall leave them in the midst of his days, and at the end shall be a fool.'

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*Light and Heat from Water.—Another Discovery.*—While Mr. Paine has been talking about producing light and heat, by decomposing water, a Frenchman, Joseph Pierre Gallard, has taken out a patent in France, dated Nov. 22, 1849, which, as described in the London Patent Journal, is an improvement similar to Paine's alleged great discovery, of producing, by mechanical means, pure oxygen and hydrogen at opposite poles, in separate gas gasometers. Mr. G's. discovery seems rather, indeed, to go ahead of Mr. Paine's. Here is a description:—

The patentee's invention consists in certain apparatus and processes for producing hydrogen gas by the decomposition of water, and its application to heat and light. The means and processes by which he obtains this gas are: 1. By the incalescence (incandescence) of iron. 2. By carbon. 3. By magnets.

There is also a lengthy specification given which contains descriptions of processes which are not claimed, and claims of processes which are not described.

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*Pretty Good.*—A witty correspondent of the Richmond Enquirer, informs the editor that he has a claim for furnishing material to build Noah's ark, and says that he intends to employ Secretary Crawford to present the claim to Mr. Meredith, and get it allowed on the *Galphinic* principle; and will only ask the interest without principal, in consideration of its being a rather antiquated debt.

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*A Bit of Panic Spoiled.*—The N. Y. Courier and Enquirer having accidentally stated that "from some unaccountable cause, the amount of foreign immigration has experienced within the present month a sudden and unexpected decrease," the Washington Republic seized the occasion to prove the country was ruined, by the low rate of the tariff. It exclaims:

Emigrants flock to our shores to find employment and remuneration. Though large numbers of them make their way at once through the interior to the western States, and occupy the public lands, still a large portion are compelled to wait in the cities of the seaboard to accumulate, by the savings of their daily toil, the amount requisite to enable them to defray the expenses of their further progress, and to enable them to procure the stock and implements, without which land is valueless. When employment is ready and abundant, when labor is well rewarded they come freely.—When the market for labor is sluggish, and its rewards decline, they postpone their departure from their old homes to a more promising season. When *forges and mills are closing on every side, and the operatives employed in them are turned out to seek such new employment as they can find, is it strange that emigrants should be deterred from coming to compete with them.* That the *depressed condition of manufacturing industry must operate to arrest emigration*, is a conclusion to be avoided only by supposing that those on the point of embarking for this country take no pains to inform themselves as to the prospect that awaits for them.

Unfortunately for these conclusions, the N. Y. Tribune, a zealous protectionist in an accidental paragraph, knocks the premises of the logic over, by showing that immigration, so far from having decreased, has increased 12 per cent. It says:

The arrival in May were 42,000, or nearly 5,000 more than in the same month last year: the deaths for five weeks from April 27th to June 1, this year, were 1,208; for the corresponding month in 1849, not reckoning cholera, 1,161; *decrease* of mortality, this year, 21 per cent.—*increase of emigration*, 12 per cent.—May this year has been remarkable for peculiar health and UNEXAMPLED IMIGRATION.

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*Late from Oregon.*—Latest dates from Oregon are to the 18th April. The prospects for crops were fine, the amount of grain put in the ground being twice that of last year. Further explorations of the South Pass show its practicability, and its superiority to the north entrance to the Columbia River. Indian difficulties are apprehended.

Last winter we published some news from Oregon, the fact of an almost general desertion of the regiment of mounted riflemen, stationed at Fort Vancouver. In the Oregon Spectator of the 18th of April, we observe the following:

Gov. Lane has returned from the Umqua, having arrested and brought back some 70 or 75 of the deserters. Col. Loring continued the pursuit, but was obliged to return, having found two of bodies of the deserters. Strong fears are entertained that the whole band will have perished by starvation, ere they can be reached with provisions.

A difficulty occurred Fort Vancouver, on the 5th May, between a Mr. Short and Dr. David Gardner, in relation to a land claim, which resulted in the death of Dr. Gardner and a Kanaka, who was in the Doctor's service.

The Governor issued his proclamation for the Legislature to convene on the 1st of May.

A. Holbrook, U. S. District Attorney for Oregon, had just arrived there.

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*A Tight Place.*—It is not often that a lady gets into a closer squeeze than did the one mentioned in the following account. If the gentleman was a democrat she was in the midst of three *loco* motives—all progressives.

A little before 9 o'clock yesterday morning, as the train was going out for Newark, when rounding Bergen Cut, was closely upon a gentleman and lady, who were walking upon the track. The locomotive, squealed and they jumped across on the other track—but horror! Just ahead was another train, from Ramapo, on this track, and the next moment would hurl them into eternity. They had *no* room on the outsides of either track from the embankment—and not knowing which train would pass *first*, were almost paralized! But the gentleman seized the lady who had nearly swooned—placed her on the narrow walk between the two tracks, embraced her dress in his circling arms to keep the cowcatcher from hooking it—and thus awaited their fate. The two trains passed them at the same moment, roaring and thundering on but neither the gentleman nor lady were injured—more than an awful fright.—*Jersey City Sentinel.*

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*An Oriental Embassy.*—On the 26th inst., his Excellency General Jung Bahadoor Koorman Ranagee, Prime Minister and Commander-in-chief of the kingdom of Nepaul, situated on the borders of Thibet, arrived in England, as ambassador extraordinary from the King of Nepaul to the Queen of England. His suite consisted of twenty-four persons, and he was charged with a letter from his King to Queen Victoria, and with presents, of Nepaulese manufactures, worth nearly a quarter of a million sterling. The travelling expenses of the embassy to England, were nearly 10,000 pounds sterling. They are all Buddhists, and to avoid contact with Christians, had the whole of the fore cabins and saloons of the steamer exclusively to their own use, and there they fitted up their own cooking apparatus. The General is a handsome oriental, very dark, 32 years old, and a great man in India. He dresses magnificently, and his manners are said to be polished and graceful. When they landed at Southampton, they would not go to a hotel, but occupied the Peninsular offices, and had their cooking apparatus erected in the yard. They are very mysterious about their cooking and eating. They are continually washing; fond of smoking, and of all oriental habits of luxury.

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*New Cholera Cure.*—Dr. Macrae, in the hospital at Howrah, has, according to the Indian news, discovered a new and most successful mode of treating cholera patients. He causes them to inhale a certain quantity of oxygen gas which contributes a strong stimulating effect, and finally throws the patient into a refreshing sleep. On awaking, he finds himself restored to health, with the exception of a general weakness which always succeeds any physical prostration. Dr. Macrae had tested his mode of practice upon fifteen European seamen, who had been carried to the Howrah Hospital in the last stage of the disease, and the patient has in every instance recovered.

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The Germans, says a paragraph in the New York Post, have recently taken a particular fancy to raising potatoes. The following is their method of producing the greatest food for the greatest number:

The potato is planted whole, without any preparation, only allowing a little more space than usual. When the plants have attained the height of the hand, they are cleaned and hoed as usual. When, however, the time for drawing up the earth round them has arrived the following process is adopted instead: The green stalks are divided and laid down by the hand on the flat soil in the form of the spokes of a wheel and covered with the neighboring earth—the operation being readily performed by placing the foot on the plant. Some weeks after the leaves begin to push through the soil when they are again laid down and covered with four inches of earth. This is all the labor required, and occupies about the same time as the ordinary hoeing up process, but it produces six times more fruit. The subterranean stalks are covered with potatoes in the form of a wreath or chaplet.

## DEMOCRATIC TICKET.

FOR SENATOR

*for Allen, Adams, and Wells Counties.*

**SAMUEL S. MICKLE, of Adams County.**

SENATORIAL DELEGATE,

**JAMES W. BORDEN, of Allen County.**

REPRESENTATIVE—ALLEN COUNTY,

OCHMIG BIRD.

REPRESENTATIVE DELEGATE.

CHAS. E. STURGIS.

AUDITOR,

ROBERT STARKWEATHER.

TREASURER,

THOMAS T. DEKAY.

SHERIFF,

WM. H. McDONALD.

ASSOCIATE JUDGE,

ANDREW METZGER.

PROSECUTING ATTORNEY,

J. L. WORDEN.

COUNTY COMMISSIONER, 1st DISTRICT,

S. BIGGS.

CORONER,

DANIEL KISER.

We are desired to announce the name of S. M. BLACK, as a candidate for re-election to the office of Treasurer of Allen County. pd.

Ed. Sentinel:

Please announce SAMUEL HANNA, Esq. as a candidate for Senatorial Delegate to Constitutional Convention, and oblige MANY VOTERS.

We are requested to state that H. B. TAYLOR is a candidate for County Commissioner, 1st district.


# The Fort Wayne Sentinel.

**SATURDAY, JULY 13, 1850.**


## DEATH OF THE PRESIDENT!

It is our melancholy duty this week to announce the sudden death of Major General Zachary Taylor, *President* of the United States. This news will startle our readers: it is a solemn admonition to all of the uncertainty of life, and shows that neither power station, nor honor can ward off the attacks of the destroying angel. Gen. Taylor occupied one of the most exalted positions in which it is possible for a man to be placed—the chief magistrate of one of the most powerful nations on the face of the earth—a distinguished warrior, who had filled the measure of his own and country's glory—esteemed and respected by his fellow citizens—possessing an ample fortune and surrounded by every thing calculated to render life desirable—and yet in a few short hours he is hurried to the silent grave where all distinctions are levelled, and where the beggar and the prince alike crumble to dust.

He was seized with a violent attack of billious cholic on Monday night, which in 24 hours terminated his mortal existence. He was 66 years of age.

We do not feel inclined to attempt any labored eulogium on the virtues and character of the illustrious dead. We leave that to abler pens. As President it is well known we did not admire him; we have often stated and still believe that it would have been better for his future fame if he had never been elevated to that responsible and perplexing station—an office for which neither the natural bent of his mind nor his opportunities of acquiring information fitted him. But as a soldier—as a brave, energetic, and skillful commander—he won laurels of which the most aspiring might well be proud. As a man, we believe his character was irreproachable; kind and affable in his deportment, of strict integrity and inflexible honesty, he was beloved and esteemed by all who had the pleasure of his acquaintance. His death will be looked upon as a national calamity, and that of few public men of the present age will be more sincerely mourned and lamented.

☞ We would urge upon our citizens the propriety of holding a meeting, irrespective of party, to give expression to the heartfelt sorrow pervading all classes, on the occasion of the melancholy and unlooked for death of the President, and to pay a proper tribute of respect to his memory.

*Adjournment of the Ohio Convention.*—The Ohio Constitutional Convention has adopted a resolution to adjourn to meet again on the 1st Monday in December at Cincinnati. There has been but little progress made in the business for which this body was called; that pest of legislation—speechmaking—having consumed nearly the whole of the time of the convention since its assembling. Speech makers are getting to be a great bore; and the convention, unfortunately, had a full share of them.

KEEP COOL—*If you can.*—The thermometer on Thursday last stood at 96° in the shade; yesterday it was *down* to 97°.

This is pretty warm; and our readers are of course too intelligent to expect much editorial from us at such a melting time. The heat rarefies the brain and causes the ideas to evaporate before we can commit them to paper; nothing but the duller, heavier particles remain and we think it best to keep them to ourself.

☞ A small steamboat of about 30 or 40 tons burthen passed through here on the canal on Wednesday, containing two or three families emigrating from Sandusky to Wisconsin. The little craft steamed along the Lake from Sandusky to Toledo; thence she pursued her course along the "raging canawl;" and will descend the Wabash and Ohio Rivers and ascend the Mississippi to her point of destination. This is a somewhat circuitous route—the distance being probably not far short of 2000 miles. It is intended to take the engine out of the boat and put it in a sawmill in Wisconsin.

☞ Mr. V. B. PALMER, Tribune Buildings New York; Third and Chesnut Streets, Philadelphia; and No. 8 Congress Street, Boston, is *Sole Agent* for the Sentinel in those cities; and is alone authorised to receive subscriptions advertisements &c. on our account.

### GET NATURALIZED!

The Allen Circuit Court will be in session next week. Saturday forenoon will be devoted to applications for naturalization.

As we are on the eve of an important election, we trust all entitled will embrace the opportunity. The township committees should look to the matter, and urge its importance upon every non-naturalized foreign citizen.

## DEATH OF GEN. TAYLOR!

WASHINGTON, July 10.

General Taylor died at 35 minutes past 10 o'clock last night. His death was calm and peaceful. The Vice President, Mayor, Marshal of the District, Attorney General, physicians, and the family, surrounded his bedside. Gen. Taylor's last words were, "I am prepared—I have endeavored to do my duty."

The Cabinet will, this morning communicate to Congress the death of President Taylor.

The Executive Departments are all closed.

The remains of President will be exhibited in state at the Executive Mansion until the day of the funeral, which will probably be on Friday.

WASHINGTON, July 9.

The President passed a very bad night and his condition is very critical.

BALTIMORE, July 9—11 A. M.

A message just received from Washington: President Taylor very low—it is thought he cannot survive unless a favorable change takes place. The disease, billious colic.

WASHINGTON, July 9—12 M.

No change for the better in the President's condition, though fever has abated.

2 P. M.

General Taylor no better; cannot stand it long if no change for the better soon.

3 P. M.

Just alive.

4½ P. M.

Physicians express the opinion that a change for the better has taken place in the last half hour.

WASHINGTON, July 10—11 A. M.

SENATE.—There was a full attendance, with crowded galleries. Rev. W. Butler prayed.

The Secretary of the Senate received two communications from Vice President Fillmore; the first resigning the *Presidency* of the Senate; the second delivered by the hands of W. Fisher of the State *Department* announcing the death of the President last evening at 10½ o'clock, in the midst of his family and friends, calmly and in possession of all his faculties; and proposing to take the oath, as *President*, at 12 o'clock to day. Whereupon Mr. Webster offered a resolution that the Senate meet at 12 o'clock to-day, for the Inauguration of Mr. Fillmore.

The proceedings were communicated to the House; whereupon, on motion of Mr. Bright, it was resolved, that Messrs. Soule, Davis of Miss., and Underwood, be a committee on the part of the Senate. Recess till 12 o'clock.

HOUSE.—The house was opened by appropriate prayer by Rev. Mr. Butler, when a pause for 15 minutes ensued.

The Speaker then took the Chair, and a message was received from Vice President Fillmore, announcing the death of President Taylor, and giving his last words.

Mr. Moore moved for a recess until twelve o'clock to administer the oath to Mr. Fillmore, which was agreed to.

WASHINGTON, July 10.

A committee of 13 was appointed to unite with the Senate in the funeral arrangements, after which the House adjourned.

The late cabinet have made a tender of their resignation to President Fillmore. They, however, will continue in office for the present. Speculations are busy as to their successors, though no change will be made before the close of the session.

The funeral of Gen. TAYLOR, late President, will take place on Saturday the 13th, at 11 o'clock.

Various conflicting rumors are afloat relative to the new Cabinet, and nearly all reports concur in naming Mr. Webster as Secretary of State.

WASHINGTON, July 10.

Colonel Bliss critically ill with the cholera. Several deaths from the same disease have occurred.

*For the Sentinel.*

### Doings at East Liberty on the Fourth

The citizens of East Liberty were joined by many of their friends of Allen and Adams, counties in celebrating the glorious Fourth of July. "It was good to be there;" they had a good old-fashioned celebration. The people met at an early hour, and erected a splendid Liberty Pole, from which floated the "Star Spangled Banner." A procession was formed at 11½ A. M., headed by an excellent band of martial music, and proceeded to a delightful grove, where the Declaration of Independence was read by Dr. Kerr. and an oration delivered by Edward F. Colerick, after which they returned to town, and, at one o'clock P. M., partook of a sumptuous dinner, prepared by Mr. Martin W. Krupp; the extensive table fairly groaned from the weight of the good things spread upon it. There were in the neighborhood of two hundred persons partook of the dinner, about one half of whom were ladies, whose merry voices and pleasant smiles added much to the pleasure of the occasion. The only thing which occured to mar the festivities was an accident that occurred in the early part of the day: As Messrs. May and Wilson were firing a cannon, it accidentally went off while they were priming it causing a large quantity of powder in the hands of one of them to explode, burning them both severely.

East Liberty is a thriving little village recently laid off by John Barger, Esq. at the cross roads in section twenty-nine, Monroe township, Allen county, and is beautifully situated in the midst of a pleasant, thriving, and rich country, and bids fair to become a flourishing town. Monroe township will soon be one of the most flourishing and rich townships in our county; it is settling very rapidly by an industrious and enterprising class of farmers, as it is evident from the fine improvements you see on every hand. All they want now is a Plank Road, and that they can have if they will agitate the matter.

### Cholera.

CINCINNATI, July 9.

The Board of Health report 87 deaths the last 24 hours, and 48 of them from cholera.

July 10.

Cincinnati Board of Health report, for last 24 hours, 25 deaths by cholera, and 32 by other diseases. A large decrease in cholera.

LOUISVILLE, July 9.

Board of Health report the health of city good. A few cases only of cholera. Cholera very malignant at Nashville. The papers there are suspended in consequence.

NASHVILLE, July 9.

Forty-eight interments on Thursday last, twenty-nine on Tuesday, thirty-six on Saturday—nearly all cholera.

### Dreadful Fire and Explosion!

PHILADELPHIA, July 10.

One of the most destructive fires that has ever occurred in this city, was witnessed yesterday afternoon and evening. The fire first broke out about 4½ o'clock in the fourth story of a *building* occupied for storage on Delaware Avenue. When discovered, it had made considerable headway, with flames spreading in every direction. They soon spread to Water street, and north and south to Callowhill.—Three terrible explosions occurred from 3000 bags of saltpetre. Beck's warehouse on Delaware Avenue was completely filled with a mass of human beings, among which were several of our gallant and noble firemen. The first explosion did not cause much excitement or fear with the mass, nor did the 2d, except some slight fear of safety, when they moved to eastern end of wharves. The third explosion, however, was fatal in many cases, killing many on Delaware Avenue and Water Sts. The scene was frightfully appalling in the extreme, the rush for life was terrific, men and boys, firemen and by-standers rushed away from the ruinous conflagration, and by their endeavors to go beyond danger, hundreds rolled over each other, while running over to a large quantity of merchandise on the dock, causing legs and arms to be broken, and injuries in fractures of a serious character. In the fright some were thrown into the Delaware, while a large number rushed voluntarily into the river, to shield themselves from bricks and cinders thrown from the burning houses. The stores above mentioned were owned by John Brock, and were occupied by Ridgely & Budd, flour and commission merchants, Jacob F. Leving, dealer in molasses and sugar; and Warden & Burger, as a hay and straw establishment; Wompole & Shannon, sail makers.—The list of persons whose property has been destroyed, occupies a column of the morning papers, and the details of suffering sickening to peruse. The remains of a woman, two boys and two girls were taken to the northeast police station house. They were shocking spectacles. Among the girls fourteen years of age, were recognized a Miss Drake. A woman burned almost to a crisp, was taken to a Drug Store, and died soon afterwards. We heard that a daughter of James Alexander, had her head blown off. A little girl was picked up from the gutter, with her arm blown off. Of infants, some not more than three months old, were shockingly burned. We saw one of these children, with its mother pulled from the ruins of these buildings by our valiant firemen.—There are supposed to be at least thirty killed. Some ten more will probably die. The total number of wounded cannot be less than 100, judging from the extent of ground covered by the fire, and the nature of property consumed. We venture to compute the damage at four millions of dollars. At all events, it is the most extensive and destructive fire that ever happened in this city. No praise can do justice to the conduct of the *firemen*. Some perilled life almost too rashly, and their feats of daring and gallantry, elicited frequent outbursts of applause. Some of the companies had their apparatus much damaged. The *Vigilant*, held a most perilous position, at the time of her explosion, and had its arms blown off. The *Southwark* was totally destroyed. Buildings were set on fire to the distance of six squares.

The city council of Philadelphia have appropriated $10,000 for the relief of the sufferers. Number killed about 30—found drowned 9—missing 17.

*Correspondence of the Baltimore Sun.*

WASHINGTON, June 30, 1850.

*Resistance to Proceedings in New Mexico—Gen Cass's Resolutions.*—Gen. Cass' resolutions, which came up yesterday, are pregnant of meaning. Neither the Northern nor the Southern democracy will recognize the constitutionality of the proceedings of Col. Manros in New Mexico. They contend that Gen. Taylor had no right to delegate such powers to a captain in the army, a lieutenant colonel by brevet, or any other military officer. While Gen. Cass and some of his friends are thus resisting the usurpation in New Mexico, and determined to execute and maintain the treaty of annexation with Texas, New Mexico, and her State constitution, will be here in a week and present *herself* for admission into the Union. Utah will follow on the heels of New Mexico; so that if Mr. Clay's Compromise bill does not pass, California will be pushed through, and at the next session, if not at this, New Mexico and Utah. Instead of only two American Senators, both of Southern birth, and high-toned gentlemen, we may have four additional ones, and free-soilers to boot—two Indians and two Mormons.

Mr. Orlando Brown, the able, accomplished and faithful Commissioner of Indian Affairs, left his office yesterday. He resigned for private reasons, and is succeeded by Col. Lee, a very able and meritorious officer. The rumors of difficulties in the Indian Bureau are not correct.

WASHINGTON, July 3d,

Rumors are as plenty as strawberries here, to the effect that Texas has sent an armed expedition of three thousand men to Santa Fe, to assert her claims to boundary.

The expedition has taken the route far eastward of the Rio Grande Valley, the same which was taken in 1842 by the former Santa Fe expedition.

It is stated that Texas has received assurances of assistance from several of the southern States and that recruits have already been raised.

Houston is to make a severe attack upon the President, to day in the Senate, for the course which he has pursued in respect to New Mexico.

But the President, they say, will remain firm and defend the possession of that territory by the United States at all hazards.

Fremont will return to California as soon as that State is admitted into the Union.

Mr. Clays says there is no probability of the Senate's coming to a vote on the compromise within two weeks.

*Paine's Gas Exploded.*—The long and painful anxiety in regard to Mr. Paine's great discovery for producing, light and heat from water, is at length most *painfully* relieved.—The Journal of Commerce, of Thursday afternoon, says:

A party composed of distinguished chemists from this city, Princeton and Boston, and other gentlemen interested, met at Worcester a day or two since to examine the apparatus constructed by Mr. Paine, to illustrate his alleged discovery of a new method of manufacturing gas. Mr. Paine left town on the approach of these gentlemen, but his brother remained to do the honors. They first visited the machine at the Exchange, which remains in the "damaged" condition to which we alluded last week. They then adjourned to his house, where the gas is shown burning, and succeeded in detecting the trick by which visitors have, heretofore, been deceived. They will furnish a full account of the exhibition in a day or two, and "explode" this humbug, which has excited such a large share of public attention.

From the above, we should judge that the process by which the "trick" was accomplished, is very nearly as described by Prof. Grant in the extract which we gave from him in an article on the subject in last Saturday's Sun, that is, by the wires which Mr. Paine pretended were simply conductors of electricity being, in reality, perforated tubes for gas already manufactured to order, and concealed in a concealed in a condenser in the mysterious box which Mr. P. represented as containing only the magnetic machine and other secret means by which he decomposed the water and produced such an incredible amount of gas therefrom. *Vive la bagatelle.*—*Baltimore Sun.*

*General Wool.*—This distinguished military commander has been nominated by the Newburgh Telegraph, the White Plains Journal, and other papers in the interior of New York, as a candidate for the Governorship of that State.

JAMES W. BORDEN, a Candidate for Senatorial Delegate, and CHAS. E. STURGIS, Candidate for Representative Delegate to the Constitutional Convention, will address their fellow-citizens of Allen county, at the following times and places, viz:

At French Mary's on the Lima plank road, in Washington township, on Monday, July 15, at 6 P. M.

At Naylor's School House, near Daniel Reid's, in St. Joseph's township, on Wednesday, July 17, at 6 P. M.

At the house of Gideon Dickerson, in Jefferson township, on Friday, July 19, at 4 P. M.

At Huntertown, in Perry township, on Saturday, July 20, at 3 P. M.

SAMUEL S. MICKLE, a Candidate for the State Senate, JUDGE BORDEN, a candidate for Senatorial Delegate, and ERASTUS K. BASCOM, a candidate for Representative Delegate, will address their fellow citizens of Adams and Wells counties at the following times and places, to wit:

At East Liberty, in Monroe township, Allen county, on Monday, July 22, at 11 A. M.; and at the house of John H. Blakey, in Union township, Adams county, at 3 P. M the same day.

At Monmouth, Adams county, on Tuesday, July 23, at 11 A. M.; and at Decatur at 3 P. M.

At Pleasant Mills, on Wednesday, July 24, at 11 A. M.; and at A. Scoles's, in Blue Creek township, at 3 P. M.

At Baker's, in Wabash township, on Thursday, July 25, at 2 P. M.

At Bomgarden's, in French township, on Friday, July 26, at 2 P. M.

At Bluffton, Wells county, on Saturday, July 27, at 3 P. M.

Monday, July 29, in the south part of Wells county; the time and place to be here after named,

In Jackson township, Thursday, July 30.

In Rock creek township, on Wednesday, July 31, at 11 A. M.; and at 3 P. M. at Murray, in Lancaster township.

At Zanesville, in Wells county, on Thursday, August 1, at 11 A. M.; and at 3 P. M., in Lafayette township, in Allen county.

In Pleasant township, in Allen county, on Friday, August 2, at 11 A. M.; and at the house of Levi Young (near Edsall's mill), in ~~Jefferson township; Wells county, at 2 P. M.~~

N. B. As the speaking will commence *precisely* at the hour named, it is desired that all persons should attend punctually at the time appointed.

☞ A general attendance of all parties is *earnestly* desired.

*Chicago Bank.*—Look out for a swindling shin-plaster concern called the *Chicago Bank*, with bills in circulation signed by a whole family of BURCHES, and the words "Little Falls, N. Y." quite prominent in the bill. It is *nulla bona.*—*Plaindealer.*

The South Carolina papers are urging their citizens to stay at home this summer, and not build up by their presence the summer resorts of the North.

## Prof. Webster's Confession of the Murder of Dr. Parkman.

BOSTON, July 2.

At the meeting of the Council this morning, the case of Prof. Webster was referred to a committee. Before this committee at 12 o'clock appeared the Rev. Dr. Putnam, the spiritual adviser of the condemned, with a petition from with a confession that he killed Dr. Parkman. The Rev Gentleman prefaced this statement with a few remarks relative to the manner in which the confession was made to him. He stated that he had no previous acquaintance with Prof Webster before being called upon to act in the capacity of his visits, he sought no acknowledgment from the prisoner. At length, on the 23d of May, he visited him in his cell and demanded of him for his own well being that he should tell the truth in regard to the consideration of the council. It was in substance as follows:

"On Tuesday, 20th Nov., I sent the note to DR. PARKMAN, which it appears, was carried by the boy Maxwell; I handed it to Littlefield, unsealed; it was to ask Dr. Parkman to call at my rooms on Tuesday the 23d, after my lecture; he had become of late very importunate for his pay, he had threatened me with a suit; to put an officer into my house, and to drive me from the professorship if I did not pay him. The purport of my note was simply to ask the conference, I did not tell him in it what I could do, or what I had to say about the payment; I wished to gain for those few days a release from his solicitations to which I was liable every day, on occasions, and in a manner very disagreeable and alarming—and also to release for so long a time, at least, the fulfillment of recent threats of severe measures; I did not expect to be able to pay him when Friday should arrive; my purpose was, if he should accede to the proposed interview, to state to him my embarrassments, and utter inability to pay him at present; to apologize for those things in my conduct which had offended him—to throw myself upon his mercy—to beg for further time and indulgence, for the sake of my family, if not for myself, and to make as good promises to him as I could have any hope of keeping—I did not hear from him on that day, nor the next, (Wednesday) but I found on Thursday he had been abroad in pursuit of me without finding me: I imagined he had forgotten the appointment or else did not mean to wait for it; I feared he would come in upon me at my lecture hour, or while I was preparing my experiments for it, therefore I called at his house on that morning, (Friday,) between 8 and 9 o'clock to remind him of my wish to see him at the college at half past one—my lecture closing at one—I did not stop to talk with him, for I expected the conversation would be a long one, and I had my lecture to prepare for it was necessary for me to have my time, and also to keep my mind from other exciting matters. Dr. P. agreed to call on me as I proposed, he came accordingly between half past 1 and 2 o'clock entering the lecture room door; I was engaged in removing some glasses from my lecture room table into the room in the rear called the upper laboratory, he came rapidly down the steps and followed me into the laboratory; he immediately addressed me with great energy "Are you ready for me sir? Have you got the money?"

'I replied, 'No, Dr. Parkman,' and was then beginning to state my condition and my appeal to him, but he would not listen to me, and interrupted me with much vehemence, he called me scoundrel and liar, and went on heaping on me the most bitter taunts and opprobrious epithets; while he was speaking, he drew a handful of papers from his pocket, and took from among them my two notes and also an old letter from Dr. Hosack, written many years ago, and congratulating him on his success in getting me appointed Professor of Chemistry—'You see' he said, 'I got you into your office, and now I will get you out of it.' He put back into his pocket all the papers except the letter and the notes. I cannot tell how long the torrent of threats and invectives continued, and I cannot recall to memory but a small portion of what he said. At first I kept interposing, trying to pacify him, so that I might obtain the object of which I sought the interview; but could not stop him and soon my own temper was up. I forgot everything, and felt nothing but the sting of his words. I was excited to the highest degree of passion, and while he was speaking and gesticulating in the most violent and menacing manner, thrusting his letter and his fist into my face, in my fury I seized whatever was handiest, (it was a stick of wood) and dealt him an instantaneous blow with all the force that passion could give it,—I did not know, or think or care, where I should hit him, nor how hard, nor what the effect would be; it was on the side of his head, and there was nothing to break the force of the blow; he fell instantly upon the pavement; there was no second blow; I stopped down over him, and he seemed to be lifeless; blood flowed from his mouth, and I got a sponge and wiped it away; I got some ammonia and applied it to his nose, but without effect; perhaps I spent 10 minutes in attemps to resuscitate him, but I found him absolutely dead. In my horror and consternation I ran instinctively to the doors and bolted them—the doors of the lecture room and of the laboratory below—and then what was I to do? It never occurred to me to go out and declare what had been done, and obtain assistance; I saw nothing but the alternative of a successful movement, and concealment of the body on the one hand, of infamy and perdition of the other. The first thing I done as soon as I could do anything, was to draw the body into the private room adjoining: there I took off the clothes and began putting them into the fire which was burning in the upper laboratory they were all consumed there that afternoon, with papers, pocketbook, and whenever they contain; I did not examine the pockets, nor remove anything except the watch; I saw that, or the chain of it hanging out; I took it and threw it over the bridge, as I went to Cambridge; my next move was to get the body into the sink, which stands in the small private room, by setting the body into the sink, which stands in the small private room, by setting the body partially erect against the corner, and by getting up into the sink myself I succeeded in drawing it up there, it was entirely dismembered,—it was quickly done as a work of terrible and desperate necessity.—the only instrument was the knife found by the officers in the tea chest, which I kept for cutting corks. I made no use of the Turkish knife as it was called at the trial,—that had long been kept on my parlor mantle-piece in Cambridge as a curious ornament. My daughter frequently cleaned it, hence the marks of oil and whiting found on it. I had lately brought it into Boston to get silver sheath repaired—While dismembering the body a stream of Cochituate water was running through the sink carrying off the blood in a pipe that passed down through the lower laboratory.—there must have been a leak in the pipe for the ceiling below was stained immediately around it. There was a fire burning in the furnace of the lower laboratory. Littlefield was mistaken in thinking there had never been a fire there. He had probably never kindled one, but I had done it myself several times. I had done it that day for the purpose of making oxygen gas. The head and the viscera were put into that furnace that day, and the fuel heaped on. I did not examine at night to see to what degree they were consumed. Some of the extremities were put in there on that day, I believe. The pelvis, and some of the limbs, perhaps, were all put under the lid of the lecture room table, in what is called the well a sink lined with lead. A stream of Cochituate was turned into it and kept running through it all Friday night. The thorax was put into a similar well in the laboratory, which I filled with water, and threw in a quantity of potass which I found there. This disposition of the remains was not changed until after the visit of the officers on Monday.

When the body had thus been all disposed of, I cleared away all traces of what had been done: I think the stick with which the fatal blow had been struck, proved to be a piece of grape vine—says two inches in diameter, and two feet long. It was one of several pieces which I had carried in from Cambridge long before for the purpose of showing the effect of certain chemical, fluids in coloring wood, by being absorbed into the pores. The grape vine being a very porous was well adapted to this purpose. Another longer stick had been used as intended, and exhibited to the students this one had not been used; I put it into the fire.

I took up the two notes either from the table or the floor, I think the table, close by where DR. PARKMAN had fallen. I seized an old metallic pen lying on the table and dashed it across the face and through the signatures and put them in my pocket. I do not known why I did this rather than put them in the fire for I had not considered for a moment what effect either mode of disposing of them would have on the mortgage or my indebtedness to DR. PARKMAN and the other persons interested, and I had not yet given a single thought to the question as to what account I should give of the objects or result of my interview with DR. PARKMAN. I never saw the sledge hammer spoken of by LITTLEFIELD, never knew of its existence, at least I have no recollection of it.

I left the College to go home at late as six o'clock. I collected myself as well as I could that I might meet my family and others with composure. On Saturday I visited my rooms at the College, but made no change in the dispositions of the remains and laid no plans as to my future course, On Saturday evening I read the notice in the "*Transcript*" respecting the disappearance. It was then deeply impressed with the necessity of immediately taking some ground as to the character of my interview with Parkman, for I saw that it must become known that I had such an interview, as I had appointed it first by an unsealed note on Tuesday,—and on Friday had myself called at his house in open day, and ratified the arrangement and had there been seen,—and had probably been overheard by the man servant; I knew not by how many persons Dr. P. might have been seen entering my rooms, or how many persons he might have told by the way where he was going; the interview would in all probability be known, and I must be ready to explain it. The question excited me much, but on Sunday my course was taken. I would go into Boston, and be the first to declare myself the person as yet unknown with whom Dr. P. had made the appointment. I would take the ground that I had inveited him to the College, to pay him money, and that I had paid it; accordingly I fixed upon the sum by taking the small note and adding interest, which it appears I cast erroneously. If I had thought of this course earlier, I should not have deposited Pettee's check for $90 in the Charles River Bank on Saturday, but should have suppressed it as going so far to make up the sum which I was to have professed to have paid the day before, and which Pettee knew I had by me at the hour of interview. It had not occurred to me that I should even show the notes cancelled in proof of it, or I should have destroyed the large note, and let it be inferred that it was gone with the missing man, and should only have kept the small one which was all that I could pretend to have paid—My single thought was concealment and safety, everything else was incidental to that. I was in no state to consider my ulterior pecuniary interest Money though I needed it so much, was of no account with me in that condition of mind.

If I had designed and premeditated the homicide of Dr. Parkman in order to get possession of the notes and cancel my debt, I not only should not have deposited Pettee's check the next day, but I should have made show of getting and having the money the morning before: I should have drawn the money from the bank, and take occasion to mention to the cashier that I had a sum to make up for Dr. Parkman, and the same to Henchman when I borrowed the ten dollars. I should have remarked that I was so much short of a large sum that I was to pay Dr. P.; I borrowed the money from Henchman as mere pocket money for the day; if I had intended the homicide of Dr. Parkman, I should not have made the appointment with him twice, and each time in so open a manner that others would most certainly know it; I should not have invited him to my room at an hour when the college would be full of students and others, an hour when I was most likely to receive calls from others, for that was the hour just after the lecture, at which time persons having business with me or in my rooms, were always directed to call; I looked into my rooms on Sunday afternoon, but did nothing; after the first visit of the officers I took the pelvis and some of the limbs from the upper well and threw them into the vault under the privy; I took the thorax from the well below and packed it in the tea chest as found; my own impression has been that this was not done till after the second visit of the officers, which was on Tuesday; but Kingsley's testimony shows that it must have been done sooner; the perforation of the thorax had been made by the knife at the time of removing the viscera on Wednesday; I put on the kindlings and made a fire in the furnace below, having first poked down the ashes: some of the limbs, I cannot remember which or how many were consumed at that time; this was the last I had to do with the remains—the tin box was designed to receive the thorax, though I had not concluded where I should finally put the box. The fish hooks tied up as grapples were to be used for drawing up the parts in the vaults whenever I should determine how to dispose of them and get strength enough: I had a confused double object in ordering the hooks and making the grapples; I had before intended to get such things to send to Fayal; the box to hold the plants which I wished to protect from the sea air, and the hooks to be used there in obtaining Coralline plants from the sea. It was this previously intended use of them that suggested and mixed itself up with the idea of the other application: I doubt even now, to which use they would have been applied. I had not used the hooks at the time of the discovery. The tan put in the tea chest was taken from a barrel of it that had been in the laboratory for some time; the bag of tan brought in on Monday was not used nor intended to be used; it belonged to a quantity obtained by me a long time ago for experiments in tanning, and was sent in by the family, just to get it out of the way. Its being sent in at that time was accidental. I was not aware that I had put the knife in the chest. The sticks found in the saucer of ink was for making course diagrams on cloth. The bunch of filed keys had been used by me long ago in Fruit st., and thrown carelessly thrown into a drawer, I never examined them, and do not know whether they would fit any of the locks in the college or not. If there were other keys fitting doors with which I had nothing to do, I supposed they must have been all duplicates or keys of former locks left there by the mechanics or janitor. I know nothing about them, and should never be likely to notice them among the multitude of articles great and small, of all kinds, collected in my room. The janitor had furnished me with a key to the dissecting room for the admission of friends visiting the college, but I had never used it. The nitric acid on the stairs was not used to remove spots of blood, but was dropped by accident.

When the officers called for me on Friday, the 30th, I was in doubt whether I was under arrest, or whether a more strict search of my rooms was to be had—the latter hypothesis being hardly less appalling than the former. When I found that we went over Cragies' Bridge, I thought the arrest most probable; when I found that the carriage was stopping at the jail, I was sure of my fate. Before leaving the carriage I took a dose of strychnine from my pocket and swallowed it. I had prepared it in the shape of a pill before I left my laboratory on the twenty-third. I thought I could not bear to survive detection. I thought it was a large dose,—the state of my nervous system probably, defeated its action partially,—the effects of the poison was terrible beyond description, it was in operation at the college and before I went there but most severely afterwards.

I wrote but one of the anonymous letters produced at the trial, the one mailed at East Cambridge; the little bundle referred to in the letter detained by the jailer contained only a bottle of Nitric Acid, for domestic use. I had seen it stated in a newspaper that I had purchased a quantity of Oxalic Acid which, it was presumed, was to be used in removing blood stains. I wished the parcel to be kept untouched, that it might be shown if there should be occasion, what it really was that I had purchased; I have drawn up in separate papers an explanation of the use I intended to make of the blood sent for on Thursday, the 22d, and of the conversation with Littlefield about the dissecting vault; I think that Pettee, in his testimony on the trial, put too strongly my words about having settled with Dr. P.; whatever I did say of the kind was in the hope I entertained that I should be able to pacify Dr. P.; and make some arrangements with him, and was said in order to quiet Pettee, who was becoming restive under the solicitation of Dr. P.' [After Dr. Webster had stated most of the facts recorded above on the 23d May, this question with all the earnestness, solemnity, and authority of tone Dr. Putnam was master of, was addressed him.] 'Dr. Webster, in all probability your days are numbered—you cannot, you dare not speak falsely to me now—you must not die with a lie in your mouth—so prove to yourself that your repentance for the sins of your past life is sincere. Tell me the truth then—a confidence to be kept sacred during your lifetime, and as much longer as my regard for the happiness of your family shall seem to me to require, and the interest of truth and justice to permit—search to the bottom of your heart for the history of your motives and tell me before God, did it never occur to you before the decease of Dr. Parkman, that his death, if you could bring it to pass, would be of great advantage to you, or at least that personal injury to him might possibly be the result of your expected conference with him? As a dying man I charge you to answer me truly and exactly, or else be silent: had you not such a thought?' 'No, never!' said he, with energy and feeling, 'As I live, and as God is my witness, never! I was no more capable of such a thought than one of my innocent children. I never had the remotest idea of injuring Dr. P. until the moment the blow was struck. Dr. P. was extremely severe, sharp, and the most provoking of men, and I am irritable and passionate,—a quick-headed and brief violence of temper has been a besetting sin of my life, I was an only child, much indulged, and I have never acquired the control over my passions which I ought to have acquired early, and the consequence is all this.' 'But you notified Dr. Parkman to meet you at a certain hour, and told him you would pay him, when you knew you had not the means?' 'No,' he replied, 'I did not tell him I would pay him, and there is no evidence that I told him so, except my own words, spoken after his disappearance, and after I had determined to take the ground that I had paid him; those words were the miserable tissue of falsehood to which I was committed from the moment I had began to conceal the homicide; I never had a thought of injuring Dr. P.' [This was accompanied by the statement in which Prof. Webster attempts to explain as to his seeing Littlefield, sending for blood, and inquiring about gases from the vault.]

After reading the statement Dr. Putnam proceeded to argue as to its truthfulness, saying, that it was made when the writ of error was still pending; also that Prof. Webster's estate was worth several thousand dollars, and that he was not in such a strait as to commit such a crime deliberately. The previous petition of Prof. Webster protesting his innocence and praying for absolute pardon, he said was got up by his family who were unwavering in their belief in his innocence until his confession was communicated to them about a week since. He concluded in asserting his belief that the confession was true. Members of the Council have retained a copy of the petition previously presented, and withdrawn by the advice of Dr. Putnam, which will probably be published. It asserts his innocence, and it also asserts that Littlefield or some other person placed the remains in his room to compass his ruin.

### Prof. Webster.

BOSTON, July 6.

The wife and daughters of Prof. Webster appeared before the Council yesterday, and plead in aid of petition of their husband and father, for a commutation of punishment.

Mrs. Webster said she had been unwavering in the belief of her husband's innocence, until he had made his confession. She also stated that it was chiefly through her means and representations that the petition for pardon and protestation of his innocence, were sent in after their withdrawal.

The Council sent for Dr. Putnam, and stated, that they, on certain points in the confession, had consulted separately three eminent surgeons, and a document had been prepared for him to present to Professor Webster; but before the document was read the doors were closed. It was understood that one of the questions propounded was, whether such a stick as that described in the Confession, would give such a blow as to cause death in ten minutes. All three considered not.

Other questions were answered adverse to Confession.

It is universally expected that no pardon or commutation will be granted to him.


WIDE SPREAD CELEBRITY.

"SLOAN'S COLUMN."—Attention is directed to Sloan's notices in this week's Issue. His medicines are obtaining a wide-spread celebrity, and deserve trial.—[Green Bay Advocate, Wis, April 25th, 1849.

☞ See Agents' names at the head of Sloan's Column.—For further particulars and testimonials, get Pamphlets of Agents.

AN EXCELLENT MEDICINE.

W. B. Farrell's Arabian Liniment, is an excellent medicine We have used it in several instances, and have derived great benefit from its use.—*Weekly Times Delphi, Ind, April 20, '50.*

For sale by Sheaff and Wagner.

See his Advertisement in our paper. 2w1.


### COMMERCIAL.

OFFICE OF THE SENTINEL,
Fort Wayne, July 13th, 1850.

Wheat remains at 75c. with a downward tendency; Flour 4.50; Corn 37; Oats 33; Butter 8; Eggs 8; Cheese 6a7; Lard 7.

*New York, July 11.*—Flour, 5.31a5.75; fancy 6.12a6.18; Corn 62a63.

*Buffalo, July 11.*—Market dull. Flour 4.75 a 4.87; Wheat 96; Corn 50.

## ELECTION NOTICE.

SHERIFF'S OFFICE, Allen County,
July 2, 1850.

I Hereby give notice that, in pursuance of a certificate of the Clerk of the Allen Circuit Court to me directed and delivered (a copy of which is hereto annexed) a general election will be held at the usual places of holding elections in the several townships in the county of Allen, and State of Indiana, on Monday, the 5th day of August next, for the purpose of electing a Senatorial Delegate from the district of Allen, Adams, and Wells counties, to the Convention for revising and amending the Constitution of the State; a Senator for the same district; a Representative Delegate for the county of Allen, to the Constitutional Convention; a Representative to the General Assembly for the same county. And also the following county officers, viz: one Associate Judge of the Allen Circuit Court; one County Treasurer; one County Auditor; one Sheriff; a Prosecuting Attorney; a Commissioner for the 1st district, and a Coroner.

S. S. MORSS, Sh'ff A. C. [L. S.]

State of Indiana,
Allen County, ss

*The State of Indiana, to the Sheriff of Allen county,* GREETING:

IT is hereby certified, that at the general election, to be held on the first Monday in August A. D. 1850, the following offices are to be filled, to wit: A Senatorial Delegate to the convention, for the counties of Allen, Adams, and Wells; a Senator, for the Senatorial district of the counties of Allen, Adams, and Wells; a Representative Delegate to the Convention, for the county of Allen; a Representative to the Legislature, for the county of Allen; an Associate Judge of the Allen Circuit Court; a Sheriff; a county Commissioner; a Prosecuting Attorney; a Coroner; an Auditor, and a Treasurer, for the county of Allen.

[L. S.] Witness my hand and the seal of said Allen Circuit Court, this 7th day of June, 1850. R. E. FLEMING, Clk.

I, Samuel S. Morss, Sheriff of said county of Allen, do hereby certify the above and foregoing to be a correct and true copy of the original, now on file in my office.

S. S. MORSS, Sh'ff A. C. [L. S.]

July 2, 1850. 2

## Plank Road Notice.

A meeting of those favorable to the construction of a Plank Road, from Muncie to intersect the Bluffton and Ft. Wayne Plank Road, will be held at Hartford, on Saturday, August 10th, 1850. Delegates from all the counties interested in the work are requested to be in attendance.

July 12, 1850. 2

State of Indiana, } In the DeKalb Circuit Court.
DeKalb County, } in vacation before Nov. term.

### BILL IN CHANCERY.

John Smith vs. Rhoda Smith.

NOTICE is hereby given to the above named defendant, Rhoda Smith, that on the 5th day of July, A. D. 1850, the above named complainant, John Smith, filed in the office of the clerk of said court his bill of complaint in this behalf; and unless said defendant appear at the next term of said court, and plead, answer or demur to said bill, the same will be taken as confessed, and a decree had thereon accordingly.

S. W. SPROTT, Clerk.

Morris, Sol for Compl't.

July 6, 1850. [$1 00] 3w2

### AN ACT *to prevent frauds upon the revenue.*

[APPROVED JANUARY 16, 1850.]

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Indiana,* That from and after the passage of this act, it shall not be lawful for any supervisor of roads and highways, either by himself, agent, or attorney, directly or indirectly, to work out any tax, or any part thereof, which is now, or may hereafter be assessed for road purposes, against the personal property of of any person or persons, corporation or corporations, other than that which may be assessed against the person or property of said supervisor, or which he may at the time said work may be done have a lien upon, nor shall it be lawful for any such supervisor to give any receipt or certificate, or other evidence in writing, for any work or labor done on the roads in his district, unless the same shall have done prior to the 1st day of October in each year, nor shall it be lawful for any supervisor to give an order or orders, draft or drafts on the township treasurer of his township for road moneys belonging to his district until the work for which said order or orders, draft or drafts may be given, shall have been done, or the job completed and accepted by said supervisor.

SEC. 2. Any supervisor offending against any of the provisions of this act shall for every such offence, forfeit and pay a fine not exceeding fifty dollars, to be recovered by presentment or indictment in the circuit court.

SEC. 3. This act to take effect and be in force in the counties of DeKalb, Allen, and Steuben only, from and after its passage.

NOTICE.

THE Bookselling and Stationery Business heretofore conducted by Stophlet & Co. will hereafter be continued under the firm of Heustis & Stophlet. A. C. HEUSTIS, SAM'L STOPHLET.
Post Office Buildings, Fort Wayne, July 5, 1850. 1

THE most beautiful Show Case in the city for sale by R. C. FILSON.

## CITY MARKET.

THE Subscriber has fitted up a meat market on Calhoun street, one door south of Mrs. Dykes's store, in the store room formerly occupied by R. C. Filson, where he keeps constantly on hand, the

BEST MEATS

the country affords. A word to the farmers:— You that have FAT CATTLE, Calves, Sheep, and Hogs, can get the highest market price, in Cash by delivering them to the subscriber.
HARRISON ROBERTS.
July 6, 1850. 6—1

## Meat Market,

*On the Canal, one door west of Wells's Grocery.*

THE Subscriber would respectfully inform the citizens of Fort Wayne that he has opened his market again, and intends keeping constantly on hand a choice variety of Fresh Meats as good as the country affords.
E. M. SOUGES.

ANOTHER ARRIVAL.

## LATEST STYLES.

MRS. DYKES has just received a full supply of Summer Goods, of the very latest fashions; including the very newest styles of BONNETS; Ribbons, Artificials, and Trimmings of all kinds; Crape SHAWLS, plain and embroidered; Silk do.; DRESS GOODS—Berages, Lawns, Ginghams, changeable, black, and colored plain and figured Silks; embroidered Lawn, &c., &c. In short, a full stock of every variety and the very latest fashions. The ladies are particularly invited to give them an inspection.

HAVANNA SEGARS.

A Choice lot of Havanna Segars, consisting of Principes, Casadores, La Normas, Yaras, spotted Lattres Cabanas, &c., &c. For sale at C. L. HILL'S Book Store.

C. L. HILL'S BOOK STORE

*REMOVED to Watson Wall & Co.'s old Stand, on Calhoun st., next door to P. Kiser's.*

C. L. HILL informs the public that he has removed to Watson Wall & Co.'s old stand, where he will be happy to see his old customers, and give them his usual good bargains in Books, stationery, Fancy Articles, &c.
Having a BINDING Establishment attached, he is prepared to bind works in a good, substantial manner, and after the latest styles.
Call and examine before purchasing elsewhere.
June 26, 1850.

## GREAT BARGAINS!

COLERICK & WITHERS

HAVE been appointed Agents for selling the INDIANAPOLIS & BELLEFONTAINE RAIL ROAD LANDS in Northern Indiana, and are now prepared to sell Lands at *Cheaper Rates* and on *Better Terms* than ever before offered.— The Lands embrace **40,000 to 50,000 ACRES** of the Choicest Lands in Indiana. TERMS, one fourth of the purchase money down and a credit of from one to eight years on the balance.
Among the above Lands are the well known HARRISON LANDS in this County.
Fort Wayne, June 28, 1850.

A NOVELTY IN THE TRADE

*Foreign and Domestic Dry Goods,*

AND READY MADE CLOTHING

AT WHOLESALE, BY THE SAME HOUSE!

TWEEDY, MOULTON & PLIMPTON, Importers and Jobbers, 47 Broadway, New York, are now receiving from Europe an extensive assortment of FOREIGN DRY GOODS, which they offer for sale, on Credit, or for Cash, by the piece or package; also, a very extensive assortment of DOMESTIC DRY GOODS, to which they invite the attention of Merchants, upon the same terms.
The stock of READY MADE CLOTHING is offered in the second story of our extensive warehouse, and is under the direction and control of our associates in this department, under the firm of DAVENPORT & GARDNER, who are practical Tailors, and have had a long experience in this branch.
Our *Stock of Dry Goods and Ready Made Clothing* is unrivalled for the extent of the assortment, and cheapness and style of the fabrics, which are designed for the West and South-western trade.
New York, June 10, 1850. 3m51

SALE OF SCHOOL LANDS.

NOTICE is hereby given that the east half of the North east quarter of section thirty (30), and the North-east quarter of the North-east quarter of section seventeen (17), in township thirty three (33), north of range fifteen (15) east, in the county of De Kalb, state of Indiana (it being lands granted to said township aforesaid for school purposes), will be offered for sale by the undersigned, the Auditor and Treasurer of De Kalb county, at the Court House door in the town of Auburn, on the 21st day of August next, between the hours of 10 o'clock A. M. and 4 P. M. of said day. Terms of sale made known on the day of sale.
M. WATERMAN, A. D. C.
WESLEY PARK, T. D. C.
Auburn, June 14, 1850, 51tf

State of Indiana, } In the DeKalb Circuit Court,
DeKalb County. } Fall Term, 1850.

BILL IN CHANCERY.

John E. Hill, vs. Blanderman B. Burley, Wm. W. Burley, John B. Burley, and James H. Burley.

IT appearing by affidavit now on file in the office of the clerk of said court, that one of the above named defendants, namely John B. Burley, is not a resident of said State of Indiana: Notice of the filing and pendency of said bill in Chancery is hereby given to him, the said John B. Burley, and that unless he appear at the next term of said court, to be begun and held at the court house in the town of Auburn, in said De Kalb county, at the time fixed by law, and plead, answer or demur to said bill, the same will be taken as confessed against him, and a decree rendered thereon accordingly.
S. W. SPROTT, Clerk
Morris, Sol. for Comp't.
June 14, 1850. [$2 20] 3w52.

State of Indiana, DeKalb County.
*In the DeKalb Circuit Court, vacation before November term, 1850.*

BILL FOR DIVORCE.

Mary Harkrader, vs. Joseph Harkrader.

IT appearing by affidavit now on file in the office of the clerk of said court that the above named Joseph Harkrader is not a resident of the State of Indiana: Notice is therefore hereby given to said defendant, that unless he be and appear at the next term of said court, to be begun and held at the court house in the town of Auburn, in said DeKalb county, on the first Monday of November next, and plead, answer, or demur to said bill, the same will be heard and determined in his absence, and a decree taken thereon accordingly. S. W. SPROTT, Clerk.
Morris, Att'y for Compl't.
June 21, 1850. [$1 90] 3w52

## Administrator's Sale.

THE undersigned, Administrator of the estate of Adam Roch, deceased, will offer at public sale at the Court House, on Saturday, the 20th day of July next, the following real estate, to wit: The south half of the north-west quarter of section 15, township 29, north of range 13 east, containing 80 acres. Terms of sale.—One third, cash in hand; one-third, in six, and one-third in twelve months: purchaser giving notes and security, and waiving all benefit of the appraisement laws.
F. P. RANDALL, Adm'r.
June 21, 1850. 3w51

HYMN BOOKS.—Methodist Hymn Books. New & Old School Presbyterian do.
HEUSTIS & STOPHLET.

D. W. MAPLES

HAS associated himself with H. Durrie in the manufacturing of

*Copper, Tin, and Sheet Iron Ware*

and from his long experience as a practical workman, and his thorough acquaintance with every part of the business, indulges the hope of giving satisfaction to any that may claim his services.
Particular attention will be given to all kinds of HOUSE JOBBING, such as: *Roofing* on an entirely new plan; *Guttering*, with Copper, Tin and Galvanized Iron (which is taking the place of all other metals for Guttering); *Heaters* of various descriptions; *Bathing Tubs: Shower and Hip Baths*; and REPAIRING of all kinds. He is prepared to do

*Copper and heavy Sheet Iron Work*

FOR STEAM ENGINES AND BOILERS.

He has paid considerable attention to the construction of

HOT AIR FURNACES

for heating Churches and Dwellings.
Fort Wayne, May 29, 1850.

## Huntington Cottage Inn

FOR SALE.

THE undersigned will sell, at a very low price, the above well known *Tavern Stand* in Huntington, together with or without five acres of land adjoining. It is well situate for a public house,—near the Court House and other public buildings. If not soon sold it can be RENTED for a term of years.
He will also sell the New STORE and HOUSE recently built by Patrick McCarty in said town of Huntington.
Also, FOUR OUT-LOTS on the Hill, in Murray's Addition to said town.
F. P. RANDALL.
Fort Wayne, March 30, 1850. tf-39.

## Removal.

THE BOSTON SHOE STORE has been removed to the premises lately occupied by I. Lauferty, west of Aylesworth & Borden's, where we shall be happy to see our old customers and as many new ones as want anything in the *Boot and Shoe Line. Leather, Findings, &c. &c.* We are prepared to sell at wholesale or retail as low as any establishment in the West.
May 24, '50. T. P. ANDERSON & Co.

UNRIVALLED ATTRACTION!

## NEW BOOK STORE.

*South West Corner of Main and Calhoun Streets, Post Office Buildings.*

GREAT BARGAINS!

THE undersigned have just received and now offer for sale, at a bargain, one of the largest and best selected stocks of

Books and Stationery

ever brought into Indiana, consisting of Miscellaneous and School Books, of every variety and description; also, all kinds of

*Stationery and Fancy Articles.*

ATTENTION.—We would say to those wishing to make purchases in our line, either at

WHOLESALE OR RETAIL,

give us a call, and examine for yourselves before purchasing elsewhere, and our word for it, you shall go away feeling a *richer* if not a *better* man.
TO POST MASTERS.—We are prepared to furnish to post masters, at a short notice, post office paper, and all other materials used in their lines. So send on your orders.
REMEMBER—"There is a tide in the affairs of men, which, taken at the flood, leads on to fortune." Do you wish to get into the current? Then call at Stophlet & Co.'s, and save your money.
*Don't forget the place*, Corner of Main and Calhoun-sts., Post Office Buildings.
OUR MOTTO.—*Quick sales and small profits.*
☞ RAGS taken in exchange for trade.
STOPHLET & Co.
Fort Wayne, May 13, 1850. y43.

## NEW STORE

On the Low Pressure Cash System.

THE subscribers having entered into copartnership under the firm of WALES & McMULLEN, have taken the store lately occupied by Hill, Wilson & Co. and are receiving a new and choice assortment of

DRY GOODS,

*Groceries, Queensware, Boots and Shoes, Nails, Glass, &c.*

*Also, 50 Barrels Vinegar, Wholesale or Retail.*

A word to our friends is sufficient, as we have not a great *gas* establishment to support. We intend to sell our goods at the very Lowest Cash Price. Persons wishing goods will do well to call on us before purchasing elsewhere.
S. B. WALES,
May 15, 1850. R. McMULLEN

MUSIC.—A choice selection of Music on hand—more daily expected. A fresh stock will be received every two weeks; and any pieces ordered when desired.
HEUSTIS & STOPHLET.

BIBLES.

JUST received, at the new Book Store, some splendid FAMILY BIBLES; also, good common do. only $1.50.
8 vo. and 12 mo. Bibles.
New Testaments, &c. &c.
June 1. HEUSTIS & STOPHLET.

GERMAN BIBLES and Testaments; French do. do.
just received. HEUSTIS & STOPHLET

*Great Excitement in California*

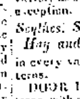
AND GREAT BARGAINS

*At the California Store, Calhoun st., Ft. Wayne.*

SELLING off at cost for CASH,—Wholesale or retail. We intend to change our trade to one kind—Groceries and Provisions. Country Merchants, call and see.
N. B. FARMS and WILD LANDS for sale: inquire at the CALIFORNIA STORE, Corner of Calhoun & Pearl sts., Fort Wayne.
June 1, 1850. J. C. BOWSER & Co.

## New Hardware.

THE Subscriber has this week received a new stock of HARDWARE, and having greatly increased his assortment is prepared to supply any demand in the way of hardware.



*To Mechanics* he offers extra inducements in the way of

TOOLS,

and can furnish any variety of undoubted quality.
*Purchasers of* STOVES will find as great a variety as can be found in the West, without any exception.
*Scythes, Snathes, Cradles, Shovels, Spades, Hay and Manure Forks, Hoes and Axes,* in every variety and of the most approved patterns.
DOOR LOCKS and LATCHES of new patterns, with a general assortment of

BUILDING MATERIALS.

He has also added to his business a

NEW TIN SHOP,

and is prepared to do any work in *Tin, Copper and Sheet Iron*, on the most favorable terms.
Dealers in the above Goods are respectfully invited to call before purchasing.
June 1. y48 HORACE DURRIE.

## Iron and Nails.

JUST RECEIVED, Round and Square Iron, 3 16ths to 2 inches; Flat Bar do., of all sizes; Hoop and Band do., of all sizes; Oval Nail Rod, a superior article; a large lot for sale by HORACE DURRIE.

BLANK BOOKS, &c., &c.

JUST RECEIVED,—a large and splendid assortment of BLANK BOOKS of every kind and size. Also, Blank Deeds, Notes, Executions, &c. &c. for sale cheap.
Good Writing Paper at $1,75 per ream. Call at No. 2 Hanna's Block. C. L. HILL.

## The Farmers' Depot,

*Removed to Ewall's Old Store, foot of Calhoun Street Bridge.*

ORFF & SCHWEGMAN return their thanks to their numerous friends for the liberal patronage they have received since their commencement in business, and respectfully inform them that they have removed to the store formerly occupied by S. & W. S. Edsall, where they have just received a general and well selected assortment of

NEW GOODS,

adapted to the coming season. The goods have been selected with great care in New York, will be found to embrace all the newest styles in vogue, and will be sold at the very LOWEST PRICES. The stock of

DRY GOODS

includes Berages, Lawns, Ginghams, Calicoes, De Laines, Cross barred and Cambric Muslins, Mull, Swiss, Jaconet, and other Dress Goods; French Braid, Lace, Pearl, Straw, Gimp and Leghorn Bonnets; Ribbons and Trimmings; Parasols, Artificials, Tabs, Ruches, Collars, Capes, Insertings, Laces, Edgings, Dotted Muslins; Shirtings, Sheetings, Drillings, and other staple articles; Summer Goods of all kinds, Vestings, Cassimeres, Jeans, Tweeds, Broadcloths, Sattinetts, &c.
BOOTS & SHOES.—Kid welted Buskins, Excelsiors, Patent Leather, Gaiters, Bootees, Slippers, &c. Children's Do. Do. in great variety—all sorts, sizes, qualities, and prices. Kip and Cowhide Boots, Shoes, & Brogans
A full assortment of

READY MADE CLOTHING,

Tweed, Alpacca, Merino, plain Linen & Checked Coats and Pants; Vests of all qualities and prices.

## Groceries.

Coffee, Young Hyson, Old Hyson, Imperial, and Black Teas; Loaf, Crushed, Powdered, & New Orleans' Sugars; Molasses; Pepper, Alspice, Ginger, Cinnamon, Cloves, & Nutmegs; Madder, Alum, Logwood, Indigo, Copperas, and other DYE STUFFS. Cavendish, Honey Dew, Plug, and fine cut Pressed Chewing Tobacco; Mrs. Miller's best Smoking Do., Pipes. A few thousand prime Colorado Spanish Cigars; Rice, Pearl Barley; Oatmeal, Currants, Raisins; Soap, Starch, &c.

*Hardware, Iron, Nails, & Glass.*

Those in want of goods are invited to call, as they may depend on finding the best of articles at the lowest prices.
April 27, 1850. y43.

BONNETS.—French Lace, Gimp, Lawn, Pearl Straw, Straw, and Leghorn Bonnets; Leghorn Flats and other Misses' Bonnets; Boy's Bird'seye Hats, &c., &c.
ORFF & SCHWEGMAN.

## SPRING FASHIONS

JUST RECEIVED.

MRS. DYKES informs her friends and the public in general that she is now receiving a NEW and

FASHIONABLE ASSORTMENT OF

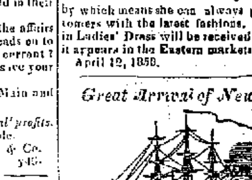
## SPRING GOODS

of the latest styles and best quality. She has made such arrangements in New York as will enable her to be in the constant receipt of

**New Goods Every Month,**

by which means she can always present her customers with the latest fashions. Every novelty in Ladies' Dress will be received here as soon as it appears in the Eastern markets.
April 12, 1850. y40.

*Great Arrival of New Goods*



SPLENDID ASSORTMENT OF

## NEW GOODS!!

*PURCHASED IN NEW YORK.*

AYLSWORTH & BORDEN have received at the CHEQUERED CASH STORE a large and splendid assortment of

Spring and Summer Goods,

direct from New York, which they are determined to sell the citizens of Allen and adjoining Counties cheaper than they can be bought at any other store in this or any other western town.— Their stock is very large and well selected, and feeling confident they can please *new* as well as *old customers*, and the public generally, they invite *every body* to call and examine for themselves. The most of our stock is bought with a view to WHOLESALERS well as Retail; and we would here say to the Country Merchants that want to replenish their stocks, that we will sell them for CASH as cheap as cheap as they can buy in Cincinnati, adding freight, &c.
Their stock consists in part of French and English Wool dyed Cloths; Beaver do.; Tweeds; Black and Fancy Cassimeres; Sattinets, all styles and prices; Kentucky Jeans; Fancy Tweeds; Plain and Fancy Satin and Marseilles Vestings; Gents' Linen Drills; white and plain; Riding Cord, and Beaverteen. One hundred pieces Cottonades, and all kinds of summer wear for Men and Boys; Farmer Drills and Burlaps; Nankeens, Blue Drills, &c.

LADIES' DRESS GOODS

We particularly invite the attention of the ladies to our assortment of Dress Goods, as we think we can suit every variety of taste. SIX HUNDRED PIECES Fancy Blue and Orange and Mourning Prints; French and English Chambray Ginghams; Plain and Fancy French and Embroidered and Mourning Lawns. Lots of fine Dress Goods, consisting in part of Linen Bray... Linen Chambrays, Linen Lustres, Linen Ginghams, Chameleon and changeable Lustres, Jaconets, plain, dotted and Embroidered; and Swiss Muslins.
BONNETS.—French Lace, Florence Braid, English and common Straw, Misses' Bonnets, and Legorn Flats.
HATS.—Fashion Silk and Fur Hats, Leghorn Hats, of all styles and prices; Pedal, China Pearl, Canada, and Palm Leaf Hats.
BOOTS & SHOES.—Domestic Manufactured Coarse and Kip Boots, Brogans, and Women and Children's Lace Boots, received from New York; also a beautiful stock of Ladies' Slippers, Buskins, Excelsiors, Gaiters, new styles; Walking Shoes, and lots of Children's Shoes.
All kinds of Yankee Notions, at wholesale or retail; Groceries, Queensware, Wall Paper, Window Shades, &c.
All kinds of approved COUNTRY PRODUCE taken in exchange for Goods, at *Cash Prices.*— Don't forget the place, "CHEQUERED" STORE No. 17, Columbia Street. One thing is certain, we are determined to sell our Goods cheap, and sell them for pay. Our motto is, now, Cash or Produce in hand, or no sale.
Fort Wayne, April 27, 1850. y43

*The Old Tin Shop—Removal.*

H. B. SUTHERLAND informs his friends that he has REMOVED to the *City Foundry Store Depot*, one door east of Gray's Old Store, where he hopes for a continuation of the patronage received at his Old Stand. He has made arrangements with the Foundry to have a constant supply of superior STOVES; and having employed an additional number of workmen, will keep a full assortment of TINWARE on hand. All orders executed with dispatch, and in the most workmanlike style—terms moderate.
Feb. 16, 1850. 33

## New Light!

JUST received, a New BURNING FLUID that gives a superior light without danger of exploding; also a small assortment of LAMPS. For sale by HORACE DURRIE.

# JOY TO THE AFFLICTED!

GENUINE ORIGINAL

W. B. FARRELL'S

# CELEBRATED ARABIAN LINIMENT.

THE high reputation of this extraordinary medicine, in the cure of many diseases of Horses and Cattle, has attracted the attention of the whole farming community. Many of the most learned Physicians, Farriers, and Hotel Keepers of the day have given their testimony in its favor, and it is now extensively used in most of the Livery and Sale stables of our western cities with never failing success. It is six years since I first offered this article to the public, and although counterfeited by many, the Original and Genuine stands high above all the Liniments and Ointments ever introduced in this or any other age of the world.
On the Human System it is used with the most unbounded success in all kinds of Rheumatism, or loss of Muscular Power, and all other diseases of the Muscles and Joints, Numbness, Sprains and Bruises, Swellings of all kinds, Pains, &c.; Frosted Limbs, Burns, Wounds and Cuts, Spinal Affections, Crick or Lameness of the Back, Old Sores, Goitre, or Swelled Neck, Sore Throat, Bealings of the Female Breasts, Bites of poisonous Snakes, Corns and Warts, Salt Rheum, Mange, Erysipelas, Sore Eyes, even to partial Blindness, Sore Lips, Sore Hands, Nervous Headache, Neuralgia, or darting pains through the Head or Face, and all Inflammatory and Nervous diseases.
For the following diseases of Horses and Cattle it is an absolute specific, viz:—Sweeney, Stiff Complaint, Big Head, Founder, Spavin, Splint, Hard Tumors, Galls, Chafes, Sprains, Bruise, Scratches, old Wounds, or Cuts, and fresh ones, Sore Eyes, Hollow Horn, and all Inflammatory diseases.
*A host of testimonies of cures the most wonderful and extraordinary* can be seen by reference to the pamphlets with the agents.
FROM THE MEDICAL FACULTY.—*Copy of a Letter from my Agent at St. Louis, Missouri.*
Mr. W. B. FARRELL: Dear Sir, You will please send us another supply of your Arabian Liniment. The quantity you left with us is nearly all sold. I think a large quantity can be sold, as every person that has used the liniment speaks of it in the highest terms of praise.
Yours, with respect, Dr. E. EASTERLY.
St. Louis, Mo., April 27, 1848.
BURNS, SORES, ACHES AND PAINS.—Mr. James Landis, living on Jefferson street, Chicago, March 18, 1850, says:
Your Arabian Liniment is now our Family Medicine. We use nothing else for Burns, Sores, Aches and Pains. Our neighbors prize it as highly as we do. Send me a dollar bottle by the bearer.

STILL MORE WONDERFUL!

I, Daniel B. Schillinger, of Westchester township, Porter county, Ind., having been afflicted with Hernia or Rupture, for twenty years, so badly that I could not work more than half my time. I have tried truss pads and everything that I thought would give me relief, but found nothing until I tried your Arabian Liniment. I have used one bottle and found great relief. In ten minutes after I make the application I can go to work, as it keeps the bowels up so good. I have now got the last bottle your agent, Mr. Williamson, had on hand. I would not be without it for all I possess; and am confident this bottle will cure me, as I am now nearly well. I state this for the benefit of others similarly afflicted. DANIEL B. SCHILLINGER.
This is to certify that we know Daniel B. Schellinger for four years, and believe the above statement to be true. JOHN WILLIAMSON,
Calumet, Porter Co., Ia., Feb. 13, 1850. W. H. KNIGHT, P. M.
SPURIOUS MIXTURES ABOUND.—Beware! beware of a base counterfeit which has sprung up on the reputation of the Original and Genuine Arabian Liniment. It is called H. G. Farrell's. Look out for this humbug! Nobody knows anything about the mode of making my Liniment. Remember that my written signature is on the wrapper of the bottle, and my name also blown in the glass bottle.
Observe well that the letters W. B. are before Farrell—thus, W. B. FARRELL.
☞ Bottles are of three sizes at 30 cts. 50 cts. and $1.
The original and genuine Article is for sale by the following Agents: James B. Shoaff and Henry Wagner, Fort Wayne; Jesse Davis, Huntington; Reed & Co., Lagro; Dr. Peters, Wabashtown; M. M. Merriam, Wolf Lake; Peter Heller, Eel River; S. S. Strong, Elkhart Co.; Wm. J. Matchit, Goshen; S. Linsley & Co., Toledo; J. Owen & Co., Detroit; and by merchants and Druggists duly appointed through the United States.
GRAND DEPOT, 50 Randolph Street, Chicago—W. B. FARRELL, Proprietor, to whom orders must be addressed. 6m37.

LADIES' SHOES.—Gaiters, Excelsiors, Walking Shoes, and Slippers; Misses' and children's do. a full assortment.
ORFF & SCHWEGMAN.

GIMPS, Braids, Chenille, and Coronation Cords, Fringes, Buttons, and other Dress Trimmings, newest styles, just received.
April 27. ORFF & SCHWEGMAN.

GLOVES.—Ladies' and Gentlemen's Kid, Silk, Lisle and Cotton Gloves.
ORFF & SCHWEGMAN.

*SHAWLS AND SCARFS*

A beautiful and fashionable assortment just received, including De Laine, Silk, Crape and Embroidered, Shawls, and Scarfs, Dress Handkerchiefs; Linen, Cambric, and Silk pocket do. &c. ORFF & SCHWEGMAN.

MUSIC—A good assortment of the newest and most popular Music,—arranged for the Piano and Guitar. Hunton's Piano Instructor; Howe's Violin do.; Howe's Guitar do. Also, a good assortment of Church Music.
May 11, 1850. C. L. HILL.

## First Arrival.

R. MASON has just received a tremendous assortment of

NEW AND FASHIONABLE

Spring and Summer Goods,

consisting of Lawns, Ginghams, Calicoes, Silks, Ribbons, Trimmings Shawls, Bonnets, Parasols, Muslins, Drillings, Cloths, &c. &c.,—to which he invites public attention, confident it will be found the cheapest, best, and most splendid stock ever offered in the place. He has no time to give particulars this week, and therefore recommends his friends to call and see for themselves.
Also, a choice stock of GROCERIES, HARDWARE, QUEENSWARE, &c., &c.
April 12.

CALICOES, Spring styles; Linen Ginghams, Lawns, French and Swiss Ginghams, Organdie Lawns, Chambray Ginghams, Berages, plain, striped and figured, black and colored Silks, and a great variety of other seasonable DRESS GOODS just received.
April 12. MRS. DYKES.

## NEW DRUG STORE

*REMOVED to Brackenridge's New Brick, on the opposite side of Calhoun-st.*

WATSON WALL & Co. inform the public that they have removed to Mr. Brackenridge's Store, in the new Brick Block, nearly opposite their old stand, where they offer for sale a full assortment of Drugs, Medicines, Paints, Oils, Dye Stuffs, &c., at as low prices (if not lower) as any other establishment.
Those wishing to make purchases will do well to call before purchasing elsewhere.
May 3, 1850. 4

## Removal.

S. BEAL informs the public that he has removed his

*Liquor Store and Rectifying Establishment*

to Mr. Garnsey's building in the new brick block on Calhoun Street (nearly opposite P. Kiser's) where he will be pleased to see his old customers, and supply them as heretofore with genuine Foreign

WINES AND LIQUORS;

superior domestic do.; and his celebrated *double rectified* WHISKEY.

DRAPERY.—Embroidered White Window Curtains—a new and beautiful article.
MRS. DYKES.

BRISTOL BOARDS, Perforated Paper, Drawing Paper, &c., &c., just received.
HEUSTIS & STOPHLET.

## ISTHMUS HOTELS.

CHAGRES, CRUCES, } AND { GORGONA, PANAMA.

THE IRVING HOUSE.
At Chagres, Wallace W. Williams, assisted by Hugh Miller.
THE PANAMA RAILROAD HOTEL.
At Gorgona, under the management of A. B. Miller and J. F. Conger.
THE AMERICAN HOTEL,
At Cruces, under the management of E. B. Folger and Hugh Miller, Jr.
THE UNITED STATES HOTEL,
At Panama, under the management of Addison B. Miller

MERCHANDIZE

Consigned to Wallace W. Williams at Chagres, or Addison B. Miller, at Panama, will be particularly attended to, and will be transmitted across the Isthmus on the most favorable terms, and with the greatest dispatch, they having more extensive facilities than any house on the Isthmus.

REFERENCES.

| | |
|---|---|
| Hussey & Murray, N. Y. | Panama Railroad Co., N. Y. |
| J. Howard & Sons, " | Coleman & Stetson, Astor House |
| Chas. Morgan, Esq., " | D. D. Howard, Irving House, " |
| E. S. Williams & Co. " | A. Fleurer, Pacific Hotel, " |
| Geo. Law, Esq., " | C. S. Coleman Troy House, Troy |
| Abbey & Freeman, " | Miller, Harris & Wahl, N. Orleans |
| John G. Miller, Esq., " | Smith & Miller, " |
| Folger & Clift, Sacramento. | B. F. Folger, Panama |
| H. P. Osborne, Esq. " | Abraham R. Coleman, Esq. Burnett House, Cincinnati. 42 |
| Geo. Coleman, Esq. " | |

BRITANNIA SETS for Coffee, Tea, Sugar and Cream: A few sets, of new patterns just received by HORACE DURRIE.

CASH PAID FOR RAGS—Bring them along to No. 2, Hanna's Block. C. L. HILL.

WRAPPING PAPER—Crown, Medium and Double Crown—a superior article, cheap. C. L. HILL.

JAS. M. BLOSSOM,

DRAPER AND TAILOR

*Calhoun Street, Fort Wayne.*

KEEPS CONSTANTLY ON HAND ALL KINDS OF GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING GOODS.
May 11, 1850. 34y

MISS WELLS has just returned from New York with a full assortment of

## Millinery Goods,

and the latest Fashions for Spring and Summer and thinks it sufficient to say that she has BONNETS of every description, and TRIMMINGS of all kinds, beside other Fancy Goods—all of which she intends to sell very low. Ladies, please call and see for yourselves. Dresses and Bonnets made to order, in the best style. Shop as usual on the south side of Columbia Street.
May 3, 1850. 45

SCHOOL BOOKS.—A good assortment of all the kinds in use in this city, just received.
May 11, 1850. C. L. HILL.

PRINTING PAPER—22 by 32, 21 by 29, 24 by 38, a first rate article. Any other size furnished to order on short notice.
May 11, 1850. C. L. HILL.

PALM Leaf, Leghorn, Panama, Pearl Straw, Silk, and Fur HATS—just rec'd. at No. 3.
April 27, 1850. M. DRAKE Jr.

BONNETS.—Leghorn, Pearl Straw, French Braid, Florence, Lace, Gimp, Chip, Jenny Lind, English Straw, Tulip Satin, Pedal, and various other new styles of Bonnets. Also, Misses' and Children's Flats and Bonnets, just received. M. DRAKE Jr.

Important to Buyers.

JUST RECEIVED,—and for sale low by the quantity or otherwise, a choice lot of GROCERIES, viz:

| | |
|---|---|
| Coffee, | Tea, |
| Sugar, | Allspice, |
| Pepper, | Ginger, |
| Mustard, | Cinnamon, |
| Saleratus, | Cloves. |

Also, Brunson's fine cut TOBACCO—a fine article for smoking. JAMES B. SHOAFF,
June 10, '50. Under Odd Fellows' Hall.

JUST RECEIVED.

100 KEGS Pure White Lead;
100 " No. 1 " "
3 bbls. Dayton Linseed Oil;
500 lbs. Best steam made Putty;
300 " Litharge, &c., &c.
For sale cheap for Cash by
JAMES B. SHOAFF,
Under Old Fellows' Hall.

## Stoves!

A New and full assortment of the latest and best improved patterns of Cooking Stoves; a full supply of Iron and Nails; a large addition of Hardware; a beautiful lot of Locks, Latches, &c.; and the finest assortment of Shovels, Forks, Snathes, Scythes, and cast steel Hoes ever before offered. Also, Stock to supply the trade. Just received in good order, and for sale low by
R. W. OAKLEY.

## Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given to the Stockholders of the Fort Wayne and Bluffton Turnpike company, that 15 per cent. of the capital stock of the company, or three and 75-100 dollars on each share thereof, will be called for at the end of sixty days from the date hereof, which will be on the 14th day of August next; payable to the Treasurer at his office in the city of Ft. Wayne.
By order of the Board of Directors.
THOS. W. SWINNEY, Pres't.
PETER P. BAILEY, Treas.
June 12, 1850 2w52

## Groceries at Wholesale.

JUST RECEIVED—and for sale at the lowest rates—a choice lot of Family Groceries, consisting of Rio Coffee, Young Hyson and Gunpowder Teas, Malaga Raisins, Tobacco, Herring, &c. S. BEAL,
Phoenix Block, Calhoun-st.

Wholesale Paper Warehouse.

C. L. HILL, Stationer, Calhoun Street, Fort Wayne, has made arrangements to be in the constant receipt of

*Writing, Printing, and Wrapping Papers*

of all sizes and qualities; Bonnet Board, Card Board, Bristol Board, Perforated Board, Drawing Paper, &c.; which he will be enabled to sell at wholesale at Cincinnati prices, adding transportation. He also offers all kinds of

BLANK BOOKS,

Records, Day Books, Ledgers, Journals, Dockets, Memorandums, Pass Books, &c., &c., lower than ever before sold in this state.
Country Dealers, County Officers, and others, can be supplied at this establishment on the most favorable terms.
RAGS taken at the highest market price in exchange for Paper or Books.

BY RAILROAD AND STEAM!

OLD No. 3

Jones's Block, Fort Wayne, Ia.

IS again filled up with a large and choice stock of the right kind of NEW SPRING GOODS, consisting of

DRY GOODS,

*Straw Goods, Boots, Shoes, and Slippers, Crockery, Hardware, &c., &c.,*

of every kind and variety, which will be sold at a small profit. Another large supply of that good, yard-wide COTTON CLOTH

SIXTEEN YDS. FOR ONE DOLLAR.

Do not take any one's word for it, but call and see for yourself.
WANTED.—Black Salts, and all kinds of produce, for which the highest price will be paid.
FOR SALE.—Saleratus at 4 cents by wholesale, and 6¼ cents at retail.
May 1, '50. MOSES DRAKE, Jr., *Capt.*

SHOES, GAITERS, &c.—Just received at No. 3, a nice assortment of Ladies', Misses' and Children's Gaiters, Excelsiors, Buskins, Walking Shoes, and Slippers—cheap and good.
April 27, 1850. M. DRAKE Jr.

## The Old Drug Store

*Once more in Motion.*

CHAS. R. WALKER having taken charge of the *Old Drug Store* formerly occupied by Dr. Beecher, is now ready to supply Physicians and Families and all others who may wish to purchase, with

Pure Drugs and Medicines

at the lowest prices. We would enumerate *articles and quantities regardless of expense*, but the Printers inform us that our neighbors have used all the Ciphers, and we shall have to wait until a fresh supply is received. "So mote it be."— We can only say that we could *Brag* equal to any; therefore we shall have to be modest in spite of ourselves in the way of advertising.— Come one, come all, examine prices and qualities and we shall be satisfied. Recollect the Old Drug Store is the place to buy cheap.

## Valuable Farm for Sale.

THE subscriber offers for sale his farm, six miles east of Fort Wayne, near the canal, consisting of one hundred acres of excellent land, eighty acres of which are well improved; with frame DWELLING HOUSE, 36 by 47 feet, well finished with a first rate cellar under it; two good wells of water, and several fine springs; a good FRAME BARN, 36 by 45, with underground stables; an excellent orchard, producing from 5 to 700 bushels of the best kind of apples annually, with peaches, plums, grapes, &c. The farm is in first best order and repair, and will be sold at a great bargain. It is very pleasantly situated, and in all respects one of the most valuable and desirable farms in the county. Possession will be given at any time the purchaser may desire.
For further particulars inquire of the subscriber on the premises, or of the editor of this paper.
RUFUS McDONALD.
April 2, 1850. 30tf.

## Saleratus Manufactory.

THE undersigned being now engaged in the manufacturing of SALERATUS on the most approved principles, can fill orders for any quantity, and of a *quality far superior* to any before made in the place. He begs to call the attention of dealers along the canal line and surrounding country, to his establishment, as he is now able to compete with any other, and is determined that the quality and price of his article shall be such as to make it to the interest of buyers to deal with him; he would therefore invite the trade to call and examine quality, price, &c. before purchasing elsewhere. Orders attended to with dispatch.
OFFICE, on the canal, south side, east of Hanna's Block. OSCAR BLAIN.
Fort Wayne, March 23, 1850 33tf.

CARPET BAGS and Satchels, Umbrellas, Parasols, &c. ORFF & SCHWEGMAN.

## 20,000 lbs. Wool Wanted

AT THE

FORT WAYNE

## Woollen Manufactory.

RUDISILL & WOLKE return their thanks to the public for the liberal patronage they have received, and respectfully inform them that they have made large additions to their Machinery of the newest and best kinds, and having obtained skillful workmen from the east, are now prepared to take any quantity of wool in the fleece and manufacture it into

*CLOTHS, Cassimeres, Sattinetts, Flannels, Blankets, &c.*

warranted as good, if not better, than any other establishment in the west. Wool will be worked on shares, or taken in pay for goods. They have also on hand

4,000 YARDS OF WOOLEN GOODS

which they offer for sale or in exchange for wool on the most liberal terms.

WOOL CARDING

We have two double and two single carding machines ready for operation and will do any amount of Custom Carding in the best manner and on the shortest notice. Persons to expect good rolls must have their wool well cleaned and free from burrs, and to every eight pounds of wool one pound of clean lard, otherwise the price of lard will be charged extra. All wool brought in the above condition will be warranted to be well carded. Price for Carding is 5 cents per pound; wool will be received in pay for carding and price will be according to quality. Directions should be given when wool is brought whether the pay is to be Cash or Wool.

CLOTH DRESSING AND DYEING.

We are also prepared to do any amount of Country Cloth Dressing and dyeing, on the shortest notice, and in the best workmanlike manner.

LINSEED OIL.

We have also on hand this article of Linseed Oil by wholesale or retail; and the highest price in Cash or Oil will be paid for Flaxseed.
RUDISILL & WOLKE.
Fort Wayne, April 27, 1850. y41

*LADIES' SHOES.*

WHITE Satin Slippers, White kid do. Patent leather, Kid, Morocco and Lasting Shoes, Buskins, and Gaiters: Children's Shoes, &c., &c. A new and full assortment.
MRS. DYKES.

PARASOLS.—Satin Turk, Silk, and Gingham—a beautiful lot just received by express. MRS. DYKES.

MUSLIN DE LAINES, Grandilla, Soi de Foie, &c., &c., newest spring fashions, just received. MRS. DYKES.

SWISS MUSLINS: Cambric, Jaconet, Mull, Spotted Swiss, and Barred Muslins; Bishop's and Victoria Lawns, &c. &c.
MRS. DYKES.

LADIES' GLOVES—Black, White and colored Kid; Silk, Cotton, and Lisle Thread; Children's and Misses' do. MRS. DYKES.

## SLOAN'S COLUMN.

☞ All the Medicines and books advertised by W. B. Sloan are sold by merchants, Druggists, &c., in nearly every town in all the Western States, and by H. B. REED, general wholesale and retail Agent, Fort Wayne.

## THE BEST BOOK

OF THE KIND EVER PUBLISHED

W. B. SLOAN'S

COMPLETE

HORSE FARRIER

AND

Cattle Doctor.

Third Edition. Enlarged.

PRICE ONLY 50 CENTS.

FAMILY MEDICINE.

SLOAN'S OINTMENT is now universally acknowledged to be an infallible remedy, in every case where it has been faithfully applied on the human system, for promoting insensible perspiration, drawing out the inflamation from a wound, relieving pain of every kind, and in its healing qualities, the world has not produced its equal, and the public pronounce it the cheapest and best Family Ointment that has ever been used. All diseases of the flesh,—Obstinate Ulcers, Old Sores, Cutaneous Eruptions, Sore Nipples, Sore Breasts, Diseases of the Eye, Ague in the face, side, back, and other parts of the system,—Boils Ulcers, Scald Head, Bruises, fresh wounds, and every kind of sore containing the least particle of inflammation, are permanently cured by this great remedy.
W. B. SLOAN.
Grand Depot, 40 Lake st., Chicago, Ill.

## Wonderful Ointment.

Mr. W. B. Sloan—Dear Sir: Some *fifteen years* ago one of my feet was seriously injured, in consequence of the foot swelling very large and being remarkably painful, most of the time I could only hobble about with the assistance of a staff, and not being able to endure a shoe on the foot I wore only a moccasin. During the first *fourteen years* suffering I followed, strictly the advice of many celebrated physicians—last year, used fourteen bottles of Dr. Trask's Magnetic Ointment—*all however failed to afford* permanent relief. Last *November I* concluded to have the foot *taken off*, to which my friends objected; finally, about the first of December, I was induced to apply your *Wonderful Ointment*, and in less than thirty days after the first application, I had laid aside my staff, put on my shoes without any inconvenience, and now *get about like other men.* GEORGE TURNER,
February 10, 1849. Wells st., Chicago.

MEDICAL TREATMENT.

Dr. W. B. Sloan—Dear Sir: Last August I received a severe bruise on one leg, just below the knee, no attention was paid to it, however, for some time after, nor until I had taken cold in the sore, it now became very much swollen, and exceedingly painful, so much so that I could get no sleep for several days. A physician was called, and my leg lanced at two different periods discharging very freely each time. I laid under medical treatment about three months but without the least permanent benefit. I then obtained a box of your Ointment, this soon removed all pain and soreness, and in two weeks from the time I began using the Ointment my leg was entirely well. I cheerfully recommend all who may be similarly injured to give the Ointment a trial with the fullest assurance that their expectations will not be disappointed.
Respectfully yours, DAVID J. WEST.
Sugar Grove, Kane co., Ill., April 27, '49.

*The best and cheapest Horse and Cattle Medicine in the World!*

SLOAN'S OINTMENT AND CONDITION POWDER, have earned a great name. For Purity, Mildness, Safety, Certainty and Thoroughness, Sloan's Ointment excels, and is rapidly superseding all other Ointments and Liniments now in use for the cure of the following diseases:
Fresh Wounds, Galls of all kinds, Sprains, Bruises, Cracked Heels, Ringbone, Windgalls, Poll Evil, Callus, Spavins, Sweeney, Fistula, Sitfast, Strains, Lameness, Sand Cracks, Foundered Feet, Scratches or Grease Mange or Horn Distemper.
The Powder will remove all inflammation and fever, purify the blood, loosen the skin, cleanse the water, and strengthen every part of the body; and has proved a sovereign remedy for the following diseases: Distemper, Hide bound, Loss of Appetite, Inward Strain, Yellow Water, Inflammation of the Eyes, Fatigue from hard exercise; also, Rheumatism, (commonly called stiff complaint,) which proves so fatal to many valuable horses in this country. It is a safe and certain remedy for coughs and colds which generate so many fatal diseases.
W. B. SLOAN.
Grand Depot, 40 Lake St., Chicago, Illinois.

## Highly Spoken of.

*Extract from the "Waukesha Democrat," Wis. May 9, 1849.*

"SLOAN'S MEDICINES.—A subscriber writes from the town of New Berlin, requesting us to say that he has used Mr. Sloan's Horse Ointment in several instances during the past winter, always with the desired effect, and wishes to recommend it to those who have the care of horses. Mr. Sloan's medicines are highly spoken of generally, and from the acquaintance we have with that gentleman, we are led to believe that they are prepared with a view to give a real benefit to community as they are recommended.

WONDERFUL STIR.

SLOAN'S MEDICINES.—There is a wonderful stir made about these medicines, and we are credibly informed that nothing has ever been offered to the public so deserving of attention, especially of all who keep horses. With Sloan's Condition Powder, a horse is always kept in good condition, and by the use of his Ointment, bruises, sprains and cuts are cured in a surprisingly short time, and the life of many a valuable horse saved. The numerous certificates published in his advertisement, from well known individuals, fully attest the value of these medicines for the uses and purposes stated, and we have no doubt they will become popular medicines in this section, as they are in general use at the West.—*Buffalo Republic, June 11, 1849.*

CONSCIENTIOUSLY.

SLOAN'S OINTMENT.—We dislike to recommend medicines, owing to the vast quantity now in existence, of which, no doubt, half at least, are nostrums—not fit for the toleration of any people: but when such come under our notice as *we can conscientiously recommend*, we do it with pleasure.
We have not spoken a favorable word of this Ointment since the proprietor commenced advertising with us, for that there was some doubt in its efficacy, but was being convinced by numerous statements of our friends relative to its goodness, we do most earnestly recommend it to the public as the very best medicine for man and beast ever used. All diseases of flesh, obstinate ulcers, ulcers, old sores, &c. &c., will find immediate relief by the application of this Ointment. See Sloan's advertisement in another column.—Ill. Re... June 2, 1849. 51

PHŒNIX BAKERY.

## & Family Grocery Store

J. SAUNDERS informs his friends that his Bakehouse has arisen Phœnix like from its ashes; and having rented the building adjoining R. W. Taylor's store (a few doors north of his old establishment) he again offers for sale every description of

*Bread, Cakes, Pastry, Crackers, &c.*

of the best quality, trusting his old friends and customers will renew their patronage.

He will also keep on hand a general assortment of fresh

## Family Groceries

to which he invites public attention. *No Liquors* will be kept in the establishment.

June 8, 1849. 49.

## PERFUMERY, &c.

THE public, and especially the Ladies, are invited to examine my stock of

*Perfumery, Soaps, Extracts, &c.*

which have been received during the present week. The variety comprises all the best and most fashionable preparations now used in the eastern cities and in Paris. For sale by

JAMES B. SHOAFF,
Dec. 15, under Odd Fellows' Hall.

## *CIGARS! CIGARS!*

**30,000** IMPORTED Cigars, warranted the best brands that can be found, and as cheap as you can buy them New York. B. B. REED.

VALUABLE

## Mill Property for Sale.

THE undersigned offers for sale his Mill Property situate on the Elkhart River, in Noble County, Indiana, 40 miles north west from Fort Wayne and the Wabash and Erie Canal.—The property is now improved with a SAW-MILL, and Head Gates for GRIST and other MILLS. The Dam is one of the best in the country, and has been built only two years, but during that time has withstood without the slightest injury unusual freshets that caused more or less damage to a hther dams on the river. The supply of water is unfailing, and sufficient with the head of 7½ feet of driving 4 run of 4½ feet stones, Saw Mill and Woollen Mill at all times, and during most of the year almost any amount of machinery could be propelled.

The Saw Mill has recently been put in first rate order, and is considered one of the best in the west. Logs in any quantity of the best kind, such as Poplar, Black Walnut, Ash, Oak, and Cherry, can always be obtained.

The property is situate in the midst of a thickly settled country, where mills are much needed and water power scarce, thereby insuring to the owner a monopoly of the milling business of the country, if well managed.

In connection with the mill and water power, will be sold

### 160 ACRES OF LAND

on which the mill is situated, together with Timber got out for the erection of a Flouring Mill.

For particulars as to the construction of the dam, amount, durability, and value of the water power, &c. inquire of Mr. S. V. Bean, Millwright, Fort Wayne.

A. B. MILLER.

For particulars apply, if by letter post paid, to T. Tigar, editor of Fort Wayne Sentinel.

Fort Wayne, Ia. August 18, 1849. tf7

☞Ohio Statesman (Weekly) publish 3 month, and send account to this office.

## For Sale.

THE commodious Brick STORE and Ware house, eligibly situate on Columbia street and the canal, known as the Niagara Store, and occupied by A. B. MILLER. For terms, inquire on the premises, or at the Sentinel office.

August 4, 1849. tf5

## Palo Alto Hotel.

THIS establishment is now fitted up in superior style for the accommodation of travellers and others. The subscriber will spare no pains to give satisfaction to all who may favor him with their custom. His Table will at all times be furnished with the best the market affords. Having a careful ostler, travellers may be assured that their horses will be well attended to. A large and convenient Wagon Yard has recently been fitted up for the accommodation of teamsters, drovers, &c. His charges will be moderate to suit the times.

GEORGE MAYER.
October 13, 1849. 15y

## Marble Monuments & Tombstones.

THE subscriber has on hand a large supply of the above articles, of the BEST QUALITY, which he will sell very low. ☞ All persons wishing anything in that line are particularly requested to call and examine for themselves before purchasing elsewhere.

### CUT STONE OF ALL KINDS.

Principal Yard on the Canal, west of Ewing's Warehouse and Boat Yard. Finishing Shop in Columbia Street, in Block between H. B. Reed's Drug Store and Hill, Orbison & Co's warehouse.

JAMES HUMPHREY.
Fort Wayne. March 30, 1850. y39.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

## Boot and Shoe Store.

THE Subscriber would most respectfully announce to the ladies and gentlemen of Ft. Wayne and surrounding country, that he is now receiving, and just exhibiting, a general assortment in the above line. Among his stock will be found every variety and style of

LADIES' WEAR,

embracing the latest Philadelphia and N. York fashions; also,

### CHILDREN'S AND MISSES',

of every variety and style, and everything for

*Gentlemen, Boys, and Youths,*

from the low-priced slipper up to the fine sticked French Calf Boot. To enumerate all would be impossible; suffice to say that almost every article in the above line of business may be found at his store, and

### At the most reasonable Prices.

His stock being well selected, and of good quality, he feels confident that it will give general satisfaction. By close application to business and efforts to please, he hopes to receive a share of the public patronage. His store will be found in Mr. Saunders's new brick building, on Columbia st., one door south of Messrs Wall & Co.'s Drug Store, and directly opposite Mr. P. Kiser's Store.

COUNTRY MERCHANTS

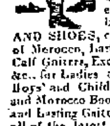
can be supplied on the most favorable terms.

WILLIAM JACOBS.
Fort Wayne, May 25, 1850. 47tf.

SPRING STOCK OF

## Boots, Shoes, &c.

*At the Boston Shoe Store.*



T. P. ANDERSON & Co. have just received from the eastern manufacteries a large and beautiful assortment of BOOTS AND SHOES, comprising several thousand pairs of Morocco, Lasting, Patent Leather, Kid and Calf Gaiters, Excelsiors, Buskins, Slippers, &c., &c., for Ladies and Misses. Every variety of Boys' and Childrens' do.; Gents' French Calf and Morocco Boots; Patent Leather, Calf, Cloth and Lasting Gaiters; Pumps, Shoes, &c., &c.—all of the latest styles, and warranted of the best materials and workmanship.

They also keep on hand a large stock of

*Heavy Boots, Shoes, Brogans, &c.,*

of their own manufacture which they offer at wholesale or retail, nearly as low as the eastern manufacture.

*Sole and Upper Leather, Bindings, Findings, &c.*

The Trade and Country Dealers supplied at Eastern Prices.

May 18, 1850. 146.

MASS BOOKS, French and English.
STOPHLET & Co.

## Undertaking.

THE undersigned are now prepared to attend on Funeral occasions as they keep READY MADE COFFINS of all sizes and different qualities; viz. Mahogany, Walnut and Cherry, flat and raised lids;—also, covered with Black Cloth or Silk Velvet if desired. They will be able to furnish the same promptly and lower than the usual rates. Strict attention will be paid to Funeral Hours, causing no delay.

☞ *A Hearse and good Carriage furnished, free of charge.*

Room on Calhoun st. near the Spencer House.

JOHN M. MILLER,
LOUIS PELTIER.
Fort Wayne, June 1, 1849. y48

# SCROFULA

*If thousands of Cures of Scrofula, Cancers, Syphilis, and other impure diseases of the Blood—and if the VERY SMALL QUANTITY which has used of a Medicine to effect Cures of such Diseases, be any proof of the purifying medical power in the Medicine which has subdued and conquered such Diseases—then there is unquestionable evidence that—*

## BRANT'S INDIAN PURIFYING EXTRACT

is such a Medicine, in every respect; and there is abundant proof, in *great cures* effected, that ONE BOTTLE of it contains *more* purifying, healing virtue, and medical power, than there is contained in *Four Bottles* of any *sarsaparilla*, or any other medicine that has ever been offered for sale. There is undoubted proof in our pamphlets that by the use of this great *Indian Purifier*, they that were DYING yet LIVE—they that were LAME and CRIPPLED can now WALK—they that were SICK, SCROFULOUS, and otherwise diseased, have been HEALED and CURED.

### Hundreds—Thousands—

who have used BRANT'S PURIFIER after having used and tested ALL the *sarsaparillas* and other medicines recommended to cure blood diseases, have decided that—

### Brant's is the Cheapest,

because *One Bottle* of it has more medical, curative matter in it and, in consequence, cures more disease in much less time, than *one bottle* of any other medicine.

If then, *One Bottle* of BRANT'S PURIFIER will cure FOUR TIMES more disease than *one bottle* of *sarsaparilla*—"BRANT'S PURIFIER" would be as cheap at *four dollars* a bottle, as *sarsaparilla* at *one dollar*. But BRANT'S PURIFIER is sold for only ONE DOLLAR a bottle; and as a bottle of it has cured, and is *capable* of curing, *Four Times* as much disease as *one bottle* of *sarsaparilla*, therefore, sarsaparilla, in consequence of its less power and less medical efficacy, should be sold at *no more* than *Twenty-Five Cents* per bottle, to be as *cheap* as the PURIFIER at *One Dollar*.

### One Dollar's Worth!

How much CANKER—how much SYPHILIS—how much SCROFULA—will *One Dollar's worth* of *Brant's PURIFIER* cure? Read the following statement, which is a specimen of its power.

### CANCEROUS SCROFULA!

This is the case of a *Dying man who yet lives*. He was cured of a worse case of *Scrofula*, by only *Twelve Bottles* of Brant's Purifier, than ever was cured by the use of *Twelve Gallons* of the *best sarsaparilla* that was ever made. Sarsaparilla has not *sufficient medical power* to effect the cure of such a *revoltingly hopeless* case.

Mr. J. B. HASKIN, of *Rome, Oneida Co., N. Y.* had *Scrofula four years*—was confined to his bed the *last year*. He was so much diseased and debilitated as to be unable to raise his hand to his head. He had the *best medical advice*—had used *all* of the *best sarsaparillas* to no good effect—got *worse and worse*, and was considered to be in a *Dying State*, and could not live *twenty-four hours* longer, when he commenced using BRANT'S PURIFIER. His *neck* was eaten *nearly off*, from *ear to ear*—a *hole* was eaten through his *windpipe*, under his chin, so that he breathed through the hole—his *ear* was so eaten around that it could be *lifted* up out of its place, it only holding by a *small* piece—the use of *one arm* was *destroyed* by two *Ulcers*—an *Ulcer* under the arm as large as a man's *hand*, had nearly *eaten* through his *side into his body*. Thus, he was afflicted with *Twenty such putrid, acrid, offensive Ulcers*, on various parts of his person. For further and full particulars see our *Pamphlets*.

Doct. THOMAS WILLIAMS, one of the most skillful physicians of Rome, was called to see Haskin the *day before* he commenced using *Brant's Purifier*. Doct. W. examined him, and then told him that *all the medicines in the world* could not cure him—that his case was

### Worse than Hopeless!

Now hear Mr. HASKIN'S statement of cure. He said: My wife procured one bottle of *BRANT'S PURIFYING EXTRACT*—THAT BOTTLE enabled me to *get off my bed*—the SECOND bottle enabled me to *get out of the house*—the THIRD enabled me to *walk two miles*, and when I had finished using *Nine Bottles*, SEVENTEEN out of *twenty Ulcers* had HEALED UP, and *three bottles* more effected a PERFECT CURE and restored me to *good health*.

FOURTEEN WITNESSES.

The above facts are certified to by DOCT. T. WILLIAMS, Mr. G. R. BROWN, of *Wm Rome Hotel*, Messrs. BISSELL & LEONARD, Druggists, and ELEVEN other *respectable witnesses* at Rome.

### CANCERS CURED.

Mr. G. R. KINNEY, merchant, *Clinton*, Oneida county, N. Y., informed us that a cancer-doctor, of said county, was effecting wonderful cures of Cancers through the efficacy of BRANT'S PURIFYING EXTRACT. A cancer-doctor in Greene county, N. Y., is also using said Purifier. Mr. A. B. SETTLE, druggist, at Canajoharie, Montgomery county, N. Y., has informed us of an important cure of a CANCER of long standing, which was effected on an aged lady of that place. It is reliable, too. Physicians *cures Cancer*, by its purifying, healing power, what impure disease of the blood can it not cure? Seven years' experience and triumph, says there are none but what it will cure.

### FEVER-SORE CURED.

The Rev. RICHARD DUNNING, Pastor of the Presbyterian church, Adams Basin, Monroe county, N. Y., wrote to us: "I have just received a letter from Mr. CHAUNCY DUNNING, relative to the cure of his *Fever sore*. You may depend on what it states, for he is a Christian man and an elder in the church. Some years since he had to have one of his legs *cut off* to save his life, in consequence of a *Fever sore*. The other leg being now affected, and about to be amputated, I recommended BRANT'S MEDICINE. Read the result. He says: 'I have used only THREE BOTTLES of BRANT'S MEDICINE. I placed my trust, from your recommendation, in that Medicine, and I can now say that, with the blessing of God, it *has effected a cure of my leg*.'" See Pamphlets for full particulars.

### LIVER-COMPLAINT!

Dr. NATHAN HUBBARD, of *Stamford, Conn.*, one of the oldest and most respectable physicians, was afflicted with *Liver-Complaint* many years, and was *perfectly cured* by using BRANT'S PURIFYING EXTRACT. We could name hundreds of other cases, also cured.

### FEMALE WEAKNESSES AND COMPLAINTS.

No remedy offered to the public has ever been *half as certain and effectual in restoring ALL* the incidental *weaknesses* and irregularities of the *sex*, as BRANT'S PULMONARY BALSAM. It makes no difference whether the derangement be *suppression, excess*, or other *weakness*—it REGULATES ALL, by *strengthening the system, equalizing the CIRCULATION, and soothing and allaying NERVOUS IRRITABILITY*. ☞ See pamphlets.

### CHANCE OF LIFE,

from the *girl* to the *woman*, and the *woman* of *middle age*—the one case is *accelerated*, and the other so *gradually suppressed*, as to prevent any of the *fatal diseases* that frequently arise in consequence of such change.

### Dyspepsia—Sour Stomach!

"ATTICA, Genesee Co., February 1, 1846.

"M. T. WALLACE & CO.—*Gentlemen*: I was, for more than a year, afflicted with a disease of the stomach. I could not eat any fat or *greasy* substance without causing great pain, sickness, or vomiting, and was continually afflicted with a sour stomach. I, as an experiment, tried one bottle of BRANT'S MEDICINE, which, to my utter disappointment, *cured and relieved the usual pain after eating*. I therefore used a second bottle, which has completely cured the disease. I am now well and hearty, and can eat almost anything without the pain of the stomach becoming sour.

"Yours respectfully, T. S. WILCOX."

Mr. WILCOX is a respectable merchant of Attica.

### NURSING SORE MOUTH, LEUCORRHŒA, &c.

"BYRON, Genesee Co., N. Y., Oct. 17, 1847.

"Messrs. M. T. WALLACE & CO.: Some time last winter my wife became so debilitated from the effects of *Leucorrhœa* and *Nursing Sore Mouth*, that she could not lift her child to nurse any household labor. Her medical treatment was varied according to the advice and prescriptions of the most eminent physicians, but no one which was exhausted remedies to give relief. She became so very a skeleton, that at the time she commenced taking Brant's Medicine she weighed no more than eighty-five pounds; but by the time she had taken *four bottles* of it she was perfectly well. Then she is experiencing relief and is now enabled to do all necessary household work, and gained thirty pounds of flesh in four weeks.

"Yours truly, C. E. GALENTINE."

The reader will observe that Mr. GALENTINE says most SKILLFUL. He, we are informed by Z. S. TAMES, Esq., of the same place, has studied medicine.

### MERCURIAL DISEASES.

BRANT'S PURIFYING EXTRACT is a perfect and thorough *eradicator of all the effects of MERCURY*, as it *will* the various preparations of Cinnabar, or Mercury, *from the system*; as it restores the *blood, muscles*, and *all the parts diseased*, to their natural, HEALTHY STATE.

### GENERAL DEBILITY OF THE SYSTEM!

Mr. A. HOLTSTANDER, merchant, *Chelia, Lorain Co.*, *Ohio*, wrote, December 1, 1846, and after having stated that, like a charm the PULMONARY BALSAM had effected the cure of his wife's consumptive cough, said: "I have personally used BRANT'S PURIFYING EXTRACT for general debility of my system, and I have no hesitation in saying, that it is the best medicine in RESTORE and INVIGORATE the system that I have ever used. In every instance wherever I have sold BRANT'S MEDICINES, *they have proved to give unqualified* SATISFACTION."

### SALT RHEUM,

and all impure chronic diseases of the BLOOD, are always cured by BRANT'S EXTRACT.

For sale by

HUGH B. REED, Fort Wayne.

Also, by the following:

N. Payne, Auburn.
J. B. Hanna, Huntertown.
J. U. Norton & Co., Decatur.
Barsom & Mellowell, Bluffton.
John Davis, Huntington,
Tuttle, Baker & Co., Columbia.
S. T. Clymer, Albion.

JUJUBE PASTE,—Four Boxes best Lemon Jujube Paste, for sale in quantities to suit purchasers. Please call and examine at

JAMES B. SHOAFF'S,
under Odd Fellow's Hall.

## Look Here!

COLERICK & WITHERS have several choice pieces of Land in St. Joseph Township in Allen County, which on early application can be purchased lower than ever before offered in that quarter. Call on them at the Court House.

Jan 12, 1850. 28-tf.

A Large quantity of Russian bound County Records can be found at No. 2 Hanna's Block. 31

EDWARD CONKLING, WILLIAM WOOD, ALFRED WOOD.

## Conkling, Wood & Co.

*North side of Court Street, east of Broadway,*

CINCINNATI, O.

MANUFACTURERS OF

| | |
|---|---|
| Pure White Lead, | Paris Green, |
| No. 1 Do. | Chrome Green, |
| Red Lead, | " Yellow, |
| Litharge, | " Red, |
| Putty, | Chinese Blue, |
| Whiting, "fire dried," | Assorted colored Paints |
| Paris White. | in Oil, |
| Cider Vinegar. | |

WE have adopted the most approved method, as practised by the Eastern Manufacturers, in manufacturing WHITE LEAD, and will warrant it equal to any made in the United States. Will warrant the quality of each article we manufacture to be as good as can be procured, and to give entire satisfaction.—Offered at the lowest prices on usual time or discount for Cash.

*** *Cash paid for* CASTOR BEANS & FLAX SEED.

January 19, 1850. y29.

## Drugs and Medicines.

THE undersigned is constantly receiving new Drugs and Medicines, which he offers at the usual low prices. His stock consists in part of

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Quinine | Calomel | Piperine |
| Epsom Salts | Jujube Paste | Ex't. Logwood |
| Dr'gist G asswure Ink (superior) | Matches, &c. | |

JAMES B. SHOAFF,
Calhoun street, at the Big "Drug Sign."

NEW STOCK OF

## Genuine Wines and Liquors

AT THE

*WHOLESALE LIQUOR STORE.*

S. BEAL returns his thanks to the public for their liberal patronage, and respectfully inform them that he has just received a heavy stock of

## Genuine Wines and Liquors,

which he can confidently recommend as from prior to any thing ever before offered in the market. Those in want of choice articles of pure old *French Cognac Brandies, Port Wine, Rum, Gin, &c.*, for Medicinal use, warranted genuine and pure as imported, which he offers lower than has been paid for the adulterated articles usually sold in this market.

*Common and Domestic Liquors, Cordials, &c.,* at very low rates.

His stock includes

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Old Alex. Seignette Brandy | dark | Pure Juice Port Wine | |
| " " " | pale | Dumonts " | " |
| J. J. Dupuy | " | Other brands " | " |
| Peach | " | Sherry | " |
| Several fine Domestic | " | Sweet Malaga | " |
| Old Cherry | | Native | " |
| Jamaica Rum | | Madeira | " |
| St. Croix " | | Kimel | |
| Old Holland's Gin | | Sap't Rectified Whiskey | |
| Rose " | | Old Rye " | |
| Wheeler's " | | East India Bitters | |
| American " | | Stoughton " | |

He has recently enlarged his rectifiers, and is now prepared to furnish any quantity of superior

### DOUBLE RECTIFIED WHISKEY

at the lowest prices.

Also, *Decanters, Tumblers, Bottles, Loaf Sugar, &c.* All Brandies, Wines, and Glass will be sold from

### 20 to 50 per cent. Cheaper

than has ever been sold in this market.

Persons wanting any quantity—from a quart to a barrel—of Wines or Liquors will do well to call, as they may depend on every article being exactly what it is represented, and at the lowest rates at all times.

Dec. 1, 1849. y—21.

1850. 1850.

J. E. HILL, A. M. ORBISON.

## HILL & ORBISON,

*(Successors to Hill, Orbison & Co.)*

## Forwarding & Commission MERCHANTS.

FORT WAYNE, IA.

☞ *Liberal advances made on Produce.* ☜

REFERENCES:

E. Haskell & Co.
Smith, Robinson & Co.
Collins, Brown, & Co. } *Toledo.*
Peckham & Scott.
Field & King.
Kirk & Lawton, *Piqua, Ohio.*
Ayres & Tunis, } *New York,*
Kent, Poag, & Co.
Kimberley, Pease & Co. *Buffalo*
C. McKennell & Co. *Cincinnati,*
John Rauch, *Dayton,*
H. S. Mayo, *Troy, Ohio.*

Fort Wayne, September 16, 1849.

P. P. COMPARET. M. W. HUBBELL. D. F. COMPARET.

[illegible] any other establishment in town. Particular attention will be paid to the Commission Business, and it will be conducted on the most liberal principles.

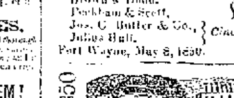
SALT always on hand at the lowest rates.

N. B.—Cash paid for any quantity of good Black Walnut Lumber. M. W. HUBBELL.

REFERENCES:

Kent, Poag & Co., *New York.*
N. Lee, Cashier, *Albany*
J. & C. Hitchcock, } *Buffalo.*
Jno. Hollister,
H. McCulloch, Cashier, } *Fort Wayne.*
Wilfred Smith,
Brownlee, Pendleton & Co. }
Brown & Dodd, } *Toledo.*
Peckham & Scott,
Jos. C. Butler & Co., } *Cincinnati.*
Julius Ball,

Fort Wayne, May 8, 1850. 1f45.



1850 1850

## PETER P. BAILEY,

*Storage, Forwarding, & Commission*

### MERCHANT,

Will pay CASH for Flour, Wheat, Corn, Pearl and Pot Ashes, and most other products of the country, or make liberal advances on the same.

WAREHOUSE NORTH SIDE OF THE CANAL,
FORT WAYNE, Ia.

*REFERENCES.*

Allen Hamilton, President Branch Bank, *Fort Wayne.*
Hugh McCulloch, Cashier " "
Samuel Hanna, " "
Jesse L. Williams, Chief Engineer, W. & E. Canal.
R. Smith & Co., *Toledo.*
E. Haskell & Co., "
Collins, Brown & Co., "

## Valuable Tavern for Sale

*At Huntertown, 12 Miles North of Fort Wayne, on the Plank Road.*

WILL be offered for sale until 1st of May next, after which, if not sold, will be RENTED. This property is an excellent stand for entertainment, with a large and convenient house, and stabling for about 50 horses, with a good young orchard, and about seventy acres of land. There is perhaps no more desirable or profitable stand for business in Northern Indiana. It affords a fine opportunity to any one who wants a good location for the above business.

SAMUEL HANNA.
Fort Wayne, March 18, 1850. 35tf.

THE "GREAT"

## Indiana Land Agency

OUT DOORS

THE undersigned has been appointed an agent to sell all of the lands in Northern Indiana owned by the "*Knightstown and Shelbyville Rail Road Company.*"

As this company is successfully operating on the *High* pressure system on their road, they have resolved to put their lands on the *Low* and have authorized sales to be made at *Two Dollars per acre*, on five years' credit; thus giving every one a rare chance to own a farm.

Emigrants can be accommodated with four or five sections in one locality if desired.

The undersigned has also on sale large tracts of other lands in this, and adjoining counties; and is giving better bargains, and more of them, than is generally known; as he is entirely too modest to puff himself, and is not disposed to pay any one to do it for him.

April 6, '50. [tf40] F. P. RANDALL.

**500** Ounces Farr's Quinine, warranted pure, for sale at a reduced price.

Nov. 17, 1849. H. B. REED.

BRUSHES.—A very large assortment of White Wash, Shoe, Marking, Graining, Flesh, Paint, Dusting, &c., for sale very cheap.

Oct. 9, 1849. H. B. REED.

## MOSES DRAKE, Jr.

No. 3, JONES' BLOCK, FORT WAYNE, IA.

DEALER IN

## Domestic & Fancy Dry Goods GROCERIES,

*Crockery, Hardware, Iron, Steel, Nails, Glass,* FLOUR, SALT, *Fish, &c.*

Also, the best Northern Sole and Upper LEATHER, just received. All of which are offered at the lowest prices.

SALERATUS at wholesale or retail.

CASH at all times paid for WHEAT.

## Notice to Farmers and

PRODUCE DEALERS.

THE undersigned having leased the well known CITY MILLS, in Fort Wayne, heretofore run by *Hamilton & Williams*, take this method of saying to all interested that they are prepared and ready to Flour promptly any quantity of Wheat, on the most reasonable terms.

Farmers who have *Custom Work* or *Grists* to grind will always find one or more Run of Stones in readiness for this purpose.

All kinds of *Bread Stuffs* and *Mill Feed* at all times for sale.

CASH Paid for WHEAT at the Highest Rates.

HOAGLAND, COMSTOCK, & CO.
Ft. Wayne, Aug. 23d, 1847. 1y8

## *Fire Engine and Carding Machine*

FOR SALE.

THE subscriber having been appointed agent for an extensive manufactory of Fire Engines, Carding Machines, &c. is prepared to fill all orders that may be given him. The engines and machines are warranted, and will be afforded of any size and power. He sells on a liberal credit or at a discount for cash. Inquire at the "Indiana Land and Tax Agency," Calhoun st.

June 1 (48) JOHN HOUGH, Jr.

## New Lots for Sale,

*At the Indiana Land and Tax Agency.*

THE subscriber offers the following Lots for sale, situate in Fort Wayne as follows:

HANNA'S ADDITION —Lots numbered 166, 37, 38, 39, 40, 536, 279, and 279.

COUNTY ADDITION AND OLD PLAT. —7, 49, 6, 46, 72, and e. 1-3 of 75, part 59.

EWING'S ADDITION.—Lot 3, Block 27; Lot 7, Block 3; lot 4, block 27; lot 8, block 3; lot 4, block 26; lot 9, block 3; lot 7, block 25; lot 1, block 4.

TABOR'S ADDITION —Lots numbered 2, 29, and 30.

They will be sold low for cash or on a credit.

JOHN HOUGH, Jr.,
Feb. 3, 1849. y31.

## Fire Proof Paint.

RECEIVED a large supply of all the color of the article, to which we would call the attention of those desirous of making use of all the means to prevent loss from fire, for sale cheap by H. B. REED.

## FOR SALE.

A First rate THRESHING-MACHINE, new and in good order. Cost $250 in Rochester New York. Liberal terms will be given.

R. BRACKENRIDGE, Jun.
Fort Wayne, June 23, 1849. 1152

## H. B. REED'S

## Drug and Medical Circular

T

*Druggists, Physicians, Merchants, Manufactors, Artists, and Dealers generally.*

HAVING just returned from the eastern cities with a very large stock of fresh and genuine

## Drugs and Medicines,

and all other articles in his line, and believing that he can sell them on as good terms as they can be purchased at any other place in the west, he would respectfully call the attention of his customers and trade generally to an examination of his stock, amongst which will be found

| | |
|---|---|
| 1 ounces Farr's Quinine, (at a reduced price.) | 100 do Balsam Copaiva, |
| 250 do Piperine. | 5 cases Magnesia, |
| 300 lbs. Powdered Red Bark, | 50 lbs Cantharides, |
| 200 do " Yellow " | 35 do Ext. Colocynth comp. |
| 100 oz Morphine sulph & Acet | 1900 do Cream Tartar, |
| 150 lbs. Blue Mass English, | 50 do Dover's Powders, |
| 20 lbs Calomel " | 300 do Gum Arabic, |
| 100 do Powdered Ipecac | 40 do Gum Camboge, |
| 200 do " Rhubarb | 100 do " Guiac, |
| 75 do Root " Turkey, Russia and East India. | 100 do Precip. Carb. Iron, |
| 10 do Nitrate Silver, | 6 cases Extract Liquorice, |
| 100 do Powdered Jalap, | 100 lbs Turkey Opium, |
| 400 do Aloes Socotrine, | 75 do Red Precipitate, |
| 400 do Senna Alex. and India, | 200 do Pink Root, |
| 50 do Jamaica Arrow Root, | 350 do Sarsaparilla Root, |
| 700 lbs Burgundy Pitch True, | 3000 do Epsom Salts, |
| 500 do Gum Camphor, | 2000 do Sulphur, |
| 200 do Cloves, | 10 Carboys Spirits Nitre, |
| 530 do Red Squills, | 10 " Aqua Amonia, |
| | 6 " Sulphuric Ether, |
| | 5 bbls Olive Oil. |

### Chemical Preparations.

| | |
|---|---|
| Chloroform, | Muriatic Quinine, |
| Strychnine, | Acetate " |
| Oxidum Arsenii, | Citrate " |
| Iodide Sulphur, | Ferrocya " |
| " Arsenic, | Citrate " and Iron, |
| " Iron. | Tannate Iron, |
| Prussic Acid, | Oil Valerian, |

Together with all the new preparations in use.

### Perfumery and Fancy Articles.

| | |
|---|---|
| Lubin's Extracts, | Artists' Paints, |
| Fancy Smelling Bottles, | Toy do |
| Bandoline, | Violin Strings, |
| Philacome, | Chess Men and cards, |
| Oleophane, | Note and Letter Paper, |
| Toilet and Shaving Soap, | Envelopes, Pencils, |
| German Cologne, | Paper, Sand. |

Brushes, Hair, Flesh Tooth, Nail &c., &c., a large assortment of everything in his line.

### PAINTS, OILS, &C.

| | |
|---|---|
| 500 kegs white Lead pure no. 1 | [illegible] and Japan Dryer, |
| 2000 lbs do do dry, | 1500 lbs Ref. Borax, |
| 1500 do Red do do | 10 bbls Madder, |
| 2000 do Litharge, | 10 do Alum, |
| 1 [illegible] do English Venetian Red, | 10 do best Glue, |
| 2000 do Sp. Whiting, Gilders [illegible] | 5 do winter Sperm Oil, |
| 2000 do Putty in bladders, | 200 lbs Sp. Fl. Indigo, |
| 500 do Paris Green Dry, | 20 Reams Sand Paper, |
| 300 do do do in Oil, | 150 lbs Rose Pink, |
| 300 do Chrome " dry & in oil, | 600 do Sal Nitre. |
| 150 do " Yellow, | 6 bbls Alcohol, |
| 16 bbls Linseed Oil, | 40 do Cider Vinegar, |
| 10 do Spirits Turpentine, | 5 do Castor Oil, |
| 6 do Quercitron Copal Varnish. | 4 do Ground Ginger. |

ALSO,

500 Boxes Druggists' Glass Ware, Vials, Bottles 150 do Window Glass all sizes, city brands,

Fort Wayne, Dec. 22, 1849. y25.

## *Abdominal Supporters.*

JUST received a large supply of all the most approved styles of supporters, Trusses, and Shoulder Braces, for of's very cheap.

Nov. 17, 1849 H. B. REED.

## LOCKS.

A full assortment of Locks and Latches, just received and for sale cheap at

April 27, 1850. B. W. OAKLEY'S.

INDIANA

## LAND AND TAX AGENCY.

THE subscriber, proprietor of the above Agency, will continue the business of a

*"GENERAL LAND AGENCY"*

in all its various branches, and tenders his services to the public for the *Sale of Lands, Investigation of Titles, Payment of Taxes, Procuring of Patents*, and other services pertaining to a systematic and General Land Agency Business. He is provided with numerous and accurate Maps of different counties, and of the State—has personally visited the greater portion of Northern Indiana, and has numerous and careful correspondents, and is therefore prepared to furnish extensive and thorough information with regard to the ownership, soil, location and value of lands, which will be afforded gratuitously to all who desire such information.

As agent for the owner, he offers for sale large bodies of valuable Land, well adapted to farming purposes, situate as follows:

| | Acres. | | Acres. |
|---|---|---|---|
| Allen County | 18,703 | Noble County | 6,647 |
| DeKalb " | 7,024 | Whitley " | 8,688 |
| Steuben " | 9,868 | Huntington " | 5,364 |
| Lagrange " | 985 | Wabash " | 7,703 |
| Kosciusko " | 5,480 | Miami " | 827 |
| Blackford " | 2,774 | Carrol " | 320 |
| Jay " | 586 | Cass " | 640 |
| Wells " | 2,420 | Fulton " | 1,920 |
| Adams " | 996 | Marshall " | 327 |
| Elkhart " | 729 | White " | 1,547 |
| Fountain " | 1,648 | Montgomery " | 720 |
| Putnam " | 897 | Clinton " | 897 |
| Parke " | 535 | Marion " | 320 |

The above lands will be sold for cash, or a part cash and the remainder on a reasonable credit. Title rendered indisputable.

He also offers for sale

*Several Valuable Improved Farms.*

in the counties of ALLEN, HUNTINGTON, NOBLE, and WABASH and a large number of

## Town Lots

in the towns of FORT WAYNE, HUNTINGTON, LAGRO, WABASH, PERU and MARION. Prompt attention will be given to all communications from persons desiring to purchase.

Office at the sign of the "INDIANA LAND AGENCY," on Calhoun Street. JOHN HOUGH, Jr.

Fort Wayne, February 3, 1849. y31.

## ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW.

E. A. McMAHON, *Attorney and Counsellor at Law, Fort Wayne, Ia.*, will practice in the courts of this (12th) Judicial circuit, and in the Supreme Court of the State, and the Circuit Court of the United States at Indianapolis. OFFICE Front room in the second story of Foellinger's new building,—corner of Main and Calhoun streets,—where he can be consulted—during the usual business hours—by persons who feel it their interest to have his services.

Dec. 25, 1849. y26

I. H. BEECHER. W. LAWRENCE.

BEECHER & LAWRENCE, *Attorneys and Counsellors at Law*, Fort Wayne, Ind. OFFICE—Over B. Sherrod's Store, on the Corner of Columbia and Calhoun Streets. Will attend to COLLECTIONS, and all kinds of WRITING, LAND AGENCIES, &c., &c. y25.

B. F. COLERICK. [1849.] W. H. WITHERS.

COLERICK & WITHERS. *Attorneys and Counsellors at Law, and General Land and Tax Agents*, Fort Wayne, Indiana. Will attend to the Collection, and Securing of Debts, and Examination of TITLES, &c., in Indiana.

*** OFFICE—Room No. 1, Court House.

Nov. 17, 1849. 20—y.

WM. W. CARSON, *Attorney and Counsellor at Law*, Fort Wayne, Indiana. Will practice in the Courts of the 12th Judicial Circuit, Ind., and will also attend with promptness to any business entrusted to his care.

REFERENCES.

Hon. David McDonald } *Professors of Law*
" William T. Otto, } *Indiana University.*
Samuel Hanna, *Fort Wayne.*
Thos. Hamilton, "
Allen Hamilton, "
Samuel L. Rugg, *Decatur.*

*** OFFICE—On Clinton Street, two doors north of the Bank. y35

JOHN G. WALPOLE, *Attorney at Law*, Fort Wayne, Ind., will attend to any business entrusted to his care in the Court of Allen County, and in the Supreme and U. S. Court at Indianapolis.

Office on Calhoun Street, over B. Smith's store.

Sept. 30, 1848. y13.

G. L. SITES, *Attorney and Counsellor at Law*, Fort Wayne, Indiana. He will practice law in the Courts of the 12th Judicial Circuit, and will attend with promptness to any business entrusted to his care. OFFICE—Removed to room over T. K. Brackenridge's Store, corner Main and Calhoun st. 1y17.

F. P. RANDALL, *Attorney and Counsellor at Law, and Master in Chancery*, Fort Wayne Indiana. OFFICE on Clinton street, two doors south of H. Colerick's Brick Store

R. BRACKENRIDGE, Jun., *Attorney and Counsellor at Law*, Fort Wayne, Indiana. Will attend to the Collection, Adjustment, or Securing of Debts, the payment of Taxes purchase and sale of lands, and examination of Titles in any part of Indiana.

REFERENCES.

Messrs. W. G. & G. W. Ewing, *Fort Wayne.*
" A. Hamilton, "
" S. Hanna, "
" Hugh McCulloch, "
" Alfred Harrison, *Indianapolis.*
" Richard Suydam, *New York.*
" W. Hyslop, "
" Alex. Keven, "
" Jas. Jamieson, "
" J. D. & C. Jones, *Cincinnati, Ohio.*

OFFICE near the Bank north of the Treasurer's Office

M. JENKINSON, Attorney at Law, &c. ANTHONY F. YAGER, Dr. of Laws & German Advocate

MR. JENKINSON informs his friends and the public generally, that he has formed a law co-partnership with Anthony F. Yager, Esq., who has been in the practice for twelve years in Germany. Their firm will be conducted under the name of Jenkinson & Yager. They will attend with promptness to all business entrusted to their care in the courts of Indiana, to making and translating of documents, powers of attorney, and other letters mandatory, deeds, mortgages, &c., in the English, German and French languages, to the examination of land titles in Northern Indiana, collection, adjustment, and securing of debts, payment of taxes, purchase and sale of lands, &c. Mr. Yager especially offers his services to his German countrymen in all kinds of legal business and correspondences, as well as the collection of money in Germany, where his numerous and careful correspondents, in every part of that country, will enable him to accomplish all such mandates.

REFERENCES:

Allen Hamilton, Esq., F. & J. Nirdlinger.
Samuel Hanna, Esq. Dr Webner.
Hon. Judge W. Borden. George Mayer, Esq.

Fort Wayne, Ia., August 25, 1849. y8.

## MEDICAL NOTICES.

DRS. AYRES & ROWAN will give their attention to the practice of Medicine and Surgery in Fort Wayne and the surrounding country and will at any hour promptly attend those who may wish their services.

Office, next door to Hill, Wilson & Co's store. Residence, on Clinton Street, two doors north of Washington st.

Fort Wayne, Dec 7, 1846.

DR. C. E. STURGIS, continues the practice of Medicine and Surgery at his office on Calhoun street. Those requiring his services will meet with prompt attention.

Fort Wayne, August 16th, 1847. tf3

DR. ROBERT McNEILL (late Surgeon in the United States Volunteer Service in Mexico) offers his professional services to the citizens of Fort Wayne and vicinity.—In addition to his experience in the army, he has had the advantage of several years' private practice in the West, and will be found familiar with the diseases incident to the western country.

He may be found at his office on Calhoun street, above T. K. Brackenridge's Store, or at the Spencer House, and will be happy to attend to any business entrusted to him, and at all times when not professionally engaged.

Fort Wayne, July 6, 1849. 6m1.

DOCTOR JONES having returned from Mexico, may be consulted by his friends at his Office, on Main Street, north of the Treasurer's Office, *Fort Wayne.*

August 12, 1848. y6

## *Note Paper and Envelopes.*

A large and splendid lot of various descriptions on hand and for sale.

C. L. HILL.

READ! READ!! READ!!!

## Huff's Pulmonary Balsam

### TRIUMPHANT,

AFTER the skill of several physicians had been baffled for ten years. Notice the date of this letter.

VERNON, In., Dec. 5, 1849.

MR. C. HUFF—*Dear Sir*: I take pleasure in certifying that I have used Huff's Pulmonic Balsam for Coughs, Colds, &c., with the happiest effect.

My mother was cured of a severe Pulmonary disease, which had baffled the skill of several physicians, FOR TEN YEARS, with *two bottles of the Balsam.*

I regard it as one of the best medicines now in use for Pulmonic Complaints, and as such would recommend it.

Yours, truly, C. K. JOHNSON,
Editor & Proprietor of Vernon, In., Democrat.

The proprietor has so much confidence in the virtue and efficacy of this inestimable medicine, and it has proved entirely successful in so many desperate cases, that he

VOLUNTARILY GUARANTEES,

that if no relief is obtained, after using it strictly according to directions for 24 or 36 hours,

THE MONEY WILL BE CHEERFULLY REFUNDED upon the bottle being returned: and all agents are hereby authorised TO DO THE SAME.

Price $1 per bottle: 6 bottles for $5.

For sale, wholesale or retail, by

JAMES B. SHOAFF,
47 Sole Agent for Allen Co.

# STOVES &c.

IMPERIAL, *United States, Troy, Joe Davy Hathaway, Quackenbuss, Washington and Eagle* Hot Air Cook Stoves. Also the *Troy Victory* and *Jewett & Root's* new pattern Premium—warranted. Also,

*Parlour, Dining Room*, Ten and Six Plates, all sizes, from 3 to $15.

Also a new and beautiful article, called *Dining Flue Grates*, for burning wood or coal, and affording all the pleasures of a fire-place.

The above assortment is the largest and best selected ever brought to this market, and are offered at wholesale or retail on the most reasonable terms.

HARDWARE.—A large addition has been made to our stock, and cannot fail to give satisfaction in quality and price.

TIN WARE.—A heavy stock on hand and ready for orders. Jobbing in Sheet Iron, Copper or Tin Plate done to order and with promptness and dispatch.

Old Copper, Ginseng, Beeswax, Rags, &c. taken in exchange for goods.

N. B.—Country merchants who want from 10 to 50 Stoves for their trade can be supplied on terms as low as they can be had in the Eastern markets. The trade supplied with Copper, Tin Plate, Sheet Iron, Wire, &c., &c.

B. W. OAKLEY.
September 29, 1849 13y

## NEW DRUG STORE.

### WATSON WALL & CO.

*64 Calhoun Street, next door to Peter Kiser's.*

ARE now opening a full and complete stock of

## Drugs, Medicines,

*Chemicals, Dye Stuffs, Glassware, Oils, Surgical Instruments, Perfumery, Wines, Brandy, &c., &c.*

fresh and of the best quality, selected with care in New York, Philadelphia, and Pittsburgh, which we offer to the medical profession and public generally confident of their being pure and unadulterated. Among which are

| | |
|---|---|
| 60 lbs. Eng. Calomel, extra. | 30 lbs. Cantharides, |
| 50 " Blue Mass, " | 20 " " powd. |
| 100 " Turkish Opium opt. | 20 " Fresh Ergot. |
| 100 oz. John Farr's Quinine. | 3 bbls Camphor. |
| 20 " Sulph. Acet. Morphine | 6 " Epsom Salts. |
| 30 lbs. Pulv. Jalap. | 1 " Af. Cayenne Pepper. |
| 10 " " Ipecac. | 2 " Sup. Carb. Soda. |
| 50 " " Rhenbarb opt. | 3 boxes Tartaric Acid. |
| 20 " Rad Rhei. | 100 lbs. Aqua Ammonia. |
| 10 " Irish Moss (picked.) | 100 " Spts Nitre. |
| 40 " Gum Arabic (white.) | 50 " Sulph. Ether. |
| 10 " India Senna. | 200 " Soc. Aloes. |
| 100 " Alex. " | 30 " Oil Origanum. |
| 100 " Spigilia. | 20 " Peppermint. |

Among a variety of CHEMICALS, to which we invite the attention of the medical profession, are

| | |
|---|---|
| Ferrocyanuret Quinine. | Iodide Lead (Carrica.) |
| Valerianat " | " Arsenic. |
| Citrate " | Sulph. Hyd. Rub. |
| Emetine | Proto Iodide Mer. |
| Elaterium | Bin Iodide " |
| Succinic Acid. | Pure Nitrate Silver. |
| Tartrate Iron. | " " " chrystals. |
| Citrate Iron— | Tannic Acid. |
| Tart. Iron and Potassa. | Chloric Ether. |
| Tartrate Potassa. | Cod Liver Oil (pure.) |
| Cyanuret Potassa. | |

To our friends and the public generally who are fond of a good CIGAR, we can offer a variety to suit all tastes.

| | |
|---|---|
| 10,000 Colorados. | 5,000 Semiramis. |
| 5,000 Cazaduras. | 10,000 La Norma. |
| 5,000 Regalias. | 5,000 La Flora. |

300 lbs. good Cavendish TOBACCO.

We would invite the attention of *Cabinet Makers, Painters and Country Merchants* to examine our stock of PAINTS, &c., &c., before purchasing elsewhere, as we would like to show them

| | |
|---|---|
| 1000 lbs. best Eng. Ven. Red. | 100 lbs. Ferra do Sienna. |
| 2000 " 2d quality " " | 10 packs good Gold Leaf. |
| 100 " Turkish Umber. | 200 papers Bronze, assorted colors. |
| 300 kegs Pure White Lead. | 10 bbls Turpentine. |
| 200 " No. 1 " " | |
| 2 bbls. Copal Varnish of Queen City V. Company. | |
| 2 " Japan Dryer " " " | |
| 10 " Linseed Oil from Dayton Mills. | |

and any quantity of Whiting, Window Glass Putty, Alum, Indigo, Copperas, Madder, &c. which we will be pleased to sell low for cash.

Also, on hand, for medical purposes, a choice article of WINES, BRANDY, &c.

| | |
|---|---|
| 2 bbls. best Otard pale Brandy. | 2 " Mountain Malaga. |
| 1 " " dark " | 1 " real Kirshenwasser Whiskey. |
| 3 " " Cogniac " | |
| 2 " Port Wine (Charrier.) | 1 " Pure Jin Hollands. |
| 2 " 2d quality Port Wine. | 1 " Jamaica Rum. |
| 2 " South side Maderia. | |

We could offer thousands of other articles in our line, but have no wish to occupy the newspaper ourselves, nor pay heavily for advertising. We expect to sell at a light profit, as we will convince those who favor us with a call.

WATSON WALL & Co.
Dec. 7, '49. y23 Druggists, Fort Wayne

## Valuable Lands for Sale.

THE undersigned have on hand a large quantity of the choicest LANDS in Northern Indiana; Improved and unimproved, located in the counties of Allen, Adams, Wells, Huntington, Whitley, Noble, Steuben and DeKalb, and offer them

*For Sale on the Most Reasonable Terms.*

They have also a number of improved and unimproved LOTS in this city, which they will dispose of on terms that cannot fail to suit purchasers. Persons desirous of

### Purchasing Lands or Town Lots,

will do well to give them a call before making arrangements elsewhere.

N. B. Lands shown and descriptions given, *free of charge*, by application at our office at the Court House.

COLERICK & WITHERS,
General Land and Tax Agents.
Fort Wayne Nov. 22, 1849. 21y

PHYSICIANS' & Family Prescriptions carefully prepared by day and by night, at the OLD DRUG STORE.

SAMUEL EDSALL tenders his respects to all persons indebted to him, and takes this method of informing them that *no longer indulgence can be given.* His notes, books, &c. are kept in the office over S. & W. S. Edsall's store, where either himself or Mr. Sinclear will at all times be in readiness to effect settlements. All interested will please attend to this call and save costs.

Fort Wayne, Jan. 9, 1850. 28-tf

## SELECT SCHOOL.

MISS S. J. MARKLE has opened a SELECT School, in the Brick Building in the rear of the 1st Presbyterian Church, on Barr Street. She will give instruction in the following branches, and at the terms named:

Reading, Writing, and Arithmetic, $2,00 per quarter.

Grammar, Rhetoric, Geography, History, Physiology; Natural, Mental, and Moral Philosophy Chemistry, Botany, Algebra, Geometry, and Astronomy, $4,00 per quarter.

Quarter commenced Wednesday, April 24th.

Fort Wayne, April 27, 1850. 43tf.

## WESTERN MILITARY INSTITUTE.

BOARD OF VISITORS.

THE *Adjutant General*, together with five fit persons, to be annually appointed by the Executive, to attend Examinations at least once in the year, according to law.

FACULTY.

INCORPORATED with all the powers, privileges and rights exercised by the *Trustees* and *Faculty* of any other College.

COL. T. F. JOHNSON, *General Superintendent*; [Educated at West Point.
COL. E. W. MORGAN, *Joint Superintendent, and Professor of Civil and Military Engineering*; [Educated at West Point
LIEUT. COL. B. R. JOHNSON, *Professor of Mathematics*; [Educated at West Point.
MAJ. RICHARD OWEN, *Professor of Natural Science*; [A pupil of Dr. Ure, of Glasgow.
Mr. ALEX. SCHUE, *Adjunct Professor of Chemistry*; [For 18 months a pupil of the celebrated Liebig.
REV. H. V. D. NEVIUS A. M., *Professor of Ancient Languages*; [Educated at Princeton College, N. J.
JAMES G. BLAINE, A. B., *Adjunct Professor of Languages.* [Educated at Washington College, Pa.
JAMES H. DAVIESS, Esq., *Professor of Law*; [A practitioner in the various Courts of Kentucky.
REV. J. R. SWIFT, *Professor of Ethics and Belles Lettres*; [Educated at Yale College.
Mr. E. A. CAMBRAY, *Professor of Modern Languages.* [Educated in the City of Paris.
CAPT. C. E. MOTT, *Principal of the Academy.* [Educated in New York.
CAPT. W. W. GAUNT, *Adjutant of the Institute.*

Two hundred and seventy Cadets, from eighteen different States, have entered this Institution since it was organized, in 1847. It is entirely free from the control or domination of any sect or party, either political or religious. Economy in dress, by the adoption of a cheap Uniform, for Winter and Summer, is rigidly enforced. Every student is required to select a College Guardian, with whom all funds brought or received must be deposited, and no debt must be contracted without the consent of such guardian.

CIVIL ENGINEERING

Will be *thoroughly* and *practically* taught in the Western Military Institute—the Professor, Col. MORGAN, being one of the most skillful and experienced Engineers in the United States. He was for a long time the Principal Assistant Engineer of Pennsylvania, after receiving the highest honors of the U. S. Military Academy at West Point. All the instruments connected with that department have been procured at considerable cost, and of the best quality.

The Superintendent takes the liberty of stating that he is now offered seventy-five dollars per month for competent assistant Engineers. One of his former pupils receives at this time $2,500 per annum as Principal Engineer of a Railroad now under construction in Kentucky—whilst others of the same class are receiving in different parts of the United States, $2000, $1500, and $1200 a year as assistant Engineers.

The rapid advancement of our whole country, and the eagerness of our people for exploring the hidden resources of the new States and the newly acquired territory, will give ample room for ages to come, to the skill and enterprise of the Engineer, the Geologist, the Mineralogist, the Surveyor, and the Architect. Young men who have an *aptitude* for the Mathematical and Physical sciences, will have a wide field opened to them for engaging in an honorable, a healthful and a lucrative pursuit, for which they may be thoroughly and practically qualified, in a short time, and at small expense, at the Western Military Institute.

To secure the manifold advantage of health, economy, discipline, progress and moral training, the Faculty of this Institution have selected for its permanent location the famous

BLUE LICK SPRINGS,

situate on the Lexington and Maysville Turnpike, twenty-four miles from the latter place, and forty from the former; emphatically a *country location*, being ten or twelve miles distant from any town or village. The buildings are mostly new, well constructed for Garrison purposes, and *ample for the accommodation of Three Hundred Cadets.* This location is unsurpassed for its healthy atmosphere, pure water and romantic scenery; and is, unquestionably, one of the most eligible locations for a Literary Institution in the United States. The grounds have been greatly improved and ornamented during the last five years. A plat of *forty acres*, beautifully situated on the *margin of the Licking River*, immediately in the rear of the buildings, will be reserved for Military Exercises. The removal will be made immediately after Christmas, and the School opened at that place *on the 7th day of January, 1850.* Vacation will embrace the months of July and August, by which arrangement the Watering Season will not interfere with the exercises of the Institution.

The Academic Year extends from the first Monday of September to the third Friday of June—Forty weeks.

TERMS:

The entire charge for Tuition, Boarding, Lodging, Washing, Fuel, Lights, Blacking, Servants' attendance, Music, use of Arms, &c. &c. will be $100 per year. Payments will be required in advance, at that rate, from the day of entrance to the end of the term. From the first Monday of January—for example—to the third Friday of June, (twenty-four weeks) it is $96.

Cadets from a great distance, who prefer remaining in Kentucky during vacation, can find the most comfortable Boarding in the families of our wealthy Farmers, at $1,50 per week. Southern or Western Students may land at Louisville and take Stage, Steamboat, or Railroad to Frankfort, and Lexington: thence in four horse coaches to the Blue Licks. Or, they may ascend the Ohio to Maysville, which is three hours stage from the Springs.

☞ This place is furnished with commodious Baths, and is abundantly supplied with Freestone, Limestone and Cistern water of the best quality, independent of the Sulphur Springs, and the Salts and Sulphur Springs.

Georgetown, Ky., October 29, 1849. y—5

## Cash *for* 20,000 Bushels *OF WHEAT,*

## At the Empire Mills.

WE are prepared to pay CASH and the HIGHEST PRICE for 20,000 bushels of good merchantable Wheat.

Farmers and Teamsters will save themselves much trouble and expense by driving directly up to the STONE MILLS and unloading; they will always get the highest price, and avoid the annoyance of being pestered by the barkers and whipper snappers from the Stores, who now infest our streets and are such a bore to all who bring wheat to our market. We are not much given to boasting; but as some of our neighbors are talking of wanting 10,000 bushels of wheat we would inform wheat raisers that we can take in 20,000; as our Mill, besides being the best, is the biggest, the highest, and the strongest in the country. We have a convenient WAGON-YARD and STABLE, for teams coming to the Mill, and a HOUSE for the Teamsters; we always furnish feed for the horses, and occasionally throw in Supper and Breakfast for their drivers. This is nothing new with us—we have always thought it our duty to do so, and should not now mention it if our neighbors had not set the example.

We keep constantly on hand FLOUR OF THE BEST QUALITY and all kinds of Mill Stuff; and promptly grind every thing in the shape of Custom Work—always excepting White Oak Tan Bark, or the surface of the Poor

SAMUEL EDSALL,
*Empire Mills, at the Aqueduct.*
Fort Wayne, Sept 6, 1845 10tf

## Land for sale.

THE subscriber offers for sale on accommodating terms, several valuable tracts of improved and wild lands, situated in Allen county. Persons wishing to settle in this county, would find this a favorable opportunity to procure farms. THOS. HAMILTON.

**500** BOXES Pittsburgh GLASSWARE and *Druggist's Furniture*; also a large stock of WINDOW GLASS, all sizes, for sale at a very small advance. H. B. REED.

## FANCY ARTICLES.

LUBIN'S Extracts, Bandoline, German Cologne, Moon Fan, Antique Oil, Philocome, Olophane, Rouge, Porte Monaies, Paint Boxes, Glove and Hdkf. Boxes, Perfumery Boxes, Smelling Bottles, &c., &c., just received by

Nov. 17, 1849. H. B. REED.